



Q1'09 Results Roadshow

June 2-6, 2009 London & St. Petersburg

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Q1'09 Highlights

Positives

- Strong financial results in Q1'09:
 - EBITDA USD 2.3 bln
 - Net income USD 2.1 bln
 - Operating cash flow USD 2.4 bln
 - Free cash flow USD 1.1 bln
 - Net debt decreased by USD 2.0 bln
- Q-o-q cost reductions of 20-40%
- Credit profile transformed
- Capital expenditures lower per guidance
- Optimization of crude and product flows to address domestic market dislocations

Challenges, Priorities

Q1'09

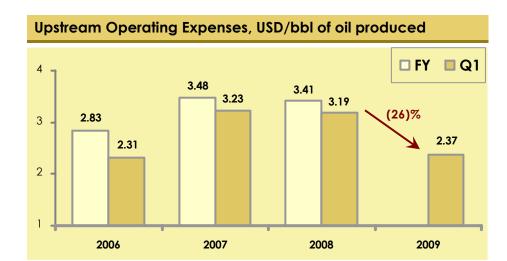
- Unstable domestic demand and falling prices
- Growing transportation tariffs

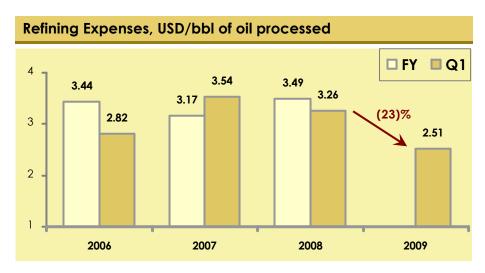
Q2-Q4'09

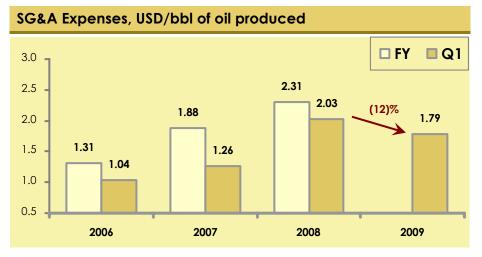
- Financial discipline and reduction of real costs
- Meeting 2009 Business plan targets
 - Positive FCF
 - Production growth
- Participate in continuing discussion to update tax regime
- Continue to optimize downstream activities, grow higher margin sales
- Strategic plan update considering Russian energy strategy and current macroeconomic environment

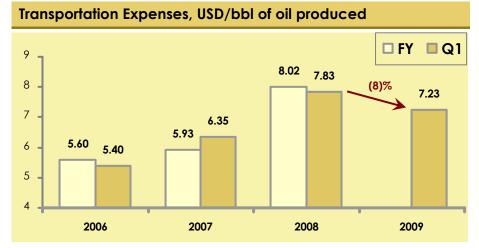


Expenses Reduced









Upstream operating expenses include materials and electricity, workover, wages and salaries, and cost of transport to a trunk pipeline.

Selling, general and administrative expenses include payroll at headquarters and management-related subsidiaries, payroll of top management of operating subsidiaries, audit & consulting expenses, bad debt allowance and other costs.

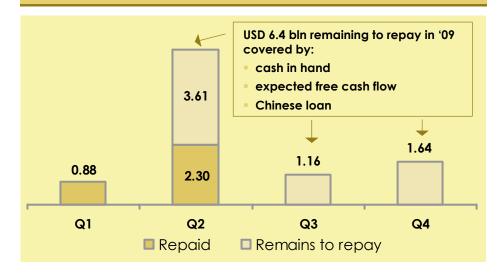


New Credit Profile: Enhanced Fundamentals, Unrivalled Flexibility

Credit Profile Transformed

- Refinancing burden overcome:
 - USD 9.6 bln to repay in 2009
 - USD 3.2 bln already completed
 - Chinese Ioan: USD 10 bln available in 2009,
 0.8 bln received by May 28, 2009
- Cash flow positive, track record of debt reduction
- Low interest costs (net of USD 58 mln in Q1'09)
- Low leverage levels (Net Debt / EBITDA)
 - 1.2 at year end 2008
 - ~1.5-1.7 projected at year end 2009
- Already lowest cost expense base
- Tax reform progress, upside
- Unrivalled reserve and resource base

2009 Refinancing Completed



Key Terms of Chinese Loan

- USD 15 bln
- 5-year grace period, 20-year final maturity
- Crude export contract for 20 years
- Crude to be sold at market prices
- Unprecedented low borrowing costs

Repayment amounts are net of debt-related short-term investments (promissory notes and REPO cash deposit) and do not include possible repayments of Yukos-related debt, debt of subsidiary banks, debt to affiliated companies, as well as accrued interests. The calculation is based on the RUR/USD rate as of March 31, 2009.



2009: Key Considerations

Prudent Business Plan

- Free Cash Flow generation at USD 47 Urals, 30.5 USD/RUB
- Cost reductions, enhanced cost control
- Capex flat in RuR, more stringent prioritization in favor of quick returns
- Upstream production: +2%
- Refining volumes flat

Off to a good start

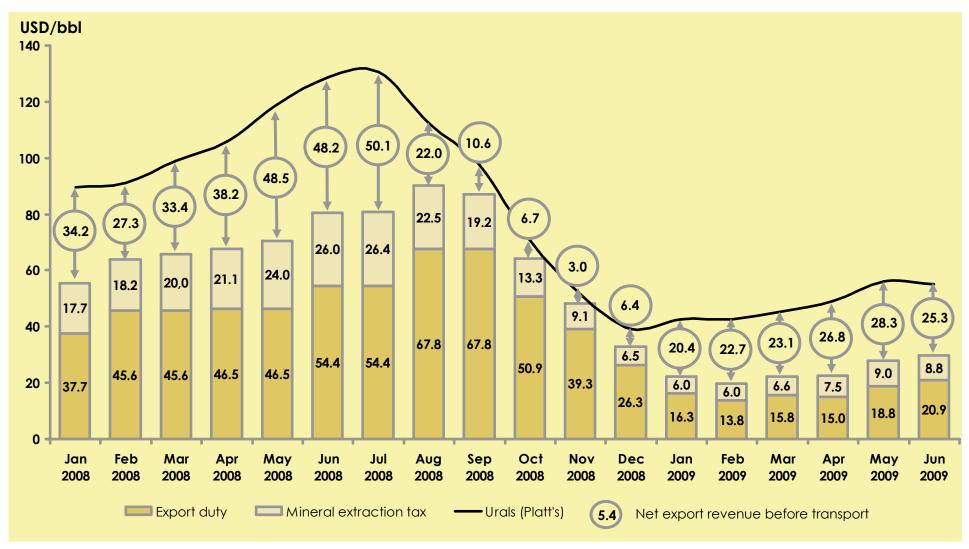
- Solid Q1
- Costs lower
- Taxes normalized (export duty)
- Export and domestic netbacks on the rise

