

INTERIM CONDENSED
CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL
STATEMENTS
AND REPORT ON REVIEW OF
INTERIM CONDENSED
CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL
STATEMENTS

30 SEPTEMBER 2016

INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND REPORT ON REVIEW

CONTENTS

36

REF	PORT ON REVIEW OF INTERIM CONDENSED C	ONS	SOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 1
INTE INTE	ERIM CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHEIT CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL FERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW ERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN	NSIVI POSIT S	E INCOME
SEL	ECTED NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED	CO	NSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
1. 2.	Principal Activities		
DEL	VING INTO NUMBERS	RIS	K
	Analysis by Segment		Operating Environment of the Group
GRO	OUP STRUCTURE	OFF	F BALANCE-SHEET ITEMS
28.29.	Business Combinations and Disposal of Subsidiaries	30. 31.	Contingencies and Commitments
OTH	HER INFORMATION		
32 33. 34. 35.	Related Party Transactions		51 51



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Report on review of interim condensed consolidated financial statements

To the Shareholders and Supervisory Council of VTB Bank (PJSC)

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying interim condensed consolidated financial statements of VTB Bank (PJSC) ("the Bank") and its subsidiaries (together the "Group"), which comprise the interim consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 September 2016 and the related interim consolidated income statement, the interim consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the three and nine-month periods then ended, statements of cash flows and changes in shareholders' equity for the nine-month period then ended and selected explanatory notes. Management of the Bank is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements in accordance with IAS 34, Interim Financial Reporting. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these interim condensed consolidated financial statements based on our review.

Scope of review

We conducted our review in accordance with International Standard on Review Engagements 2410, Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity. A review of interim condensed consolidated financial statements consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying interim condensed consolidated financial statements are not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with IAS 34, Interim Financial Reporting.

14 November 2016

Ernst & Young LLC

Moscow, Russia

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE THREE-MONTH AND NINE-MONTH PERIODS ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER (UNAUDITED) (IN BILLIONS OF RUSSIAN ROUBLES)

		For the three-mont ended 30 Se	h period	For nine-mon ended 30 S	th period	Change f	
	Note	2016	2015	2016	2015	three- month period	nine- month period
Interest income	4	274.1	275.2	832.5	809.9	-0.4%	2.8%
Interest expense	4	(167.5)	(186.8)	(513.6)	(607.4)	-10.3%	-15.4%
Payments to deposit insurance system Net interest income	4 4	(3.2) 103.4	(2.5) 85.9	(8.5) 310.4	(6.5) 196.0	28.0% 20.4%	30.8% 58.4%
Provision charge for impairment of debt financial	14, 15,						
assets Net interest income after provision for impairment	16, 24	(30.0) 73.4	(55.3) 30.6	(95.9) 214.5	(128.9) 67.1	-45.8% 139.9%	-25.6% 219.7%
Net fee and commission income	5	19.3	21.4	55.9	54.0	-9.8%	3.5%
Gains net of losses arising from financial instruments							
at fair value through profit or loss	6	0.3	11.4	12.2	29.9	-97.4%	-59.2%
Gains net of losses / (losses net of gains) from investment financial assets available-for-sale	16	2.7	(0.6)	5.9	(0.2)	550.0%	3,050.0%
(Losses net of gains) / gains net of losses arising from	7	(2.2)	0.0	(17.0)	22.2	207 E0/	100 60/
foreign currencies Losses net of gains on initial recognition of financial	,	(2.3)	0.8	(17.9)	22.2	-387.5%	-180.6%
instruments and other gains on loans and advances		(0.2)	(0.4)	(0.4)	(4.4)	100.00/	60.60/
to customers Share in profit of associates and joint ventures		(0.2) 0.9	(0.1) 1.9	(0.4) 2.7	(1.1) 4.0	100.0% -52.6%	-63.6% -32.5%
Gain from disposal of subsidiaries and associates		0.1	0.8	3.5	0.7	-87.5%	400.0%
Gains net of losses/(losses net of gains) arising from extinguishment of liabilities		(1.4)	(1.0)	0.5	(1.0)	40.0%	150.0%
Provision charge for impairment of other assets, credit related commitments and legal claims	9, 30	(13.8)	(1.7)	(50.8)	(8.0)	711.8%	535.0%
Other operating income	3, 30	6.5	5.2	18.6	14.4	25.0%	29.2%
Non-interest (losses)/gains		(7.2)	16.7	(25.7)	60.9	-143.1%	-142.2%
Net insurance premiums earned Net insurance claims incurred, movement in liabilities		12.1	11.7	45.9	71.2	3.4%	-35.5%
to policyholders and acquisition costs		(9.2)	(12.2)	(37.9)	(71.0)	-24.6%	-46.6%
Revenues less expenses from insurance activity		2.9	(0.5)	8.0	0.2	680.0%	3,900.0%
Revenue from other non-banking activities Cost of sales and other expenses from other non-		6.7	6.1	19.3	18.6	9.8%	3.8%
banking activities Impairment of land, premises and intangible assets		(7.9)	(8.1)	(25.0)	(25.7)	-2.5%	-2.7%
other than goodwill used in non-banking activities		_	-	(0.5)	-	n/a	n/a
Net (loss) gain from change in fair value of investment property recognised on revaluation		2.7	2.8	(2.3)	(9.6)	-3.6%	-76.0%
Revenues less expenses from other non-banking operations		1.5	0.8	(8.5)	, ,	07.50/	40.40/
Other operating expense		(9.6)	(3.0)	(28.8)	(16.7) (8.6)	87.5% 220.0%	-49.1% 234.9%
Impairment of land, premises and intangible assets		(3.0)	(3.0)	(20.0)	(0.0)	220.070	204.070
other than goodwill	0	(55.0)		(1.0)	(404.4)	n/a	n/a
Staff costs and administrative expenses Non-interest expenses	8	(55.3) (64.9)	(55.6) (58.6)	(171.6) (201.4)	(161.4) (170.0)	-0.5% 10.8%	6.3% 18.5%
Profit/(loss) before tax		25.0	10.4	42.8	(4.5)	140.4%	1,051.1%
Income tax expense	10	(6.3)	(4.3)	(16.4)	(4.8)	46.5%	241.7%
Net profit/(loss) after tax Profit/(loss) after tax from subsidiaries acquired		18.7	6.1	26.4	(9.3)	206.6%	383.9%
exclusively with a view to resale			0.1	7.7	(1.6)	-100.0%	581.3%
Net profit/(loss)		18.7	6.2	34.1	(10.9)	201.6%	412.8%
Net profit/(loss) attributable to:							
Shareholders of the parent		19.3	7.6	37.0	(4.2)	153.9%	981.0%
Non-controlling interests Basic and diluted earnings per share		(0.6)	(1.4)	(2.9)	(6.7)	-57.1%	-56.7%
(expressed in Russian roubles per share)	34	0.00149	0.00065	0.00242	(0.00108)	129.2%	324.1%
Basic and diluted earnings per share before profit after tax from subsidiaries acquired exclusively with a view							
to resale (expressed in Russian roubles per share)	34	0.00149	0.00064	0.00182	(0.00096)	132.8%	289.6%

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE THREE-MONTH AND NINE-MONTH PERIODS ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER (UNAUDITED) (IN BILLIONS OF RUSSIAN ROUBLES)

	For th three-month ended 30 Sep	period	For th nine-month ended 30 Se	period
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Net profit/(loss)	18.7	6.2	34.1	(10.9)
Other comprehensive income/(loss)				
Other comprehensive income/(loss) to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:	t			
Net result on financial assets available-for-sale, net of tax	5.5	(0.6)	7.4	4.9
Cash flow hedges, net of tax	(0.1)	0.2	(8.0)	0.1
Share of other comprehensive (loss)/income of associates and joint ventures	(0.3)	3.6	(2.1)	3.0
Effect of translation, net of tax	(0.2)	12.0	(21.9)	(1.1)
Total other comprehensive (loss)/income to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods	4.9	15.2	(17.4)	6.9
Other comprehensive income/(loss) not to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:				
Actuarial (losses net of gains)/gains net of losses arising from difference between pension plan assets and obligations	-	-	(1.2)	0.2
Total other comprehensive (loss)/income not to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods	_	_	(1.2)	0.2
Other comprehensive (loss)/income, net of tax	4.9	15.2	(18.6)	7.1
Total comprehensive income/(loss)	23.6	21.4	15.5	(3.8)
Total comprehensive income/(loss) attributable to:				
Shareholders of the parent	24.1	22.4	19.0	2.6
Non-controlling interests	(0.5)	(1.0)	(3.5)	(6.4)

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2016 (IN BILLIONS OF RUSSIAN ROUBLES)

	Note	30 September 2016 (unaudited)	31 December 2015	Change
ASSETS				
Cash and short-term funds	11	507.8	570.7	-11.0%
Mandatory cash balances with central banks	•	92.8	70.8	31.1%
Non-derivative financial assets at fair value through profit or loss,				
including pledged under repurchase agreements	12	240.5	308.1	-21.9%
- Non-derivative financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		211.2	237.1	-10.9%
- Non-derivative financial assets at fair value through profit or loss,		20.2	71.0	-58.7%
pledged under repurchase agreements Derivative financial assets	13	29.3 206.5	304.8	-32.3%
Due from other banks, including pledged under repurchase agreements	14	916.5	1,358.2	-32.5%
- Due from other banks	17	902.4	1,353.2	-33.3%
- Due from other banks, pledged under repurchase agreements		14.1	5.0	182.0%
Loans and advances to customers, including pledged under repurchase				
agreements	15	8,708.1	9,437.5	-7.7%
- Loans and advances to customers		8,562.1	8,827.7	-3.0%
 Loans and advances to customers, pledged under repurchase 				
agreements		146.0	609.8	-76.1%
Investment financial assets, including pledged under repurchase	40	040.7	252.2	0.70/
agreements	16	343.7	353.3 259.3	-2.7%
- Investment financial assets		329.9 13.8	94.0	27.2% -85.3%
- Investment financial assets, pledged under repurchase agreements	17	96.3	104.3	-7.7%
Investments in associates and joint ventures Assets of disposal groups held for sale	18	4.8	15.8	-69.6%
Land, premises and equipment	10	350.4	310.3	12.9%
Investment property		241.3	245.0	-1.5%
Goodwill and intangible assets		155.4	162.0	-4.1%
Deferred income tax asset		81.8	76.6	6.8%
Other assets		413.3	324.5	27.4%
Total assets		12,359.2	13,641.9	-9.4%
LIABILITIES Due to other banks	19	610.1	1,224.0	-50.2%
Customer deposits	20	8,000.9	7,267.0	10.1% -39.5%
Derivative financial liabilities Other borrowed funds	13 21	172.0 971.1	284.1 2,121.5	-54.2%
Debt securities issued	22	425.4	623.5	-31.8%
Liabilities of disposal groups held for sale	18	0.6	13.0	-95.4%
Deferred income tax liability		37.7	30.2	24.8%
Other liabilities		477.4	361.7	32.0%
Total liabilities before subordinated debt		10,695.2	11,925.0	-10.3%
Subordinated debt		241.9	262.8	-8.0%
Total liabilities		10,937.1	12,187.8	-10.3%
EQUITY				
Share capital		659.5	659.5	0.0%
Share premium		433.8	433.8	0.0%
Perpetual loan participation notes		142.1	164.0	-13.4% 0.0%
Treasury shares and bought back perpetual loan participation notes Other reserves	23	(2.9) 54.4	(2.9) 72.2	-24.7%
Retained earnings	23	131.0	127.6	2.7%
Equity attributable to shareholders of the parent		1,417.9	1,454.2	-2.5%
Non-controlling interests		4.2	(0.1)	-4,300.0%
Total equity		1,422.1	1,454.1	-2.2%
Total liabilities and equity		12,359.2	13,641.9	-9.4%

Approved for issue and signed on 14 November 2016.