Keys to watch

- Oil price vs. USD/RUB, inflation following devaluation
- Further tax improvements to reduce investment risks, better align state and industry
- Monopoly tariffs



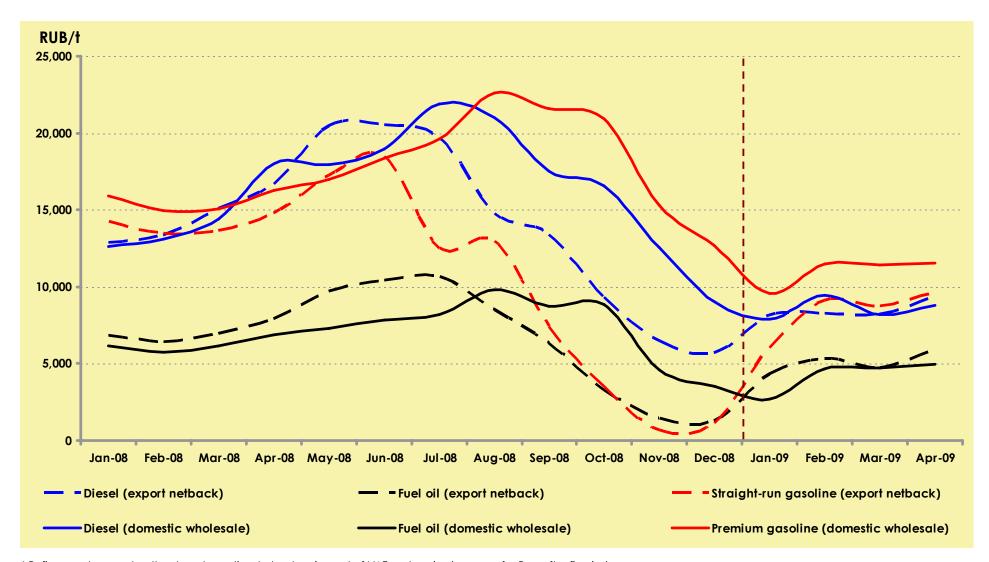
Net Revenue of an Oil Exporter in 2008-2009



Assuming Urals of USD 55 per barrel in June 2009.



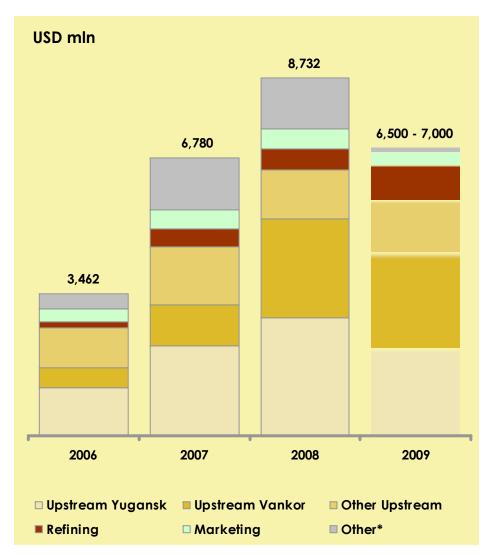
Petroleum Product Prices in 2008-2009 (Rosneft Refineries)*

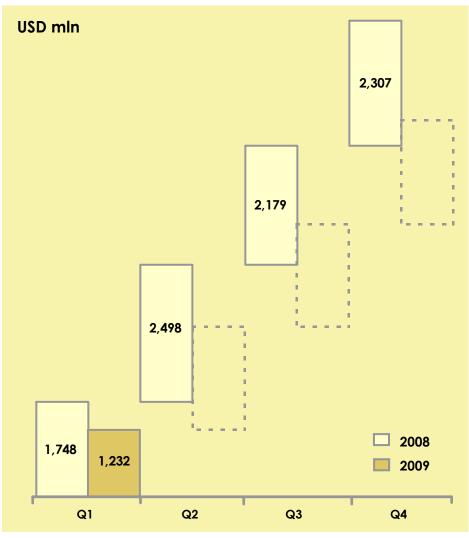


^{*} Refinery-gate export netback or domestic wholesale price net of VAT and excise (average for Rosneft refineries).



Capital Expenditures

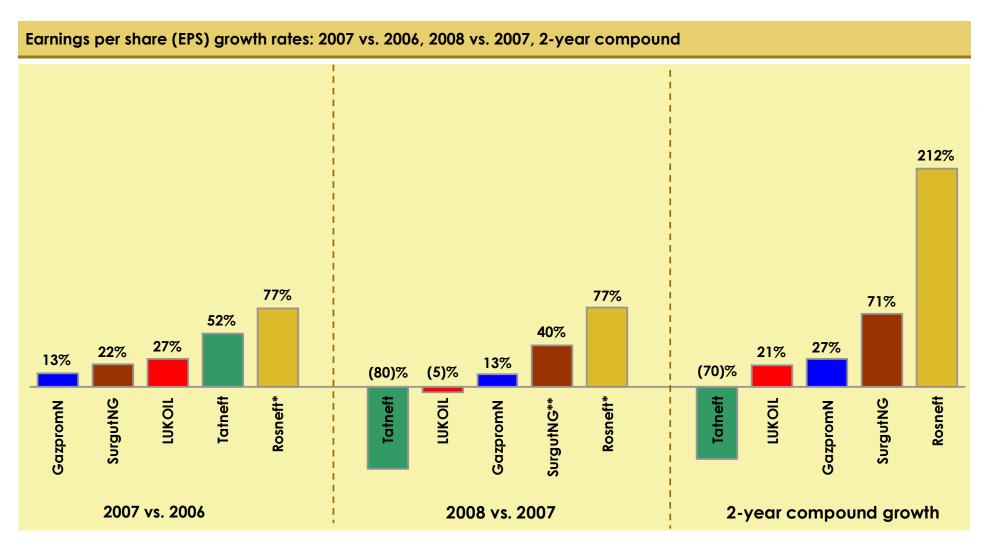




^{*} Includes net increase in construction materials, capex of the holding company and capex acquired with Yukos assets (in 2007).



Consistently Leading Earnings Growth Since IPO

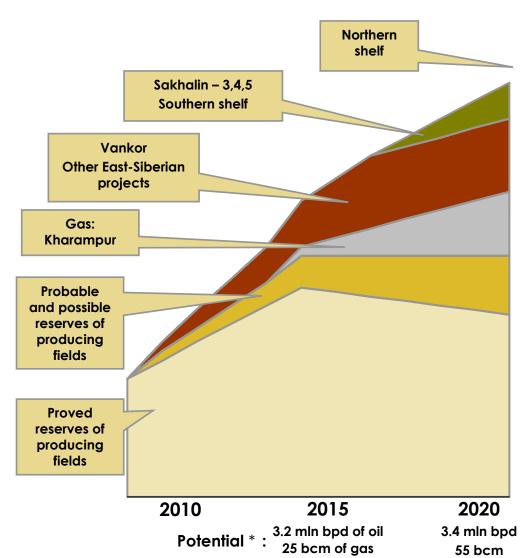


^{*} Adjusted (reduced) for net income from Yukos bankruptcy.