A.L. Kostin

President - Chairman of the Management Board

Herbert Moos

Chief Financial Officer - Deputy Chairman of the Management Board

The notes № 1-36 form an integral part of these interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE NINE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER (UNAUDITED) (IN BILLIONS OF RUSSIAN ROUBLES)

For the nine-month period ended 30 September 2015 Note 2016 Cash flows from operating activities Interest received 827.4 788.1 Interest paid (516.3)(567.5)Payments to deposit insurance system (7.5)(6.5)(Losses)/gains on operations with financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (0.7)30.2 Income/(loss) received from extinguishment of liability 0.2 (0.4)Losses on dealing in foreign currency (158.2)(5.9)Fees and commissions received 79.2 69.8 Fees and commissions paid (16.1)(19.9)Other operating income received 17.8 14.7 Other operating expenses paid (12.6)(3.2)Staff costs, administrative expenses paid (159.2)(154.7)Income received from non-banking activities 31.5 28.2 Expenses paid in non-banking activities (28.6)(27.2)Net insurance premiums received 63.0 76.9 Net insurance claims paid (27.4)(68.9)Income tax paid (20.9)(13.0)Cash flows from operating activities before changes in operating assets and liabilities 67.8 144.5 Net decrease/(increase) in operating assets Net increase in mandatory cash balances with central banks (22.6)(0.4)Net decrease/(increase) in restricted cash 2.8 (0.4)Net decrease/(increase) in correspondent accounts in precious metals 2.3 (4.3)Net decrease in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss 42.3 83.8 Net decrease/(increase) in due from other banks 471.5 (425.9)Net decrease/(increase) in loans and advances to customers 37.6 (4.2)Net (increase)/ decrease in other assets (57.1)15.3 Net (decrease)/increase in operating liabilities Net (decrease)/increase in due to other banks (287.9)344.6 Net increase in customer deposits 1.056.8 1.346.0 Net decrease in debt securities issued other than bonds issued (78.5)(2.6)Net increase/(decrease) in other liabilities 43.0 (1.2)Net cash from operating activities 1,278.0 1,495.2 Cash flows used in investing activities Dividends and other distributions received 5.5 0.5 Proceeds from sales or maturities of investment financial assets available-for-sale 198.5 123.2 Purchase of investment financial assets available-for-sale (192.5)(111.5)Purchase of subsidiaries, net of cash 28 (10.9)Disposal of subsidiaries, net of cash 1.4 (0.9)Purchase of and contributions to associates (1.5)Proceeds from sale of associates 0.7 Purchase of investment financial assets held-to-maturity (32.0)(34.8)Proceeds from redemption of investment financial assets held-to-maturity 22.1 0.5 Purchase of land, premises and equipment (47.4)(34.5)Proceeds from sale of land, premises and equipment 3.5 2.7 Purchase or construction of investment property (6.2)(15.5)Proceeds from sale of investment property 3.0 3.5 Purchase of intangible assets (4.0)(3.8)Proceeds from sale of intangible assets 0.9 0.5 Net cash used in investing activities (59.7)(69.3)

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE NINE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER (UNAUDITED) (IN BILLIONS OF RUSSIAN ROUBLES) (CONTINUED)

For the nine-month period ended 30 September 2015 Note 2016 Cash flows from financing activities Dividends paid 24 (33.1)(18.0)Repayment of local bonds (69.9)(72.2)Buy-back of local bonds (21.2)(9.2)Proceeds from sale of previously bought-back local bonds 48.8 19.2 Repayment of Eurobonds (16.5)(243.1)Buy-back of Eurobonds (35.5)(8.7)Proceeds from sale of previously bought-back Eurobonds 5.1 21.3 Proceeds from syndicated loans 0.5 10.1 Repayment of syndicated loans (122.4)(16.5)Proceeds from other borrowings and funds from local central banks 9,127.6 1.976.1 Repayment of other borrowings and funds from local central banks (2,995.0)(10,338.6)Repayment of subordinated debt (26.2)(4.3) Buy-back of subordinated debt (8.9)8.5 Proceeds from sale of previously bought-back subordinated debt 17.7 Cash received from sale of treasury shares 10.9 (17.7)Cash paid for treasury shares (3.7)Proceeds from sale of non-controlling interests in subsidiaries 29 5.5 (0.4)Buy-back of perpetual loan participation notes (6.8)Proceeds from sale of previously bought-back perpetual loan participation notes 6.8 0.Ś Amounts paid on perpetual loan participation notes (7.1)(5.9)Net cash used in financing activities (1,246.8)(1,575.5) Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents 42.2 (29.3)Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents (57.8)(107.4)At the beginning of period 11 561.6 687.7 At the end of period 11 503.8 580.3

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY FOR THE NINE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER (UNAUDITED) (IN BILLIONS OF RUSSIAN ROUBLES)

	Share capital	Share premium	Perpetual loan participation notes	Treasury shares and bought back perpetual loan participation loan notes	Other reserves (Note 23)	Retained earnings	N Total	Ion-controlling interests	Total equity
Balance at 1 January 2015	352.1	433.8	126.6	(6.7)	42.8	169.3	1,117.9	13.1	1,131.0
Net result from treasury shares transactions Net result from treasury perpetual	-	-	-	4.3	-	2.3	6.6	-	6.6
loan participation notes transactions	-	-	-	0.1	-	0.1	0.2	-	0.2
Loss for the period	-	-	_	_		(4.2)	(4.2)	(6.7)	(10.9)
Other comprehensive income Total comprehensive income/ (loss) for the period	_	-	-	- -	6.7 6.7	0.1 (4.1)	6.8 2.6	0.3 (6.4)	7.1
Preference share issue Transfer of premises revaluation	307.4	-	-	_	-		307.4		307.4
reserve upon disposal or depreciation	-	_	_	_	(0.9)	0.9	=	-	
Share-based payments (Note 33) Acquisition of subsidiaries Acquisition of non-controlling	_	_	_	_	-	(0.5)	(0.5)	3.8	(0.5) 3.8
interests Amounts due and paid on perpetual loan participation	-	-	-	-	-	(0.1)	(0.1)	0.3	0.2
notes Foreign exchange translation of perpetual loan participation	-	-	-	-	-	(11.7)	(11.7)	-	(11.7)
notes Tax effect recognized on perpetual loan participation	-	-	22.4	-	-	(22.4)	-	-	-
notes Dividends declared (Note 24)	-	-	_	-		6.5 (18.0)	6.5 (18.0)		6.5 (18.0)
Balance at 30 September 2015	659.5	433.8	149.0	(2.3)	48.6	122.3	1,410.9	10.8	1,421.7
Balance at 1 January 2016	659.5	433.8	164.0	(2.9)	72.2	127.6	1,454.2	(0.1)	1,454.1
Profit/(loss) for the period Other comprehensive loss	-	-	-	_ _	(17.0)	37.0 (1.0)	37.0 (18.0)	(2.9) (0.6)	34.1 (18.6)
Total comprehensive income/ (loss) for the period	_	-	-	_	(17.0)	36.0	19.0	(3.5)	15.5
Transfer of premises revaluation reserve upon disposal or									
depreciation Share-based payments (Note 33) Increase in share capital of	_	_	-		(0.8)	0.8 (0.3)	(0.3)	Ξ	(0.3)
subsidiaries Acquisition of subsidiaries	_	_	_	_	_	_		0.7 1.0	0.7 1.0
Disposal of subsidiaries Sale of non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	_	(0.1)	(0.1)	_	(0.1)
(Note 29) Amounts paid on perpetual loan	-	-	-	-	-	(0.7)	(0.7)	6.1	5.4
participation notes Foreign exchange translation of perpetual loan participation	-	-	-	_	_	(7.1)	(7.1)	-	(7.1)
notes Tax effect recognized on	-	-	(21.9)	-	-	21.9	-	-	-
perpetual loan participation notes	_	_	_	_	_	(3.0)	(3.0)	_	(3.0)
Dividends declared (Note 24) Other distributions (Note 24)	_	_	=		=	(33.1) (11.0)	(33.1) (11.0)		(33.1) (11.0)

SELECTED NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

1. PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

VTB Bank and its subsidiaries (the "Group") comprise Russian and foreign commercial banks, insurance, leasing and other entities controlled by the Group.

VTB Bank, formerly known as Vneshtorgbank (the "Bank", or "VTB"), was formed as Russia's foreign trade bank under the laws of the Russian Federation on 17 October 1990. In 1998, following several reorganizations, VTB was reorganized into an open joint stock company. In October 2006 the Group started rebranding to change its name from Vneshtorgbank to VTB. In March 2007, the Bank for Foreign Trade was renamed into "VTB Bank" (Open Joint-Stock Company). In June 2015 "VTB Bank" (open joint-stock company) was renamed into VTB Bank (Public Joint-Stock Company) in accordance with the legislative requirements.

On 2 January 1991, VTB received a general banking license (number 1000) from the Central Bank of the Russian Federation ("CBR"). In addition, VTB holds licenses required for trading and holding securities and engaging in other securities-related activities, including acting as a broker, a dealer and a custodian, and providing asset management and special depositary services. VTB and other Russian banks within the Group are regulated and supervised by the CBR. Foreign banks within the Group operate under the bank regulatory regimes of their respective countries.

On 10 May 2016, the Group completed a transfer to VTB Bank, PJCS of substantially all of the performing assets and certain customer accounts and other related liabilities of "Bank of Moscow", OJSC, its wholly-owned subsidiary. Concurrent with the transfer, the subsidiary was renamed to "BM-Bank", PJSC, and its remaining assets represent predominantly loans subject to the CBR and DIA plan of support and certain other assets.