^{**} Analysts' average estimate



Visible, Low Risk Growth Profile



2010–2014	Reserves, bin bbi (100%)		Status / Challenges	
	SPE 2P	ABC ₁ +C ₂	<u> </u>	
YNG	16.3	15.9	Plateau not reached	
Vankor	3.2	3.8	To be launched in 2H'09	
Purneftegaz (oil)	3.2	5.7	To complete gas utilization projects	
Purneftegaz (gas, bcm)	865	1,535	To agree with Gazprom on gas sales	
VSNK	0.5	2.5	Test production at Yurubcheno- Tokhomskoe field	
Verkhnechonsk- neftegaz	1.3	1.5	Launched at the end of 2008	
Sakhalin-1	1.0	1.9	Develop Odoptu field	
Total, bin boe	30.6	40.3		

2015 and onward Resources, bin bbi (100%)		Status / Challenges		
Licensed areas around Vankor field	3.9			
Licensed areas in the Irkutsk region	5.7	Exploration / Continue exploration and find commercial reserves		
Russian Far East	7.1	ana iina commerciai reserves		
Southern Russia	7.6			
Total	24.3			

^{*} Subject to future taxation and transportation tariffs.



Progress on Tax Regime

Oct-Nov 08 Feb 09 **Sep 08** Jul 06 Jul-Aug 06 **Jul 08** Rosneft **Mineral Extraction** Export duty reduced to New tax proposals Mineral Extraction Tax **Export duty reduced IPO** Tax holidays in East declared during the to USD 372.2/t from USD 287.3/t from formula reviewed, rate meeting in Kirishi: Siberia (Republic of reduced by USD 1.3/bbl October 1 (should November 1 (should Sakha (Yakutia), have been changed to have been changed Irkutsk region, Mineral Extraction Tax to USD 483/t) USD 483/t) Zero export duty on Krasnoyarsk holidays (to the north of East Siberian crude oil FCF effect in territory) the Polar Circle, offshore November 2008 -Azov and Caspian seas, FCF effect USD 0.7 bln Nenets autonomous in October 2008 – **Zero Mineral** Profit-based taxation district, the Yamal **Extraction Tax rate** USD 0.5 bln for new fields Peninsula) for high-viscosity **Export duty further** crude reduced to Cancellation of USD 192.1/t from **Equalization of export** requirement to use **Reduced Mineral** duties on light and December 1 direct method of oil **Extraction Tax rate** heavy products volumes calculation for FCF effect in for fields depleted starting from 2012 December fields depleted by more by more than 80% USD 0.5 bln than 80% In effect since **Shortened depreciation January 1, 2007** Income tax reduced period for oil and gas from 24% to 20% assets (effective since January 1, 2009) In effect since January 1, 2009



Best in Class Transparency, IR Effort

Consistently enhancing disclosure



IPO and bond prospectus



Quarterly US GAAP, MD&A



Investor presentations, conference calls



New website

Recent awards

S&P Transparency & Disclosure Rankings

- 2nd in 2008
- 10th in 2007
- 12th in 2006





IR Magazine (October '08)

- Best Overall IR for Large Cap in Russia & CIS
- Best Annual Report& Corporate Literature
- 4 other awards



Multiple awards for website



Rosneft: Emerging Super-NOC

National Oil Company

- Access to resources
- Access to M&A
- Insulation from political risk
- Access to policy-makers
- Cooperation with the State

Super-Major

- Capital discipline
- Cost efficiency
- Shareholder value creation
- Corporate governance
- Transparency





Rosneft Q1'09 US GAAP Financial Results

Appendix



Macroeconomic Environment

	Q1'09	Q1'08	Δ, %	Q4'08	Δ, %
RUB/USD	33.93	24.26	+39.9%	27.27	+24.4%
%	5.4%	4.8%		2.7%	
%	(21.2)%	20.8%		(5.3)%	
USD/bbl	43.7	93.3	(53.2)%	54.1	(19.3)%
USD/tonne	402.1	882.7	(54.4)%	555.6	(27.6)%
USD/tonne	228.9	445.1	(48.6)%	246.6	(7.2)%
USD/tonne	402.0	770.9	(47.9)%	624.3	(35.6)%
USD/tonne	356.2	667.9	(46.7)%	496.4	(28.2)%
	% USD/bbl USD/tonne USD/tonne USD/tonne	RUB/USD 33.93 % 5.4% % (21.2)% USD/bbl 43.7 USD/tonne 402.1 USD/tonne 228.9 USD/tonne 402.0	RUB/USD 33.93 24.26 % 5.4% 4.8% % (21.2)% 20.8% USD/bbl 43.7 93.3 USD/tonne 402.1 882.7 USD/tonne 228.9 445.1 USD/tonne 402.0 770.9	RUB/USD 33.93 24.26 +39.9% % 5.4% 4.8% % (21.2)% 20.8% USD/bbl 43.7 93.3 (53.2)% USD/tonne 402.1 882.7 (54.4)% USD/tonne 228.9 445.1 (48.6)% USD/tonne 402.0 770.9 (47.9)%	RUB/USD 33.93 24.26 +39.9% 27.27 % 5.4% 4.8% 2.7% % (21.2)% 20.8% (5.3)% USD/bbl 43.7 93.3 (53.2)% 54.1 USD/tonne 402.1 882.7 (54.4)% 555.6 USD/tonne 228.9 445.1 (48.6)% 246.6 USD/tonne 402.0 770.9 (47.9)% 624.3

^{*} Excluding VAT, including excise.



Q1'09 Results Overview

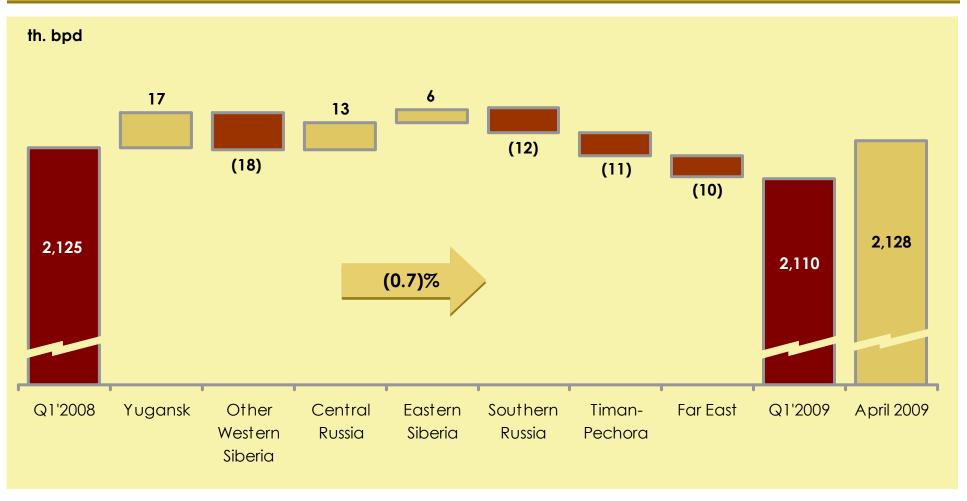
	Q1'09	Q1'08	Δ, %	Q4'08	Δ, %
Daily crude oil production, th. bpd	2,110	2,125	(0.7)%	2,127	(0.8)%
Gas production, bcm	3.35	3.39	(1.2)%	3.32	0.9%
Petroleum product output, mln t	11.60	11.96	(3.0)%	11.46	1.2%
Revenues, USD mln	8,264	16,368	(49.5)%	10,799	(23.5)%
EBITDA, USD mln	2,318	4,698	(50.7)%	32	x72
Net Income, USD mln	2,060	2,564	(19.7)%	775	165.8%
Operating cash flow, USD mln	2,366	4,505	(47.5)%	602	293.0%
Free cash flow, USD mln	1,134	2,748	(58.7)%	(1,705)	
Net debt ¹ , USD mln	19,239	23,575	(18.4)%	21,283	(9.6)%

¹ Net debt is adjusted for cash deposits and short-term promissory notes matched to debt maturity profile (reflected as short-term investments in the financial statements) of USD 2,598 mln as of March 31, 2009 and USD 1,513 mln as of December 31, 2008.



Daily Crude Oil Production

Rosneft Daily Crude Oil Production Reconciliation, Q1`09 vs. Q1`08

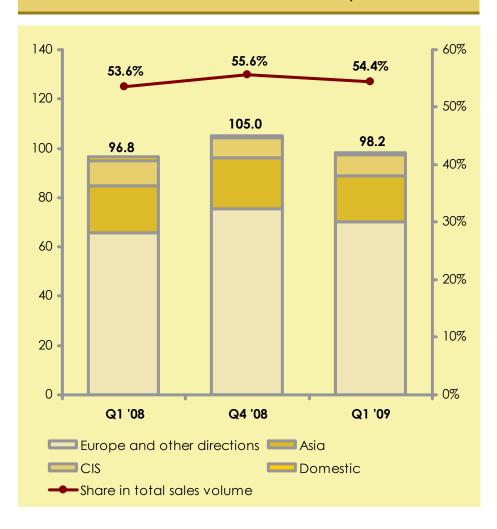


The decrease in crude oil production is due to abnormally low temperatures in the Western Siberia in February, which hindered well turnarounds .

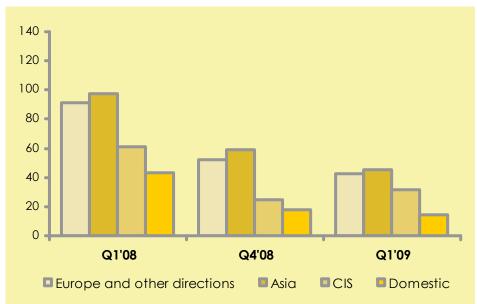


Crude Oil Sales

Crude Oil and Condensate Sales Volumes, mln bbl



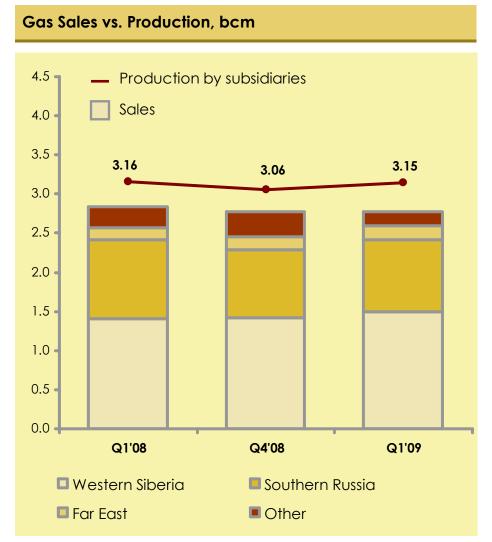
Average Prices, USD/bbl

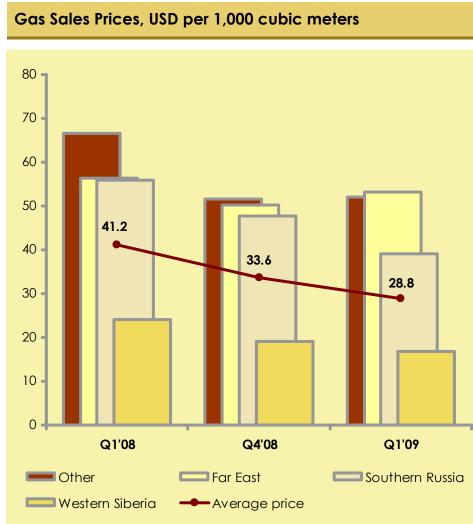


	Q1'08	Q4'08	Q1'09
		USD/bbl	
Average Brent (Platts)	96.90	54.91	44.40
Urals (average Med+NWE) (Platts)	93.33	54.06	43.65
Rosneft export			
Europe and other directions	91.59	51.98	42.52
Asia	97.28	59.08	45.17



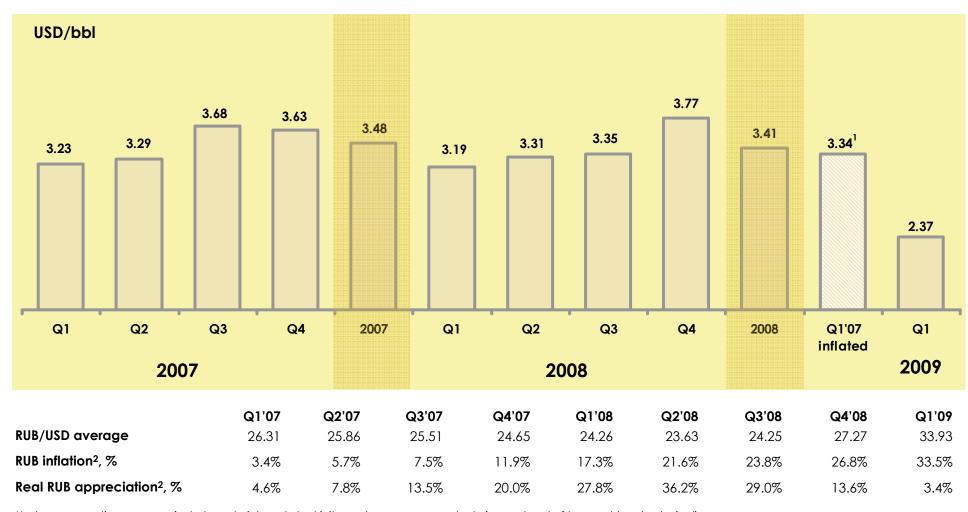
Gas Production and Sales







Upstream Operating Expenses



Upstream operating expenses include materials and electricity, workover, wages and salaries, and cost of transport to a trunk pipeline.