On 29 December 2004, the Bank became a member of the obligatory deposit insurance system provided by the State Corporation "Deposit Insurance Agency" ("DIA"). The Group subsidiary banks in Russia: "Bank VTB 24", PJSC, "BM-Bank", PJSC and "Post Bank", PJSC (former "Leto Bank", PJSC – refer to Note 29) are also members of the obligatory deposit insurance system provided by DIA. The State deposit insurance scheme implies that DIA guarantees repayment of individual deposits up to the maximum total guaranteed amount of RUR 1.4 million with a 100% compensation of deposited amount from 29 December 2014.

On 5 October 2005, VTB re-registered its legal address to 29 Bolshaya Morskaya Street, Saint-Petersburg 190000, Russian Federation. VTB's Head Office is located in Moscow.

The Group operates in the corporate and investment banking, retail, real estate and other sectors. Corporate and investment banking include deposit taking and commercial lending in Russian roubles and in freely convertible currencies, support of clients' export/import transactions, foreign exchange, securities trading and trading in derivative financial instruments. The Group's operations are conducted in both Russian and international markets. The Group conducts its banking business in Russia through VTB as a parent and several subsidiary banks with its network of 40 full service branches, including 32 branches of VTB and 8 branches of "Bank VTB 24", PJSC located in major Russian regions.

The Group operates outside Russia through 13 subsidiary banks, located in Austria, Germany, France, Great Britain, Serbia, Armenia, Belarus, Kazakhstan, Azerbaijan, Ukraine (2 banks), Georgia and Angola; through 3 representative offices located in Italy, China and Kyrgyzskaya Republic; through 2 VTB branches in China and India and 2 branches of "VTB Capital", Plc in Singapore and Dubai. The Group investment banking division also performs broker/dealer operations in the United States of America, securities dealing and financial advisory in Hong Kong and investment banking operations in Bulgaria.

The number of employees of the Group as at 30 September 2016 was 90,908 (31 December 2015: 92,882) including non-banking operations employees. The average number of employees of the Group for the nine-month period ended 30 September 2016 was 92,881 (for the nine-month period ended 30 September 2015: 97,780), including non-banking operations employees.

VTB's majority shareholder is the Russian Federation, acting through the Federal Property Agency, which holds 60.9% of VTB's issued and outstanding ordinary shares as at 30 September 2016 (31 December 2015: 60.9%).

Unless otherwise noted herein, all amounts are expressed in billions of Russian roubles rounded off to one decimal.

SELECTED NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 SEPTEMBER 2016 (CONTINUED)

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements as at 30 September 2016 and for the ninemonth period ended 30 September 2016 ("financial statements") have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard (IAS) 34 Interim Financial Reporting. As a result, they do not include all of the information required by International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) for a complete set of financial statements. The Bank and its subsidiaries and associates maintain their accounting records in accordance with regulations applicable in their country of registration. These interim condensed consolidated financial statements are based on those accounting books and records, as adjusted and reclassified to comply with International Accounting Standard 34 Interim Financial Reporting.

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the initial recognition of financial instruments based on fair value, by the revaluation of land, premises and investment properties, available-for-sale financial assets, and financial instruments categorized as at fair value through profit or loss, and by assets of disposal groups held for sale and property intended for sale in the ordinary course of business measured at fair value less costs to sell.

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts. These estimates are based on information available as at the date of the financial statements. Actual results can differ significantly from such estimates. Judgments and significant estimates in these financial statements are consistent with those applied in the preparation of the Group's annual financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015.

Income tax expense in respect of the current tax assets and liabilities is recognized based on the income tax rates enacted by the end of the reporting period in relevant tax jurisdictions where the Group is present. Income tax expense in respect of the deferred tax assets and liabilities is measured at the income tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when deferred assets are realized or liabilities are settled based on the income tax rates officially enacted by the end of the reporting period.

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the complete consolidated financial statements as at 31 December 2015. Operating results for the nine-month period ended 30 September 2016 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending 31 December 2016.

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements are presented in Russian roubles (RUR), the national currency of the Russian Federation, where the Bank is domiciled. As at 30 September 2016, the principal closing rate of exchange used for translating balances in USD to Russian roubles was USD 1 to RUR 63.1581 (31 December 2015: USD 1 to RUR 72.8827), and the principal closing rate of exchange used for translating balances in euro was EUR 1 to RUR 70.8823 (31 December 2015: EUR 1 to RUR 79.6972).

SELECTED NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 SEPTEMBER 2016 (CONTINUED)

DELVING INTO NUMBERS

3	ANALYSIS BY SEGMENT11	14.	DUE FROM OTHER BANKS, INCLUDING	
4.	INTEREST INCOME AND EXPENSE 19		PLEDGED UNDER REPURCHASE AGREEMENTS	24
5.	NET FEE AND COMMISSION INCOME 19	15.	LOANS AND ADVANCES TO	
6.	GAINS NET OF LOSSES ARISING FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AT FAIR		CUSTOMERS, INCLUDING PLEDGED UNDER REPURCHASE AGREEMENTS	24
	VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS 20	16.	INVESTMENT FINANCIAL ASSETS,	
7.	(LOSSES NET OF GAINS) / GAINS NET OF LOSSES ARISING FROM FOREIGN		INCLUDING PLEDGED UNDER REPURCHASE AGREEMENTS	27
	CURRENCIES	17.	INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES AND	
8.	STAFF COSTS AND ADMINISTRATIVE		JOINT VENTURES	29
	EXPENSES	18.	DISPOSAL GROUPS HELD FOR SALE	30
9.	ALLOWANCE FOR IMPAIRMENT OF OTHER ASSETS21	19.	DUE TO OTHER BANKS	30
10	INCOME TAX	20.	CUSTOMER DEPOSITS	30
11.		21.	OTHER BORROWED FUNDS	31
	NON-DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL ASSETS AT	22.	DEBT SECURITIES ISSUED	31
12.	FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR	23.	OTHER RESERVES	31
	LOSS, INCLUDING PLEDGED UNDER REPURCHASE AGREEMENTS 22	24.	DIVIDENDS, AMOUNTS PAID UNDER PERPETUAL LOAN PARTICIPATION	
13.	DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS 23		NOTES AND OTHER DISTRIBUTIONS	32

SELECTED NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 SEPTEMBER 2016 (CONTINUED)

3. ANALYSIS BY SEGMENT

In accordance with IFRS 8, *Operating Segments*, the Group has defined five reportable segments.

- Corporate-Investment banking (CIB).
- Mid-Corporate banking (MCB).
- Retail business (RB).
- Treasury.
- Other business.

The Group has also separately disclosed its Corporate Centre.

The composition of reportable segments is approved by resolutions of the Executive body of the VTB's Group Management Committee, the body that on a regular basis assesses performance of reportable segments and allocates resources to them.

As at 30 September 2016, the Group's reportable segments and their compositions remained as disclosed in the consolidated financial statements as at 31 December 2015 except for the changes described below.

During the nine-month period ended 30 September 2016, the Group reallocated certain operations between *Loans and Deposits* and *Transaction Banking* product lines within CIB and MCB reportable segments including operations with term deposits, issued securities, factoring and overdrafts.

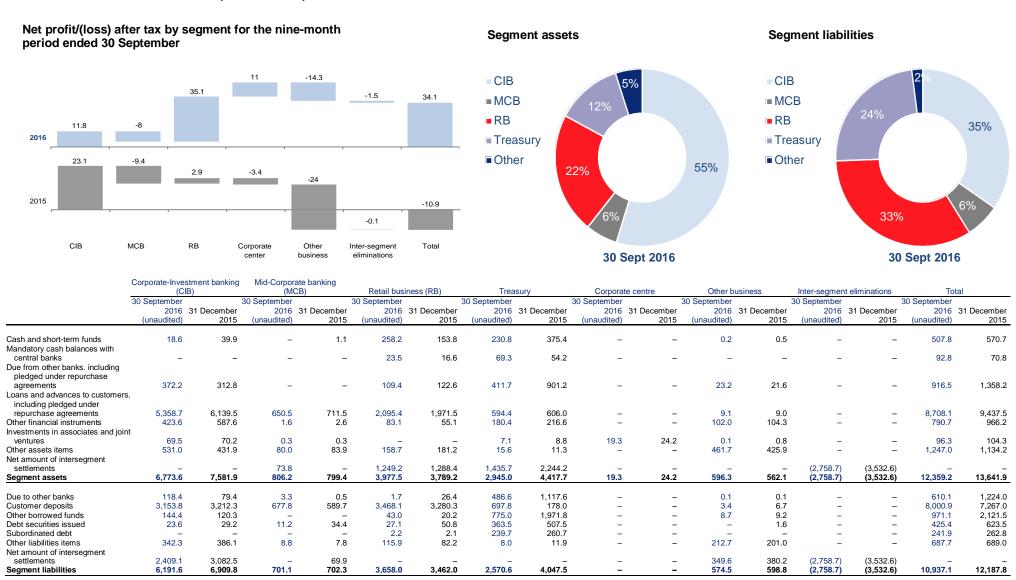
As a result, segment information for the nine-month period ended 30 September 2016 and 2015 is not presented on a comparable basis because the necessary information was not readily available and the cost to develop it would have been excessive.

VTB BANK
SELECTED NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
30 SEPTEMBER 2016 (CONTINUED)

For the nine-month period ended 30 September	Corpora Investm banking (ent	Mid-Corp banking (I		Retail bus		Treas	ury	Corporate	centre	Other bus	iness	Inter-seg eliminat		Tota	al
(unaudited)	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015
Revenues from:																
External customers	501.1	524.5	72.3	88.7	347.9	331.8	73.5	58.1		0.2	51.8	72.1	_		1.046.6	1.075.4
Other segments	191.3	172.5	43.0	41.0	76.3	59.1	448.1	453.3	_	0.2	8.6	9.3	(767.3)	(735.2)	1,046.6	1,075.4
Total revenues	692.4	697.0	115.3	129.7	424.2	390.9	521.6	511.4	_	0.2	60.4	81.4	(767.3)	(735.2)	1,046.6	1,075.4
Total revenues	032.4	037.0	110.0	123.7	727.2	330.3	321.0	311.4		0.2	00.4	01.4	(101.3)	(133.2)	1,040.0	1,075.4
Segment income and expense:																
Interest income	627.5	604.6	106.3	117.7	328.3	301.6	518.6	504.4	_	_	12.2	9.4	(760.4)	(727.8)	832.5	809.9
Interest expense	(504.0)	(488.9)	(86.8)	(91.3)	(178.1)	(186.4)	(484.1)	(550.1)	_	_	(20.0)	(16.9)	759.4	726.2	(513.6)	(607.4)
Payments to deposit insurance system	_	_	_	_	(8.4)	(6.5)	(0.1)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(8.5)	(6.5)
Treasury result allocation	(43.3)	(72.7)	6.2	(3.2)	1.8	3.2	20.3	71.7	29.3	8.1	(14.3)	(7.1)	_	_	_	_
Net interest income/(expense)	80.2	43.0	25.7	23.2	143.6	111.9	54.7	26.0	29.3	8.1	(22.1)	(14.6)	(1.0)	(1.6)	310.4	196.0
(Description of the second of																
(Provision charge) / reversal of provision for	(44.0)	(07.0)	(04.0)	(00.0)	(55.0)	(00.4)	(4.0)	0.4				(0.4)	(0.4)		(05.0)	(400.0)
impairment of debt financial assets Net interest income after provision for	(11.6)	(37.6)	(24.9)	(23.9)	(55.3)	(69.4)	(4.0)	2.1	_	_	_	(0.1)	(0.1)	-	(95.9)	(128.9)
impairment	68.6	5.4	0.8	(0.7)	88.3	42.5	50.7	28.1	29.3	8.1	(22.1)	(14.7)	(1.1)	(1.6)	214.5	67.1
impairment	00.0	5.4	0.0	(0.7)	00.3	42.5	50.7	20.1	29.3	0.1	(22.1)	(14.7)	(1.1)	(1.6)	214.5	67.1
Net fee and commission income/(expense)	11.0	11.2	7.0	8.7	36.6	29.8	1.6	3.6	_	_	0.1	0.8	(0.4)	(0.1)	55.9	54.0
Other gains less losses arising from financial																
instruments and foreign currencies	31.3	58.4	0.5	0.9	6.7	6.6	(48.1)	(28.2)	_	_	10.1	11.2	(0.2)	0.9	0.3	49.8
Share in income of associates and joint ventures	3.0	3.4	0.1	_	_	_	0.2	0.4	(0.6)	0.2	_	_	_	_	2.7	4.0
(Loss)/Profit from disposal of subsidiaries and																
associates	(0.1)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	3.6	0.7	_	_	3.5	0.7
(Provision charge) / reversal of provision for																
impairment of other assets, contingencies and																
credit related commitments	(45.1)	(5.8)	(0.6)	(1.2)	(5.2)	(8.0)	_	(0.1)	_	-	0.1	(0.1)	_	-	(50.8)	(8.0)
Other	(5.0)	4.6	(0.5)	0.4	13.4	10.7	(1.6)	(0.5)	(0.3)	-	(13.3)	(20.6)	(4.4)	(5.3)	(11.7)	(10.7)
Net operating (loss)/income	63.7	77.2	7.3	8.1	139.8	88.8	2.8	3.3	28.4	8.3	(21.5)	(22.7)	(6.1)	(6.1)	214.4	156.9
Staff costs and administrative expenses	(44.5)	(42.5)	(15.9)	(19.7)	(93.4)	(85.3)	(2.8)	(3.3)	(15.0)	(12.3)	(3.9)	(3.4)	3.9	5.1	(171.6)	(161.4)
Segment results: (loss)/profit before taxation	19.2	34.7	(8.6)	(11.6)	46.4	3.5	(2.0)	(0.0)	13.4	(4.0)	(25.4)	(26.1)	(2.2)	(1.0)	42.8	(4.5)
` ''			` '	` ,								• •	, ,			
Income tax expense	(7.4)	(11.6)	0.6	2.2	(11.3)	(0.6)	_	-	(2.4)	0.6	3.8	4.4	0.3	0.2	(16.4)	(4.8)
Net (loss)/profit after tax	11.8	23.1	(8.0)	(9.4)	35.1	2.9	_	-	11.0	(3.4)	(21.6)	(21.7)	(1.9)	(0.8)	26.4	(9.3)
(Loss)/profit after tax from subsidiaries acquired																
exclusively with a view to resale	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	7.3	(2.3)	0.4	0.7	7.7	(1.6)
Net profit/(loss)	11.8	23.1	(8.0)	(9.4)	35.1	2.9	_	_	11.0	(3.4)	(14.3)	(24.0)	(1.5)	(0.1)	34.1	(10.9)

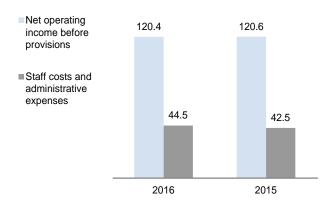
SELECTED NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 SEPTEMBER 2016 (CONTINUED)

3. ANALYSIS BY SEGMENT (CONTINUED)

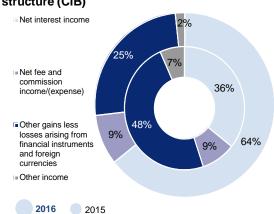


			Corpo	rate-Investr	nent bankir	ng (CIB) by	nes				
-	Investr		Loans		Transac		Inter-CIB		Total		
For the nine-month period ended _	banki	0	depos		bankir	0	eliminati		CIB		
30 September (unaudited)	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	
Revenues from:											
External customers	152.2	170.2	332.2	344.4	16.7	9.9			501.1	524.5	
Other segments	120.8	170.2	6.8	40.4	63.9	27.3	(0.2)	(0.3)	191.3	172.5	
Total revenues	273.0	275.3	339.0	384.8	80.6	37.2	(0.2) (0.2)	(0.3) (0.3)	692.4	697.0	
Segment income and evenes											
Segment income and expense Interest income	235.2	218.6	322.0	359.3	70.5	26.9	(0.2)	(0.2)	627.5	604.6	
	(183.9)	(180.4)	(269.8)	(300.5)		(8.2)	0.2	0.2	(504.0)	(488.9)	
Interest expense					(50.5)	. ,					
Treasury result allocation Net interest income	(4.4)	(3.2)	(38.7)	(69.5)	(0.2)	_ 18.7	_	_	(43.3)	(72.7)	
Net interest income	46.9	35.0	13.5	(10.7)	19.8	18.7	_	_	80.2	43.0	
(Provision charge)/reversal of											
provision for impairment of debt	(2.2)	(0.5)	(0, 0)	(25.4)	(0.0)				(44.0)	(27.0)	
financial assets	(3.3)	(2.5)	(8.0)	(35.1)	(0.3)	_	_	-	(11.6)	(37.6)	
Net interest income after	42.0	20 E		(4E 0)	40 E	40.7			CO C	5.4	
provision for impairment	43.6	32.5	5.5	(45.8)	19.5	18.7	_	-	68.6	5.4	
Net fee and commission											
income/(expense)	1.5	1.0	0.5	0.5	9.0	9.7	_	-	11.0	11.2	
Other gains less losses arising											
from financial instruments and											
foreign currencies	30.9	45.8	0.4	12.6	_	_	_	_	31.3	58.4	
Share in income of associates											
and joint ventures	2.5	2.8	0.5	0.6	_	_	_	-	3.0	3.4	
(Loss)/Profit from disposal of											
subsidiaries and associates	(0.1)	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	(0.1)	-	
(Provision charge) / reversal of											
provision for impairment of other											
assets. contingencies and credit											
related commitments	0.6	(1.2)	(40.5)	1.0	(5.2)	(5.6)	_	-	(45.1)	(5.8)	
Other	(0.3)	(0.1)	(4.6)	4.6	(0.1)	0.1	_	-	(5.0)	4.6	
Net operating											
income/(expense)	78.7	80.8	(38.2)	(26.5)	23.2	22.9	-	-	63.7	77.2	
Staff costs and administrative											
expenses	(24.5)	(23.7)	(12.5)	(12.5)	(7.5)	(6.3)	_	_	(44.5)	(42.5)	
Segment results: (loss)/profit	. ,	` '	` '	` '	` '	, ,			, ,	. ,	
before taxation	54.2	57.1	(50.7)	(39.0)	15.7	16.6	-	-	19.2	34.7	
Income tax expense	(12.5)	(12.0)	8.2	3.7	(3.1)	(3.3)	_	_	(7.4)	(11.6)	
Net profit/(loss)	`41.7	`45.1 [′]	(42.5)	(35.3)	12.6	13.3	_	-	11.8	23.1	

Net operating income and administrative expenses for the nine-month period ended 30 September: dynamics (CIB)



Net operating income before provisions for the nine-month period ended 30 September: structure (CIB)



SELECTED NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 SEPTEMBER 2016 (CONTINUED)