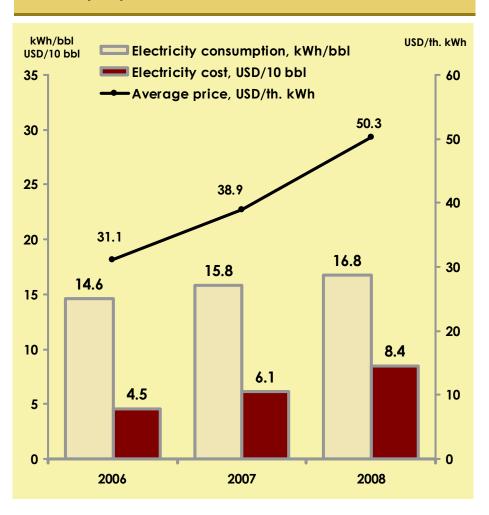
¹ Q1'07 inflated by real RUB appreciation since the beginning of 2007.

² Cumulative from 01.01.2007

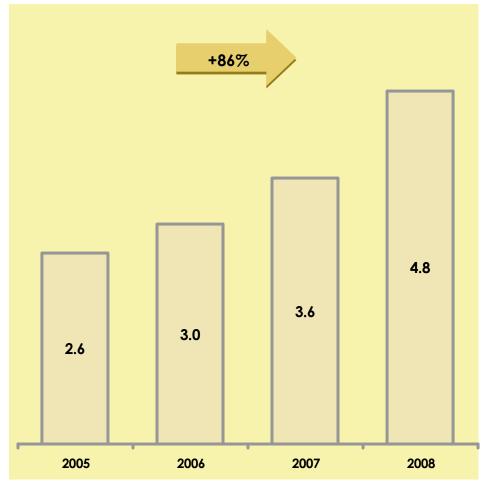


Growth in Monopoly Tariffs

Electricity expenses of Rosneft's subsidiaries

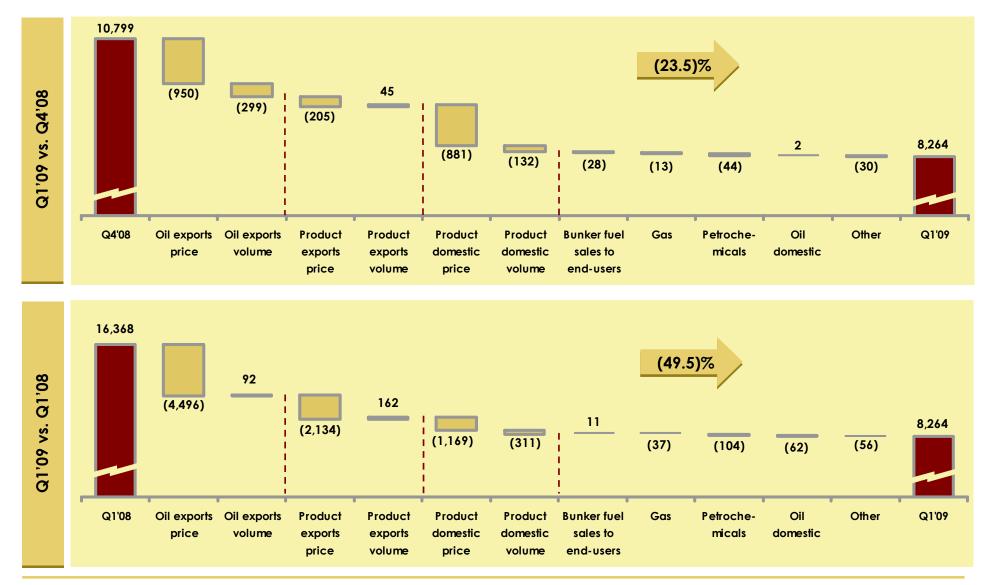


Transneft system crude transportation cost: Yugansk to Novorossiysk, USD per bbl





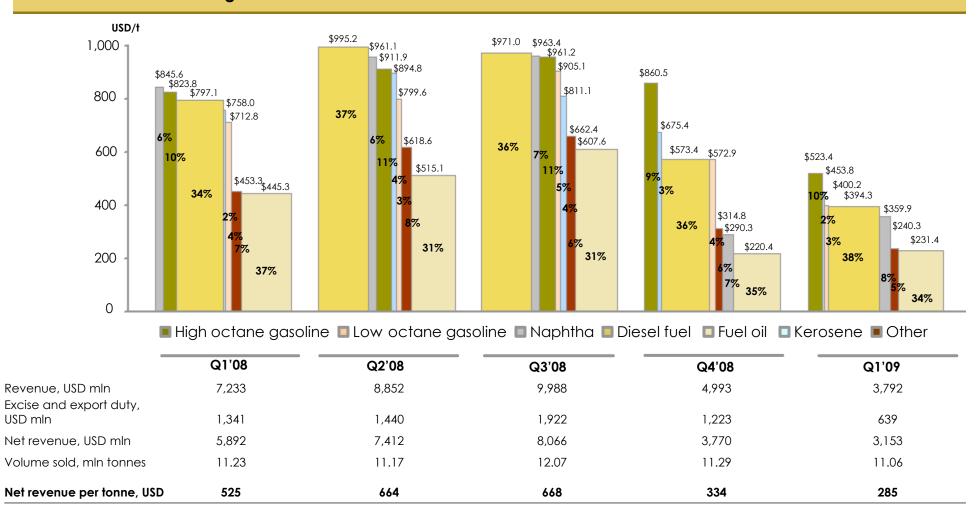
Revenues Reconciliation, USD mln





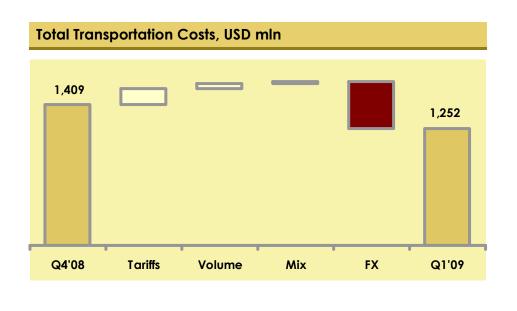
Petroleum Product Revenues

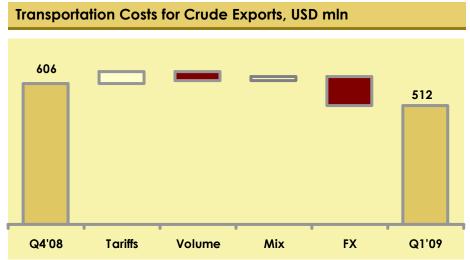
Petroleum Products: Average Prices and Volume Breakdown