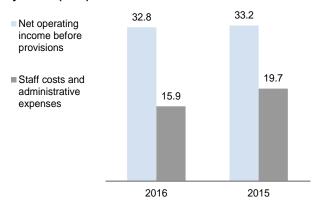
3. **ANALYSIS BY SEGMENT (CONTINUED)**

		`		,						
	Investmen	nt hanking	Loans and		vestment banki Transaction		oduct lines Inter-CIB eli	minations	Total	CIR
	30 September		30 September		30 September		30 September		30 September	OID
	2016 (unaudited)	31 December 2015	2016 (unaudited)	31 December 2015	2016 (unaudited)	31 December 2015	2016 (unaudited)	31 December 2015	2016 (unaudited)	31 December 2015
Cash and short-term funds	18.1	39.6	0.5	0.3	_	_	_	_	18.6	39.9
Due from other banks.										
including pledged under repurchase agreements	239.7	167.8	132.5	145.0	_	_	_	_	372.2	312.8
Loans and advances to customers. including pledged under repurchase	200.7	107.0	102.0	140.0					072.2	012.0
agreements	1,144.6	1,921.2	4,145.1	4,218.3	69.0	_	_	_	5,358.7	6,139.5
Other financial instruments Investments in associates	412.7	576.8	10.9	10.8	-	-	-	-	423.6	587.6
and joint ventures Other assets items	69.5 208.4	70.2 99.3	294.9	309.2	27.7	23.4	_	_	69.5 531.0	70.2 431.9
Net amount of intersegment	200.4	99.3	294.9	309.2	21.1	23.4	_	_	551.0	431.9
settlements	575.4	48.9		-	1,045.9	674.0	(1,621.3)	(722.9)	.	
Segment assets	2,668.4	2,923.8	4,583.9	4,683.6	1,142.6	697.4	(1,621.3)	(722.9)	6,773.6	7,581.9
Due to other banks	86.4	67.4	16.2	12.0	15.8	-	_	_	118.4	79.4
Customer deposits Other borrowed funds	2,091.5 2.7	2,204.8 3.1	4.5 141.7	371.1 117.2	1,057.8	636.4		_	3,153.8 144.4	3,212.3 120.3
Debt securities issued	18.2	24.4	0.3	4.8	5.1	_	_	_	23.6	29.2
Other liabilities items	268.9	353.8	56.5	19.9	16.9	12.4	_	_	342.3	386.1
Net amount of intersegment settlements			4.030.4	3.805.4			(1,621.3)	(722.9)	2,409.1	3.082.5
Segment liabilities	2,467.7	2,653.5	4,249.6	4,330.4	1,095.6	648.8	(1,621.3)	(722.9)	6,191.6	6,909.8
For the nine-month perio	d ended 30 S	September _	Investment 2016		Loans and	deposits	MCB) by prod Transaction	n banking	Total	
(unaudited)			2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015
Revenues from:										
External customers			0.9	1.0	63.0	77.4	8.4	10.3	72.3	88.7
Other segments				0.1		30.3	43.0	10.6	43.0	41.0
Total revenues			0.9	1.1	63.0	107.7	51.4	20.9	115.3	129.7
Segment income and ex	xpense		0.0	0.0	20.0	400.0	40.5	40.0	400.0	4477
Interest income			(0.2)	0.2	62.6 (54.7)	106.9 (90.0)	43.5 (31.9)	10.6 (1.1)	106.3 (86.8)	117.7 (91.3)
Interest expense Treasury result allocation	,		(0.2)	(0.2)	6.7	(3.1)	(0.5)	(0.1)	6.2	(3.2)
Net interest income	•		_	_	14.6	13.8	11.1	9.4	25.7	23.2
(Provision charge)/revers	al of provision	on for								
impairment of debt fina Net interest income after	ncial assets		(0.1)	-	(24.8)	(23.9)	-	-	(24.9)	(23.9)
impairment	a provision	101	(0.1)	-	(10.2)	(10.1)	11.1	9.4	0.8	(0.7)
Net fee and commission			_	_	0.1	0.1	6.9	8.6	7.0	8.7
Other gains less losses a		inancial	0 =	0.0					6 =	
instruments and foreign Share in income of associations		nt vontures	0.5	0.8	0.1	0.1	_	_	0.5 0.1	0.9
(Provision charge)/revers impairment of other ass	al of provision	on for	_	_	0.1	_	_	_	0.1	_
credit related commitm		and	_	_	0.2	(0.3)	(0.8)	(0.9)	(0.6)	(1.2)
Other			_	_	(0.4)	0.1	(0.1)	0.3	(0.5)	0.4
Net operating income/(expense)		0.4	8.0	(10.2)	(10.1)	17.1	17.4	7.3	8.1
Staff costs and administr			_	(0.1)	(7.9)	(11.4)	(8.0)	(8.2)	(15.9)	(19.7)
Segment results: (loss)	/profit befor	e taxation	0.4	0.7	(18.1)	(21.5)	9.1	9.2	(8.6)	(11.6)
Income tax expense			(0.1)	(0.1)	2.5 (45.6)	4.2	(1.8)	(1.9) 7.3	0.6	2.2
Net (loss)/profit			0.3	0.6	(15.6)	(17.3)	7.3	1.3	(8.0)	(9.4)

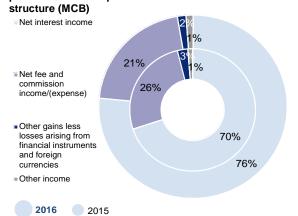
SELECTED NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 SEPTEMBER 2016 (CONTINUED)

3. ANALYSIS BY SEGMENT (CONTINUED)

Net operating income and administrative expenses for the nine-month period ended 30 September: dynamics (MCB)



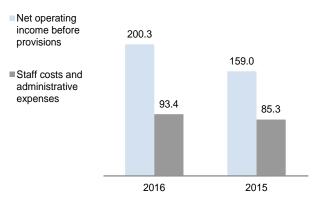
Net operating income before provisions for the nine-month period ended 30 September:



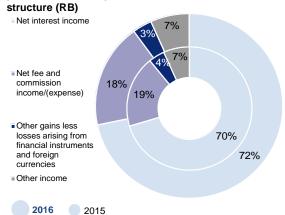
				Mid-Co	rporate banking	(MCB) by prod	uct lines			
	Investme	nt banking	Loans an	d deposits	Transaction	on banking	Inter-MCB	eliminations	Total	MCB
	30 September		30 September		30 September		30 September		30 September	
	2016	31 December	2016	31 December	2016	31 December	2016	31 December	2016	31 December
	(unaudited)	2015	(unaudited)	2015	(unaudited)	2015	(unaudited)	2015	(unaudited)	2015
0 1 11 11										
Cash and short-term						4.4				4.4
funds	_	-	_	_	_	1.1	_	_	_	1.1
Loans and advances to										
customers. including										
pledged under										
repurchase agreemen	0.6	0.5	649.4	711.0	0.5	_	_	_	650.5	711.5
Other financial										
instruments	1.4	2.4	0.2	0.2	_	-	_	_	1.6	2.6
Investments in associate										
and joint ventures			0.3	0.3			_	-	0.3	0.3
Other assets items	0.2	0.1	50.2	58.4	29.6	25.4	_	-	80.0	83.9
Net amount of										
intersegment										
settlements	. 7				679.5	212.2	(605.7)	(212.2)	73.8	
Segment assets	2.2	3.0	700.1	769.9	709.6	238.7	(605.7)	(212.2)	806.2	799.4
Due to other banks	_	_	1.7	0.5	1.6	_	_	_	3.3	0.5
Customer deposits	0.1	0.2	0.6	371.6	677.1	217.9	_	_	677.8	589.7
Debt securities issued	_	-	-	34.4	11.2	2	_	_	11.2	34.4
Other liabilities items	_	_	2.4	2.3	6.4	5.5	_	_	8.8	7.8
Net amount of			2.7	2.0	0.4	0.0			0.0	7.0
intersegment										
settlements	1.8	2.1	603.9	280.0	_	_	(605.7)	(212.2)	_	69.9
Segment liabilities	1.9	2.3	608.6	688.8	696.3	223.4	(605.7)	(212.2)	701.1	702.3

	Retail business (RB) by product lines										
For the nine-month period ended	Retail ba	nking	Insuran	ce	Inter-RB elimi	nations	Total F	RB			
30 September (unaudited)	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015			
Revenues from:											
External customers	311.9	295.4	36.0	36.4	_	_	347.9	331.8			
Other segments	80.2	58.2	3.2	3.6	(7.1)	(2.7)	76.3	59.1			
Total revenues	392.1	353.6	39.2	40.0	(7.1)	(2.7)	424.2	390.9			
Segment income and expense											
Interest income	324.6	299.5	4.2	3.1	(0.5)	(1.0)	328.3	301.6			
Interest expense	(178.2)	(186.9)	_	(0.1)	0.1	0.6	(178.1)	(186.4)			
Payments to deposit insurance system	(8.4)	(6.5)	_	_	_	_	(8.4)	(6.5)			
Treasury result allocation	1.8	3.2	_	_	_	_	1.8	3.2			
Net interest income	139.8	109.3	4.2	3.0	(0.4)	(0.4)	143.6	111.9			
(Provision charge) / reversal of provision											
for impairment of debt financial assets Net interest income after provision for	(54.7)	(69.0)	_	_	(0.6)	(0.4)	(55.3)	(69.4)			
impairment	85.1	40.3	4.2	3.0	(1.0)	(8.0)	88.3	42.5			
Net fee and commission											
income/(expense)	42.1	31.0	(0.4)	(0.2)	(5.1)	(1.0)	36.6	29.8			
Other gains less losses arising from financial instruments and foreign											
currencies	6.9	5.2	(0.2)	1.4	_	_	6.7	6.6			
Provision charge for impairment of other assets, contingencies and credit											
related commitments	(4.8)	(0.3)	(0.4)	(0.5)	_	_	(5.2)	(0.8)			
Other	(3.4)	0.4.	14.7	10.0	2.1	0.3	13.4	10.7			
Net operating income/(expense)	125.9	76.6	17.9	13.7	(4.0)	(1.5)	139.8	88.8			
Staff costs and administrative expenses Segment results: (loss)/profit before	(88.0)	(80.3)	(5.1)	(5.1)	(0.3)	0.1	(93.4)	(85.3)			
taxation	37.9	(3.7)	12.8	8.6	(4.3)	(1.4)	46.4	3.5			
Income tax expense	(9.0)	0.8	(3.2)	(1.7)	0.9	0.3	(11.3)	(0.6)			
Net profit/(loss)	28.9	(2.9)	9.6	6.9	(3.4)	(1.1)	35.1	2.9			

Net operating income and administrative expenses for the nine-month period ended 30 September: dynamics (RB)



Net operating income before provisions for the nine-month period ended 30 September:



			Reta	il business (RE	B) by product lin	es		
	Retail ba	anking	Insura	ince	Inter-RB eli	minations	Total	RB
	30 September		30 September		30 September		30 September	
	2016	31 December	2016	31 December	2016	31 December	2016	31 December
	(unaudited)	2015	(unaudited)	2015	(unaudited)	2015	(unaudited)	2015
Cash and short-term funds	256.4	153.2	1.8	0.6	_	_	258.2	153.8
Mandatory cash balances with central								
banks	23.5	16.6	_	_	_	-	23.5	16.6
Due from other banks. including pledged								
under repurchase agreements	79.1	98.2	30.3	24.4	_	_	109.4	122.6
Loans and advances to customers.								
including pledged under repurchase								
agreements	2,095.4	1,971.5	_	_	_	_	2,095.4	1,971.5
Other financial instruments	67.4	43.7	15.7	11.4	_	_	83.1	55.1
Other assets items	140.1	159.4	18.6	21.8	_	_	158.7	181.2
Net amount of intersegment settlements	1,221.4	1,275.9	27.8	12.5	_	-	1,249.2	1,288.4
Segment assets	3,883.3	3,718.5	94.2	70.7	_	-	3,977.5	3,789.2
Due to other banks	1.7	26.4					1.7	26.4
			_	_	_	_		
Customer deposits	3,468.1	3,280.3	_	_	_	_	3,468.1	3,280.3
Other borrowed funds	43.0	20.2	_	-	_	-	43.0	20.2
Debt securities issued	27.1	50.8	_	-	_	-	27.1	50.8
Subordinated debt	2.2	2.1			_	-	2.2	2.1
Other liabilities items	41.9	28.8	74.0	53.4	_	_	115.9	82.2
Segment liabilities	3,584.0	3,408.6	74.0	53.4	_	_	3,658.0	3,462.0

	Other business							
	Construction and						T . 100	
For the nine-month period ended	development		Other		Inter-Other eliminations		Total Other business	
30 September (unaudited)	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015
Revenues from:								
External customers	12.0	3.4	39.8	68.7	_	_	51.8	72.1
Other segments	2.2	2.5	6.6	7.0	(0.2)	(0.2)	8.6	9.3
Total revenues	14.2	5.9	46.4	75.7	(0.2)	(0.2)	60.4	81.4
Segment income and expense								
nterest income	2.2	2.3	10.2	7.3	(0.2)	(0.2)	12.2	9.4
nterest expense	(13.6)	(11.4)	(6.6)	(5.7)	0.2	0.2	(20.0)	(16.9)
reasury result allocation	(.0.0)	·····/	(14.3)	(7.1)	-	-	(14.3)	(7.1)
let interest income	(11.4)	(9.1)	(10.7)	(5.5)	_	_	(22.1)	(14.6)
Provision charge)/reversal of provision	(111-1)	(0.17	(10.1)	(0.0)			(==::)	(14.0)
for impairment of debt financial assets	_	_	_	(0.1)	_	_	_	(0.1)
let interest income after provision for				(0.1)				(0.1)
impairment	(11.4)	(9.1)	(10.7)	(5.6)	_	_	(22.1)	(14.7)
let fee and commission								
income/(expense)	(0.1)	_	0.2	0.8	_	_	0.1	0.8
Other gains less losses arising from	(0.1)		0.2	0.0			0.1	0.0
financial instruments and foreign								
currencies	3.7	0.8	6.4	10.4		_	10.1	11.2
Loss)/Profit from disposal of	3.1	0.0	0.4	10.4	_	_	10.1	11.2
subsidiaries and associates			3.6	0.7			3.6	0.7
	_	_	3.0	0.7	_	_	3.0	0.7
rovision charge for impairment of other								
assets, contingencies and credit related commitments			0.1	(0.4)			0.1	(0.4)
	(0.4)	(40.0)		(0.1)	_	_		(0.1)
Other	(2.1)	(13.6)	(11.2)	(7.0)	_	-	(13.3)	(20.6)
let operating income/(expense)	(9.9)	(21.9)	(11.6)	(8.0)	-	-	(21.5)	(22.7)
Staff costs and administrative expenses	(0.1)	(0.2)	(3.8)	(3.2)	_	_	(3.9)	(3.4)
Segment results: (loss)/profit before								
taxation	(10.0)	(22.1)	(15.4)	(4.0)	_	-	(25.4)	(26.1)
ncome tax expense	0.4	3.4	3.4	1.0	_	_	3.8	4.4
Net (loss)/profit after tax	(9.6)	(18.7)	(12.0)	(3.0)	_	-	(21.6)	(21.7)
Loss)/profit after tax from subsidiaries								
acquired exclusively with a view to								
resale	_	_	7.3	(2.3)	_	_	7.3	(2.3)
Net loss	(9.6)	(18.7)	(4.7)	(5.3)	_	_	(14.3)	(24.0)

	Other business								
	Construction ar	nd development	Ot	Other		Inter-Other eliminations		Total Other business	
	30 September 2016 (unaudited)	31 December 2015	30 September 2016 (unaudited)	31 December 2015	30 September 2016 (unaudited)	31 December 2015	30 September 2016 (unaudited)	31 December 2015	
Cash and short-term funds	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.3	_	_	0.2	0.5	
Due from other banks. including pledged under repurchase agreements	-	-	23.2	21.6	-	-	23.2	21.6	
Loans and advances to customers. including pledged under repurchase agreements Other financial instruments	0.9	0.6	8.2 102.0	8.4 104.3	-	-	9.1 102.0	9.0 104.3	
Investments in associates and joint ventures		_	0.1	0.8		_	0.1	0.8	
Other assets items Segment assets	337.2 338.2	316.4 317.2	124.5 258.1	109.5 244.9	_	_	461.7 596.3	425.9 562.1	
Due to other banks	_	_	0.1	0.1	_	_	0.1	0.1	
Customer deposits	_	_	3.4	6.7	_	_	3.4	6.7	
Other borrowed funds	3.2	3.2	5.5	6.0	_	_	8.7	9.2	
Debt securities issued	_	_	_	1.6	_	_	_	1.6	
Other liabilities items	77.7	68.9	135.0	132.1	_	_	212.7	201.0	
Net amount of intersegment settlements	284.0	277.5	65.6	102.7	_	_	349.6	380.2	
Segment liabilities	364.9	349.6	209.6	249.2	_	-	574.5	598.8	

4. INTEREST INCOME AND EXPENSE

	For the three-month period ended 30 September (unaudited)		For the nine-more ended 30 Sep (unaudite	tember
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Interest income				
Loans and advances to customers	254.5	251.1	765.5	744.5
Due from other banks	8.8	14.4	34.9	39.3
Other financial assets, including securities	5.6	5.9	16.6	10.8
Financial assets not at fair value through profit or loss	268.9	271.4	817.0	794.6
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	5.2	3.8	15.5	15.3
Total interest income	274.1	275.2	832.5	809.9
Interest expense				
Customer deposits	(120.8)	(108.1)	(354.7)	(322.2)
Due to other banks and other borrowed funds	(33.5)	(61.2)	(116.8)	(227.8)
Debt securities issued	(7.7)	(11.4)	(25.3)	(39.1)
Subordinated debt	(5.5)	(6.1)	(16.8)	(18.3)
Total interest expense	(167.5)	(186.8)	(513.6)	(6 07.4)
Payments to deposit insurance system	(3.2)	(2.5)	(8.5)	(6.5)
Net interest income	103.4	85.9	310.4	196.0

5. NET FEE AND COMMISSION INCOME

	For the three-month period ended 30 September (unaudited)		For the nine-month period ended 30 September (unaudited)	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Commission on settlement transactions	15.6	14.3	45.2	39.1
Commission on guarantees issued and trade finance Agents' fee received for insurance products distribution and other	3.3	4.1	9.0	11.6
services	2.2	2.3	6.5	5.8
Commission on cash transactions	2.1	1.3	5.8	3.8
Commission on operations with securities and capital markets	2.1	4.9	5.2	7.1
Other	1.5	1.1	4.6	2.8
Total fee and commission income	26.8	28.0	76.3	70.2
Commission on settlement transactions	(4.9)	(3.9)	(13.8)	(10.3)
Commission on cash transactions	(0.9)	(0.8)	(2.2)	(2.2)
Other	(1.7)	(1.9)	(4.4)	(3.7)
Total fee and commission expense	(7.5)	(6.6)	(20.4)	(16.2)
Net fee and commission income	19.3	21.4	55.9	54.0

SELECTED NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 SEPTEMBER 2016 (CONTINUED)

6. GAINS NET OF LOSSES ARISING FROM FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

	For the three-month period ended 30 September (unaudited)		For the nine-month period ended 30 September (unaudited)	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Gains net of losses / (losses net of gains) arising from trading financial instruments	(0.2)	10.4	12.9	28.6
Gains net of losses / (losses net of gains) arising from financial instruments designated as at fair value through profit or loss	0.7	0.7	1.2	(0.4)
(Losses net of gains) / gains net of losses from associates and joint- ventures designated as at fair value through profit or loss Total gains net of losses arising from financial instruments at	(0.2)	0.3	(1.9)	1.7
fair value through profit or loss	0.3	11.4	12.2	29.9

7. (LOSSES NET OF GAINS) / GAINS NET OF LOSSES ARISING FROM FOREIGN CURRENCIES

	For the three-month period ended 30 September (unaudited)		For the nine-month period ended 30 September (unaudited)	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
(Losses net of gains) / gains net of losses arising from dealing in foreign currencies	(9.6)	37.6	(176.5)	24.7
Foreign exchange translation gains net of losses / (losses net of gains)	7.3	(36.8)	158.6	(2.5)
Total (losses net of gains) / gains net of losses arising from foreign currencies	(2.3)	0.8	(17.9)	22.2

Losses net of gains arising from dealing in foreign currencies represent foreign currency trading results and changes in value of foreign currency derivative positions, including those economically hedging net foreign currency positions.

8. STAFF COSTS AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

	For the three-month period ended 30 September (unaudited)		For the nine-month period ended 30 September (unaudited)	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Staff costs	32.1	30.8	99.9	91.1
Defined contribution pension expense	2.6	2.7	10.3	9.9
Depreciation and other expenses related to premises and				
equipment	4.7	5.7	14.2	15.9
Leasing and rent expenses	3.3	3.1	9.4	9.3
Amortization and other expenses related to intangibles, except for				
amortization of core deposit and customer loan intangible	2.6	1.9	7.9	5.2
Advertising expenses	2.6	2.0	6.8	5.4
Taxes other than on income	1.1	2.0	4.0	4.6
Charity	1.1	1.1	4.0	2.7
Post and telecommunication expenses	1.3	1.3	3.6	3.7
Amortization of core deposit and customer loan intangible	1.2	1.4	3.5	3.8
Professional services	0.6	1.8	2.8	4.6
Security expenses	0.6	1.0	1.5	2.9
Transport expenses	0.2	0.3	0.5	0.8
Insurance costs	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3
Other	1.2	0.3	3.0	1.2
Total staff costs and administrative expenses	55.3	55.6	171.6	161.4

For the three-month and nine-month periods ended 30 September 2016, the cost of sales and other expenses from other non-banking activities included staff costs of RUR 1.5 billion and RUR 5.2 billion, respectively, and depreciation and amortisation related to premises, equipment and intangible assets of RUR 0.6 billion and RUR 2.2 billion,

respectively (for the three-month and nine-month periods ended 30 September 2015: staff costs of RUR 1.7 billion and RUR 5.9 billion, respectively, and depreciation and amortisation related to premises, equipment and intangible assets of RUR 0.9 billion and RUR 2.9 billion, respectively).

SELECTED NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 SEPTEMBER 2016 (CONTINUED)

9. ALLOWANCE FOR IMPAIRMENT OF OTHER ASSETS

The movements in allowances for impairment of other assets accounted at amortised cost were as follows:

1 January 2015	3.6
Provision during the period	1.7
Write-offs	(0.7)
Effect of translation	0.3
30 September 2015 (unaudited)	4.9
1 January 2016	4.8
Provision during the period	0.7
Write-offs	(1.0)
Recoveries of amounts written-off in previous period	0.1
Effect of translation	(0.2)
30 September 2016 (unaudited)	4.4

10. INCOME TAX

Income tax expense comprises the following:

	For the three-month period ended 30 September (unaudited)		For the nine-month period ended 30 September (unaudited)	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Current tax expense Deferred income tax (benefit)/expense due to the	10.6	2.9	21.7	10.0
origination and reversal of temporary differences	(4.3)	1.4	(5.3)	(5.2)
Income tax expense for the period	6.3	4.3	16.4	4.8

The Group's effective income tax rate for the nine-month ended 30 September 2016 was 38.3% (for the nine-month ended 30 September 2015: (106.7%)). The effective income tax rate for the nine-month period ended 30 September 2016 differs from the theoretical tax rate mainly due to non-deductible expenses.