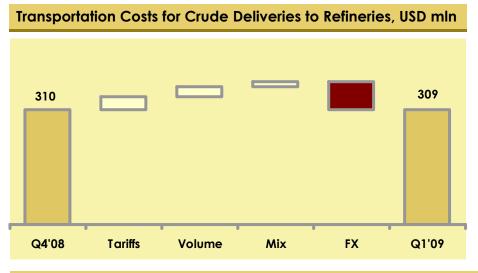


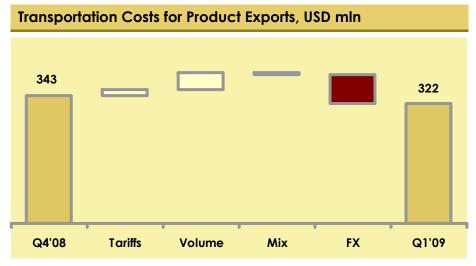


Transportation Costs, Factor Analysis: Q1'09 vs. Q4'08



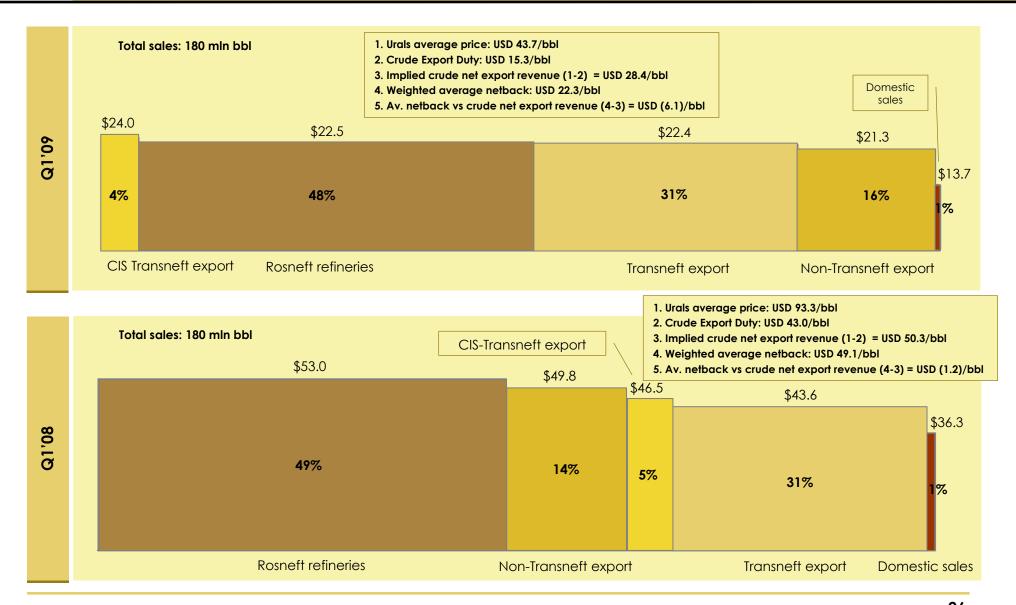








Netback Ladder





FX Gains and Losses

FX gain/loss in Income Statement = effect of foreign exchange rate movement on the average monetary position denominated in currencies other than USD (rubles for Rosneft)

FX gain in Q1`09

	31.12.08		31.03	31.03.09		FX
	RUB mln	equivalent in USD mln	RUB mln	equivalent in USD mln	monetary position, RUB mln	(gain)/loss*, USD mln
1) Assets:	374,776	12,756	386,596	11,366	380,686	1,764
Cash and investments	50,035	1,703	67,823	1,994	58,929	273
Receivables	176,252	5,999	180,781	5,315	178,516	827
Inventories	42,161	1,435	46,428	1,365	44,295	205
Non-current assets	34,581	1,177	38,367	1,128	36,474	169
Deferred tax	7,933	270	11,939	351	9,936	47
Advances, bank loans and other	63,814	2,172	41,258	1,213	52,536	243
2) Liabilities:	(550,177)	(18,726)	(555,337)	(16,327)	(552,757)	(2,562)
Deferred tax	(152,073)	(5,176)	(153,230)	(4,505)	(152,652)	(708)
Payables	(123,104)	(4,190)	(134,149)	(3,944)	(128,626)	(596)
Debt	(211,010)	(7,182)	(205,373)	(6,038)	(208,191)	(965)
Other liabilities	(63,990)	(2,178)	(62,585)	(1,840)	(63,288)	(293)
Net monetary position (1+2)	(175,401)	(5,970)	(168,741)	(4,961)	(172,071)	
FX (gain)/loss (1+2)						(798)

^{*} Average monetary position at the exchange rate as of the beginning of the quarter minus average monetary position at the exchange rate as of the end of the quarter.



Current Income Tax in Q1'09

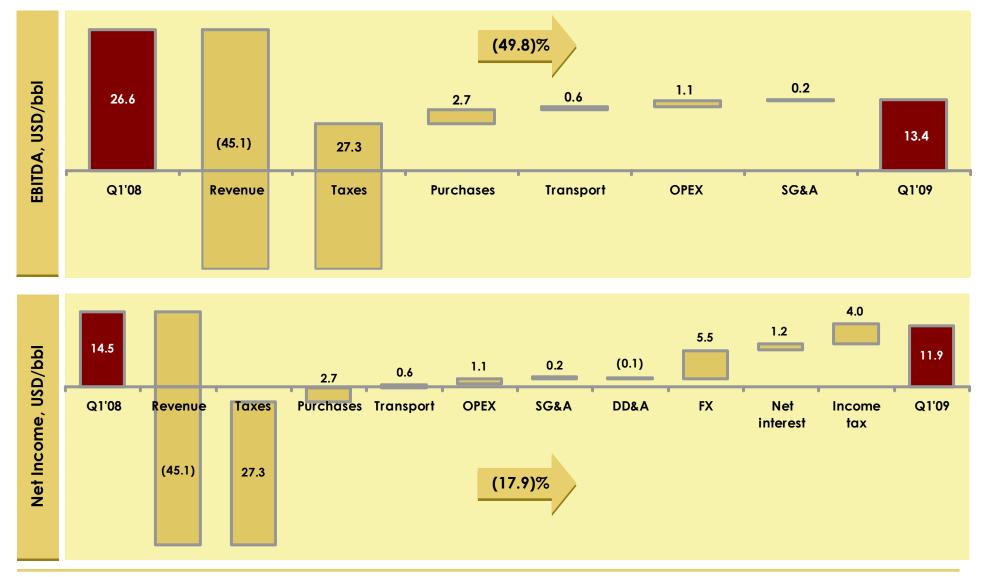
	Pretax income USD mln	Current income tax USD mln	Effective current rate %
RAS			
Pretax income	823	183	22%
Pretax loss	(426)	-	-
Total pretax income	397	183	46%
Reconciliation to GAAP			
RAS FOREX loss	1,774	-	-
GAAP FOREX gain	798	-	-
Difference between RAS and GAAP DD&A	(622)	-	-
Other GAAP adjustments (mainly different exploration expenses and export duty methodology, and previous periods income tax adjustment in GAAP)	(135)	16	-
GAAP pretax income	2,212	198	9 %

Rosneft does not pay taxes based on its consolidated income before taxes under Russian law. Income tax is calculated for each subsidiary based on its profits in accordance with the Russian tax code. As the holding structures of the Company had a pretax loss in Q1'09 due to FX loss, the effective current income tax rate for Rosneft Group of companies was 46%.

US GAAP effective current income tax rate differs from RAS effective current tax rate due to different FOREX effects, DD&A, exploration expenses and other minor GAAP adjustments.

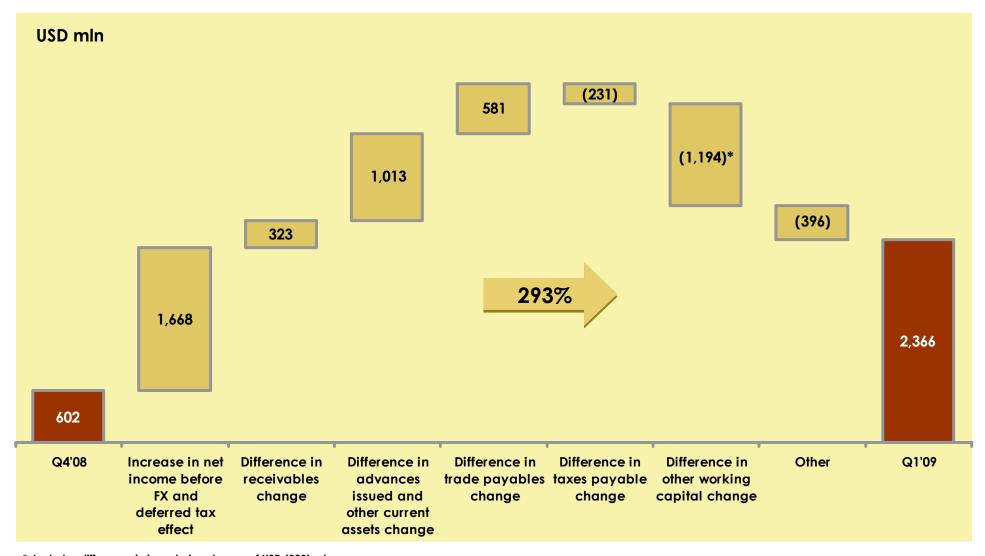


EBITDA and Net Income per bbl Reconciliation: Q1'09 vs. Q1'08





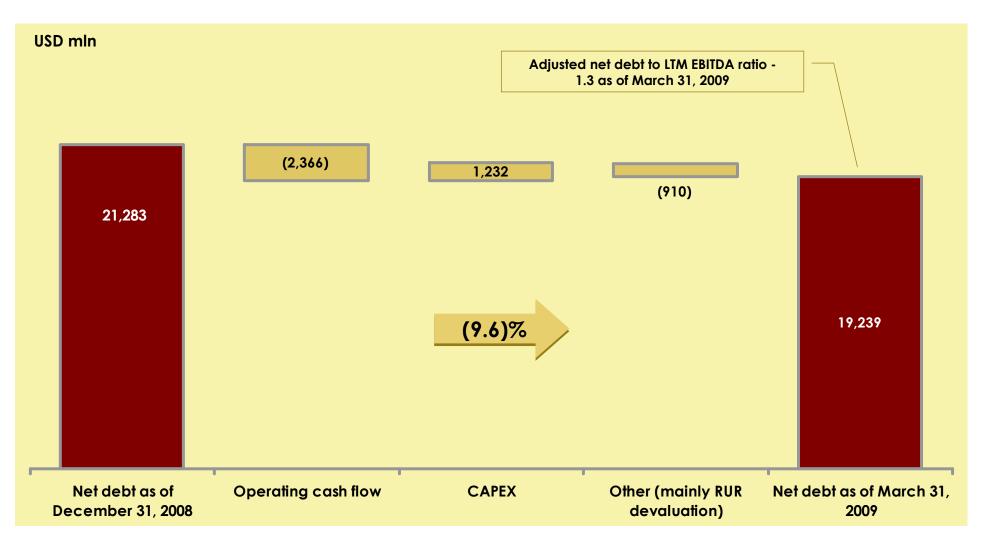
Operating Cash Flow Reconciliation: Q1'09 vs Q4'08



^{*} Includes difference in inventories change of USD (809) mln.



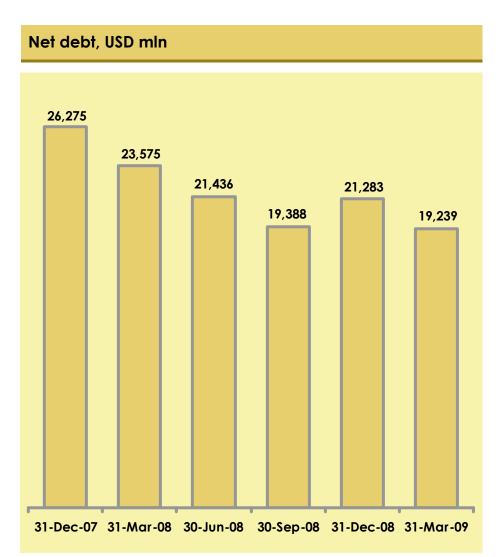
Net Debt Reconciliation

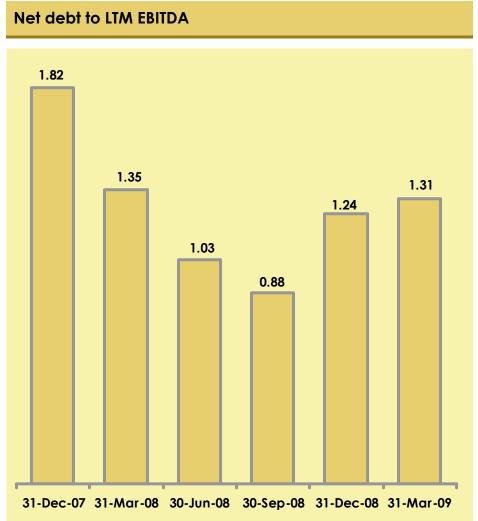


Net debt is adjusted for cash deposits and short-term promissory notes matched to debt maturity profile (reflected as short-term investments in the financial statements) of USD 2,598 mln as of March 31, 2009 and USD 1,513 mln as of December 31, 2008.