The following tables provide disclosure of income tax effects relating to each component of other comprehensive income/(loss) for the three and nine month periods ended 30 September 2016 and 2015:

	For the three-month period ended 30 September (unaudited)					
-		2016		2015		
	Before tax	Tax (expense)/ recovery	Net of tax	Before tax	Tax (expense)/ recovery	Net of tax
Net result on financial assets available-for-sale	7.0	(1.5)	5.5	(1.0)	0.4	(0.6)
Cash flow hedges Share of other comprehensive (loss)/income of associates and	(0.1)	_	(0.1)	0.2	-	0.2
joint ventures Effect of translation	(0.3) (0.2)	_	(0.3) (0.2)	3.6 15.2	(3.2)	3.6 12.0
Other comprehensive income/(loss)	6.4	(1.5)	4.9	18.0	(3.2)	15.2

		For the nine-mo	nth period ende	ed 30 September (unaudited)		
-		2016		2015		
	Tax (expense)/			Tax (expense)/		
	Before tax	recovery	Net of tax	Before tax	recovery	Net of tax
Net result on financial assets						
available-for-sale	9.5	(2.1)	7.4	5.6	(0.7)	4.9
Cash flow hedges	(8.0)	· <u>-</u>	(8.0)	0.1	` _	0.1
Share of other comprehensive	. ,					
(loss)/income of associates and						
joint ventures	(2.1)	_	(2.1)	3.0	_	3.0
Effect of translation	(22.4)	0.5	(21.9)	2.1	(3.2)	(1.1)
Actuarial (losses net of gains) /						
gains net of losses arising from						
difference between pension plan						
assets and obligations	(1.2)	_	(1.2)	0.2	_	0.2
Other comprehensive (loss)/						
income	(17.0)	(1.6)	(18.6)	11.0	(3.9)	7.1

SELECTED NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 SEPTEMBER 2016 (CONTINUED)

11. CASH AND SHORT-TERM FUNDS

	30 September 2016 (unaudited)	31 December 2015
	(1.00)	
Cash on hand	141.0	145.5
Cash balances (other than mandatory) with central banks	302.3	297.8
Correspondent accounts with other banks		
- Russia	36.4	51.8
- OECD	25.1	60.9
- Other countries	3.0	14.7
Total correspondent accounts with other banks	64.5	127.4
Total cash and short-term funds	507.8	570.7
Less: correspondent accounts in precious metals	(3.9)	(6.2)
Less: restricted cash	(0.1)	(2.9)
Total cash and cash equivalents	503.8	561.6

12. NON-DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS, INCLUDING PLEDGED UNDER REPURCHASE AGREEMENTS

	30 September 2016 (unaudited)	31 December 2015
Financial assets held for trading, including pledged under repurchase agreements Financial assets designated as at fair value through profit or loss Total non-derivative financial assets at fair value through profit or loss,	196.8 43.7	267.5 40.6
including pledged under repurchase agreements	240.5	308.1
Financial assets held for trading, including pledged under repurchase agreeme	ents	
	30 September 2016 (unaudited)	31 December 2015
Financial assets held for trading		
Debt securities - Bonds and eurobonds of Russian companies and banks - Bonds and eurobonds of foreign governments - Bonds and eurobonds of the Russian Federation - Bonds and eurobonds of foreign companies and banks - Russian municipal bonds Total debt securities Equity securities Trading credit products Total financial assets held for trading	85.8 33.8 16.7 16.3 6.3 158.9 4.8 3.8	77.3 35.9 22.3 37.5 11.5 184.5 5.5 6.5
Financial assets held for trading, pledged under repurchase agreements Debt securities - Bonds and eurobonds of Russian companies and banks - Bonds and eurobonds of the Russian Federation - Bonds and eurobonds of foreign governments Total debt securities Equity securities Total financial assets held for trading, pledged under repurchase agreements	23.3 4.6 0.7 28.6 0.7 29.3	49.5 19.9 - 69.4 1.6 71.0
Total financial assets held for trading, including pledged under repurchase agreements	196.8	267.5

As at 30 September 2016, the bonds and eurobonds of Russian companies and banks are mostly those issued by banks and companies from telecommunication, energy and finance sectors; equity securities are mostly represented by foreign insurance and Russian manufacturing companies.

Financial assets designated as at fair value through profit or loss

	30 September 2016 (unaudited)	31 December 2015
Equity securities	22.4	16.4
Reverse sale and repurchase agreements to maturity Debt securities	20.6	24.2
- Bonds and eurobonds of foreign companies	0.7	_
Total debt securities	0.7	_
Total financial assets designated as at fair value through profit or loss	43.7	40.6

As at 30 September 2016, most of the equity securities were issued by Russian retail and finance companies.

SELECTED NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 SEPTEMBER 2016 (CONTINUED)

13. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Foreign exchange and other financial instruments are generally traded in an over-the-counter market with professional market counterparties on standardized contractual terms and conditions.

The table below includes derivative contracts outstanding:

	30 September 2016 (unaudited)		31 December 2015	
	Positive fair value Nega	ative fair value	Positive fair value Neg	ative fair value
Derivative financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss held for trading				
Foreign exchange and precious metals contracts				
forwards	4.1	(1.6)	4.9	(5.1)
futures	1.4 5.0	(1.5) (8.1)	1.3 6.2	(7.2) (12.4)
swaps options	2.6	(3.9)	11.3	(14.2)
Contracts with securities				
forward sale of equity securities	15.1	_	19.4	_
options swaps	3.1	(3.1)	9.2 1.7	(7.0)
Interest rate contracts				
single currency interest rate swaps	33.0	(29.8)	28.3	(24.8)
cross currency interest rate swaps	122.9	(108.2)	197.9	(196.2)
cap/floor	0.1	(0.5)	_	(0.4)
Contracts with other basic variables		(0.0)		(5.5)
CDS protection sold	1.5	(0.9)	2.5	(2.0)
CDS protection purchased futures on indexes	0.5	(0.8) (0.3)	1.3	(1.4) (0.3)
options on indexes	2.7	(1.7)	2.0	(1.9)
commodity swaps	2.7	(0.3)	0.1	(0.1)
commodity futures	0.1	(1.7)	0.1	(0.1)
commodity options	4.9	(3.8)	7.0	(6.8)
commodity forwards	0.1	(1.9)	_	_
Embedded derivatives on structured instruments				
embedded foreign exchange derivatives	6.7	(2.6)	11.4	(4.0)
embedded derivatives on credit risk	_	_	0.2	_
Total derivative financial assets and liabilities at				
fair value through profit or loss held for trading	206.5	(170.7)	304.8	(283.9)
Derivative financial assets and liabilities designated as hedging instruments				
Derivatives held as fair value hedges				
interest rate swaps	_	(0.5)	_	_
Derivatives held as cash flow hedges		(0.4)		
interest rate swaps foreign exchange swaps	_	(0.1) (0.5)	_	(0.1)
foreign exchange forwards	_	(0.3)	_	(0.1)
Total derivative financial assets and liabilities		()		()
designated as hedging instruments	-	(1.3)	-	(0.2)
Total derivative financial assets and liabilities	206.5	(172.0)	304.8	(284.1)

SELECTED NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 SEPTEMBER 2016 (CONTINUED)

14. DUE FROM OTHER BANKS, INCLUDING PLEDGED UNDER REPURCHASE AGREEMENTS

	30 September 2016	24 December 2015
	(unaudited)	31 December 2015
Due from other banks		
- Russia	494.5	428.6
- OECD	106.4	196.2
- Other countries	303.1	731.5
Total gross due from other banks	904.0	1,356.3
Less: Allowance for impairment	(1.6)	(3.1)
Total net due from other banks	902.4	1,353.2
Due from other banks pledged under repurchase agreements		
- Russia	14.1	5.0
Total gross due from other banks, pledged under repurchase agreements	14.1	5.0
Total due from other banks, including pledged under repurchase agreements	916.5	1,358.2

The movements in allowances for impairment of due from other banks, including pledged under repurchase agreements, by classes were as follows:

	Russia	OECD	Other	Total
1 January 2015	1.5	0.1	2.6	4.2
Reversal of provision during the period	_	_	(0.7)	(0.7)
Effect of translation	_	_	0.7	`0.7
30 September 2015 (unaudited)	1.5	0.1	2.6	4.2
1 January 2016	1.8	0.1	1.2	3.1
Provision during the period	_	0.1	_	0.1
Write-offs	(0.7)	_	_	(0.7)
Effect of translation	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.7)	(0.9)
30 September 2016 (unaudited)	1.0	0.1	0.5	1.6

15. LOANS AND ADVANCES TO CUSTOMERS, INCLUDING PLEDGED UNDER REPURCHASE AGREEMENTS

	30 September 2016 (unaudited)	31 December 2015
Loans and advances to legal entities		
- Current activity financing	5,117.6	5,339.3
- Project finance and other	1,588.6	1,629.9
- Finance leases	263.9	261.0
- Reverse sale and repurchase agreements	171.9	309.5
Total gross loans to legal entities	7,142.0	7,539.7
Less: Allowance for impairment	(487.7)	(478.8)
Net loans and advances to legal entities	6,654.3	7,060.9
Loans and advances to individuals		
- Mortgages	953.9	875.1
- Consumer loans and other	939.4	857.3
- Credit cards	132.7	124.1
- Car loans	89.2	100.2
- Reverse sale and repurchase agreements	6.2	3.3
Total gross loans to individuals	2,121.4	1,960.0
Less: Allowance for impairment	(213.6)	(193.2)
Net loans and advances to individuals	1,907.8	1,766.8
Loans and advances to customers pledged under repurchase agreements		
- Current activity financing	146.3	610.3
Total gross loans and advances to customers pledged under repurchase		
agreements	146.3	610.3
Less: Allowance for impairment	(0.3)	(0.5)
Net loans and advances pledged under repurchase agreements	146.0	609.8
Total loans and advances to customers, including pledged under repurchase agreements	8,708.1	9,437.5
agreemente	5,7 00.1	3,437.3

SELECTED NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 SEPTEMBER 2016 (CONTINUED)

LOANS AND ADVANCES TO CUSTOMERS, INCLUDING PLEDGED UNDER REPURCHASE AGREEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Finance leases represent loans to leasing companies and net investment in leases. As at 30 September 2016, included in gross loans are finance lease receivables of RUR 158.2 billion (31 December 2015: RUR 178.5 billion), equal to the net investment in lease before allowance for impairment.

As at 30 September 2016, the total amount of outstanding loans issued by the Group to 10 largest groups of interrelated borrowers comprises RUR 2,049.6 billion, or 21.8% of the gross loan portfolio, including loans pledged under repurchase agreements (31 December 2015: RUR 2,439.1 billion or 24.1%).

As at 30 September, the gross amount of nonperforming loans which the Group defines as impaired loans with repayments overdue by over 90 days was RUR 682.0 billion or 7.2% of the aggregate of the gross loan portfolio, including loans pledged under repurchase agreements (31 December 2015: RUR 635.4 billion, or 6.3%).

At 30 September 2016, as a result of debt settlement during the first quarter 2016 the Group recognised RUR 35.1 billion of premises, RUR 2.1 billion of investment property and RUR 9.1 billion of other assets and recorded an impairment of RUR 2.9 billion of the other assets in Other operating expenses and an impairment of RUR 0.2 billion of the premises in impairment of land, premises and intangible assets other than goodwill.