Reduction of Net Debt

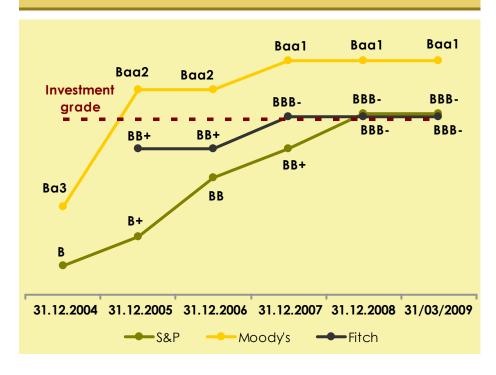




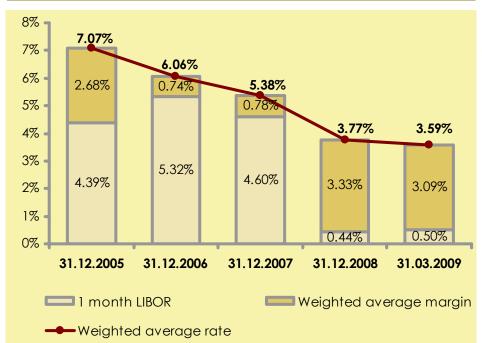


Credit Ratings and Weighted Average Cost of Borrowing

Improving Credit Ratings



Weighted Average Cost of Borrowing



- Ratings flat despite global economic downturn
- Investment grade rating from all the three major agencies
- Successful debt refinancing and reduction of weighted average cost of debt (increase in margin reflects larger share of ruble denominated borrowing)
- Strict observance of covenants
- Finalization of the Chinese loan



Cost Reduction Program: Key Priorities

I. Reducing non-controllable costs

- Lower tax burden
- Lower natural monopoly tariffs (transportation, electricity)

II. Reducing capital expenditures

- Prioritizing capital expenditures (short payback period, compliance with Rosneft's Strategy)
- Reducing costs of construction, materials and equipment

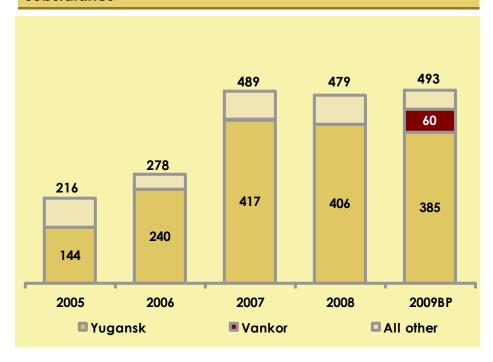
III. Reducing operating expenses

- Reducing, and improving the efficiency of, resource use (fuel and lubricants, electricity, etc.)
- Reducing prices of materials and services
- Headcount optimization
- Cutting administrative expenses
- Reducing debt and interest expenses
- Reducing the number of entities and related expenses



Drilling Activity, Productivity

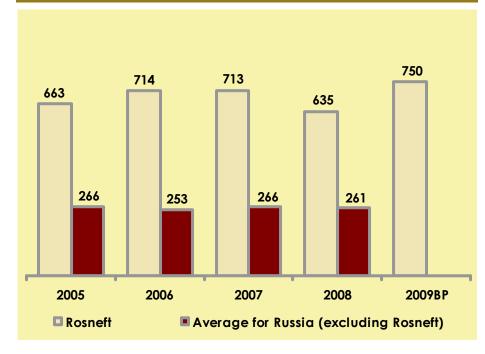
New production wells* put into operation by Rosneft's subsidiaries



- 2009 drilling plan optimized to focus on
 - most productive assets
 - shortest payback period
 - high NPV at higher discount rate

to compensate for risk of rising costs, transportation tariffs, falling oil price and limited access to cheap financing

Average flow rate of Rosnett's new wells, bpd

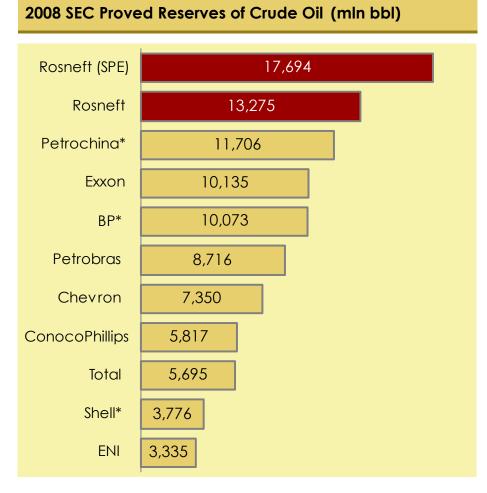


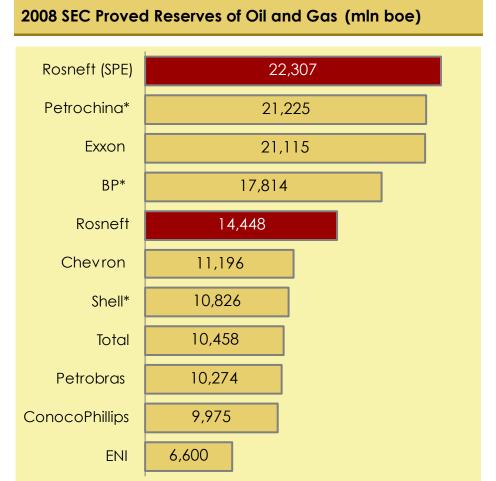
- Average flow rate of Rosneft's new wells is more than 2 times higher than the Russia's average
- Flow rates decreased in 2008 (mainly at YuganskNG)
- Trend to reverse back up in 2009
 - Vankor well productivity projected at 6x Rosneft's average

^{*} Excluding injection wells.



Confirming Reserves Leadership



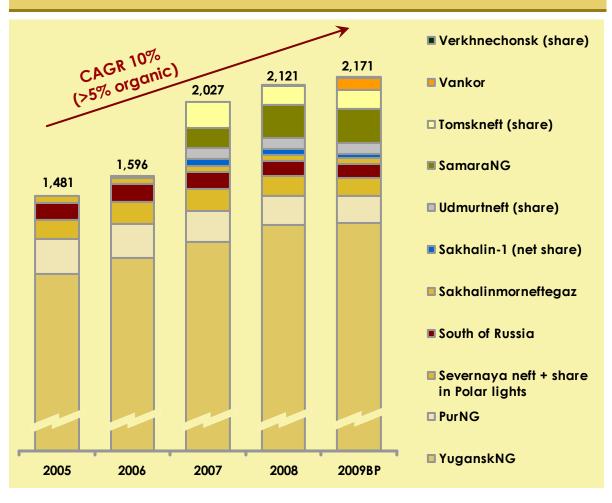


SPE proved hydrocarbon reserve replacement ratio in 2008 = $\frac{172}{\%}$ crude oil reserve replacement ratio = $\frac{123}{\%}$



Five Years of Industry Leading Volume Growth

Rosneft Daily Crude Oil Production Under US GAAP, th. bpd



5 years of industry leading growth:

- Rosneft's CAGR 2005–2009: 10%
 - organic: > 5%
- Russia's CAGR: < 1%</p>
 - assumed (0.6)% in 2009
- International peers*: (1.3)%

^{*} Exxon, BP, Shell, Total, Eni, Chevron, Conoco, PetroChina.