Economic sector risk concentrations within the customer loan portfolio are as follows:

	30 September 2016 (unaudited)		31 December 20	015
	Amount	%	Amount	%
Individuals	2,121.4	22.5	1,960.0	19.4
Building construction	974.5	10.4	1,007.8	10.0
Manufacturing	889.0	9.4	888.5	8.8
Metals	805.0	8.6	1,217.6	12.0
Government bodies	794.1	8.4	884.3	8.7
Oil and Gas	772.5	8.2	900.5	8.9
Energy	470.9	5.0	387.9	3.8
Trade and commerce	470.7	5.0	540.4	5.3
Transport	443.3	4.7	402.5	4.0
Finance	435.3	4.6	509.9	5.0
Chemical	435.0	4.6	634.9	6.3
Telecommunications and media	296.7	3.2	243.0	2.4
Food and agriculture	215.7	2.3	200.1	2.0
Coal mining	165.8	1.8	187.1	1.9
Aircraft	2.5	0.0	12.3	0.1
Other	117.3	1.3	133.2	1.4
Total gross loans and advances to customers,				
including pledged under repurchase				
agreements	9,409.7	100.0	10,110.0	100.0

Finance industry includes loans issued to holding companies of industrial groups, mergers and acquisitions financing, and loans to leasing, insurance and other non-bank financial companies.

15. LOANS AND ADVANCES TO CUSTOMERS, INCLUDING PLEDGED UNDER REPURCHASE AGREEMENTS (CONTINUED)

The movements in allowances for impairment of loans and advances to legal entities, including pledged under repurchase agreements, by class were as follows:

			Reverse sale		Loans and	
		5 1 1 1 1	and repurchase		advances under	
	Current activity		agreements with	Finance	repurchase	
	financing	and other	legal entities	leases	agreements	Total
1 January 2015	286.6	148.6	_	21.3	0.5	457.0
Provision / (reversal of provision) during the						
period	52.1	4.6	_	14.6	(0.2)	71.1
Write-offs	(59.7)	(23.4)	_	(1.2)	· <u>-</u>	(84.3)
Recoveries of amounts written-off in previous	, ,	, ,		, ,		
period	1.0	0.3	_	0.5	_	1.8
Effect of translation	13.8	10.3	_	2.8	_	26.9
30 September 2015						
(unaudited)	293.8	140.4	-	38.0	0.3	472.5
1 January 2016	286.1	158.2	0.1	34.4	0.5	479.3
Provision / (reversal of provision) during the						
period	43.8	14.5	0.1	3.0	(0.2)	61.2
Write-offs	(15.9)	(9.0)	_	(1.9)	· · ·	(26.8)
Recoveries of amounts written-off in previous	, ,	, ,		, ,		
period	5.2	0.2	_	_	_	5.4
Effect of translation	(15.9)	(11.5)	_	(3.7)	_	(31.1)
30 September 2016						
(unaudited)	303.3	152.4	0.2	31.8	0.3	488.0

Provision charge for impairment of debt financial assets in the accompanying interim consolidated income statement for the nine-month period ended 30 September 2016 includes the effects of the government grant of 11.0 billion RUR received by the Group as compensation for certain credit losses (Note 24).

Allowance for finance leases represents allowances for loans to leasing companies and net investment in leases.

The movements in allowances for impairment of loans and advances to individuals by class were as follows:

	Consumer loans		Credit	Car	
	Mortgages	and other	cards	loans	Total
1 January 2015	15.6	116.3	15.5	8.7	156.1
Provision during the period	1.1	47.2	7.8	2.2	58.3
Write-offs	(2.1)	(11.4)	(1.4)	(0.6)	(15.5)
Recoveries of amounts written-off in	` '	(,	()	(/	(/
previous period	0.1	0.8	0.1	_	1.0
Effect of translation	2.1	(0.2)	_	_	1.9
30 September 2015 (unaudited)	16.8	152.7	22.0	10.3	201.8
1 January 2016	17.2	145.4	21.1	9.5	193.2
Provision during the period	4.1	32.9	7.3	1.7	46.0
Write-offs	(2.4)	(18.2)	(2.7)	(0.7)	(24.0)
Recoveries of amounts written-off in	,	,	,	,	` ,
previous period	0.1	0.9	0.8	_	1.8
Effect of translation	(2.2)	(0.5)	(0.2)	(0.5)	(3.4)
30 September 2016 (unaudited)	16.8	1 60 .5	26.3	10.0	213.6

SELECTED NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 SEPTEMBER 2016 (CONTINUED)

16. INVESTMENT FINANCIAL ASSETS, INCLUDING PLEDGED UNDER REPURCHASE AGREEMENTS

	30 September 2016 (unaudited)	31 December 2015
Investment financial assets available-for-sale, including pledged under repurchase		
agreements	196.4	210.7
Investment financial assets held-to-maturity, including pledged under repurchase		
agreements	147.3	142.6
Total investment financial assets, including pledged under repurchase		
agreements	343.7	353.3

Investment financial assets available-for-sale, including pledged under repurchase agreements

	30 September 2016 (unaudited)	31 December 2015
Investment financial assets available-for-sale	,	
Debt securities		
- Bonds and eurobonds of the Russian Federation	65.0	25.8
- Bonds and eurobonds of foreign governments	61.4	81.3
- Bonds and eurobonds of foreign companies and banks	14.4	16.6
- Bonds and eurobonds of Russian companies and banks	11.3	20.3
- Russian municipal bonds	1.8	2.2
- Promissory notes of Russian companies and banks	0.2	0.2
Total debt securities	154.1	146.4
Equity securities	39.5	43.7
Total investment financial assets available-for-sale	193.6	190.1
Investment financial assets available-for-sale, pledged under repurchase agreements Debt securities		
- Bonds and eurobonds of Russian companies and banks	1.6	5.2
- Bonds and eurobonds of foreign governments	1.1	2.6
- Bonds and eurobonds of foreign companies and banks	0.1	0.3
- Bonds and eurobonds of the Russian Federation	_	12.5
Total debt securities	2.8	20.6
Total investments financial assets available-for-sale, pledged under		20.0
repurchase agreements	2.8	20.6
Total investment financial assets available-for-sale, including pledged under		
repurchase agreements	196.4	210.7

As of 30 September 2016, the bonds and eurobonds of foreign governments are mostly those issued by the German and USA governments and municipal bodies. As at 30 September 2016, the bonds and eurobonds of Russian companies and banks are mostly those issued by companies from the manufacturing, finance and gas sectors; equity securities are mostly the shares of Russian metal and energy companies.

During nine-month period ended 30 September 2016, the Group recognized reversal of impairment loss of RUR 3.8 billion before tax, and realised portion of positive revaluation of financial assets available-for-sale transferred to income statement due to the sale of financial assets available-for-sale at gain of RUR 2.1 billion before tax (nine-month period ended 30 September 2015: impairment loss of RUR 2.6 billion and positive revaluation gain of RUR 2.4 billion, respectively).

SELECTED NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 SEPTEMBER 2016 (CONTINUED)

16. INVESTMENT FINANCIAL ASSETS, INCLUDING PLEDGED UNDER REPURCHASE AGREEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Reclassifications

During nine-month period ended 30 September 2016 the Group reclassified certain financial assets that met the definition of loans and receivables out of investment financial assets available-for-sale category to due from other banks. The Group considered holding these investments for the foreseeable future or till maturity, due to lower market liquidity and reduced price transparency as well as positive outlook for the issuers'

credit risk. The effective interest rate on the reclassified financial assets as determined on the reclassification date ranged from 6.4% to 6.8%. As at the date of reclassification the Group expected to recover the estimated cash flows of RUR 13.0 billion, of which the amount of RUR 2.4 billion were redeemed during ninemonth period ended 30 September 2016.

	Due from other banks
Fair value as at the date of reclassification	12.4
Carrying amount as at 30 September 2016	8.3
Fair value as at 30 September 2016	8.3
Loss recognized after reclassification in other comprehensive income for the nine-month period ended	
30 September 2016	(1.4)
Loss recognized after reclassification in profit or loss for the nine-month period ended 30 September 2016	(0.7)

During nine-month period ended 30 September 2016 the Group reclassified certain financial assets out of investment financial assets available-for-sale category to Investment financial assets held-to-maturity. The effective interest rate on the reclassified financial assets

as determined on the reclassification is 4.3%. As at the date of reclassification the Group expected to recover the estimated cash flows of RUR 5.2 billion.

Investment financial

Fair value as at the date of reclassification

Carrying amount as at 30 September 2016

Fair value as at 30 September 2016

Loss recognized after reclassification in other comprehensive income for the nine-month period ended

30 September 2016

Loss recognized after reclassification in profit or loss for the nine-month period ended 30 September 2016

Loss recognized after reclassification in profit or loss for the nine-month period ended 30 September 2016

-

Investment financial assets held-to-maturity, including pledged under repurchase agreements

30 September 2016 (unaudited) 31 December 2015 Investment financial assets held-to-maturity - Bonds and eurobonds of the Russian Federation 78.3 16.0 - Bonds and eurobonds of Russian companies and banks 52.7 57.8 - Bonds and eurobonds of foreign companies and banks 0.2 0.2 - Bonds and eurobonds of foreign governments 0.10.4Total gross investment financial assets held-to-maturity 136.4 69.3 Less: Allowance for impairment (0.1)(0.1)Total net investment financial assets held-to-maturity 136.3 69.2 Investment financial assets held-to-maturity, pledged under repurchase agreements - Bonds and eurobonds of Russian companies and banks 8.5 11.0 - Bonds and eurobonds of the Russian Federation 64.9 Total gross investment financial assets held-to-maturity, pledged under repurchase agreements 11.0 73.4 Total net investment financial assets held-to-maturity, pledged under repurchase agreements 11.0 73.4 Total investment financial assets held-to-maturity, including pledged under repurchase agreements 147.3 142.6

SELECTED NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 SEPTEMBER 2016 (CONTINUED)

16. INVESTMENT FINANCIAL ASSETS, INCLUDING PLEDGED UNDER REPURCHASE AGREEMENTS (CONTINUED)

As at 30 September 2016, the bonds and eurobonds of Russian companies and banks are mostly those issued by companies from the oil and gas sectors.

The movements in allowances for impairment of investment financial assets held-to-maturity were as follow:

1 January 2015 Provision for impairment during the period 30 September 2015 (unaudited)	0.2 0.2
1 January 2016	0.1
Recoveries of amounts written-off in previous period	0.4
Reversal of provision for impairment during the period	(0.4)
30 September 2016 (unaudited)	`0.1

17. INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES AND JOINT VENTURES

	30 September 2016 (unaudited)	31 December 2015
Investments in associates and joint ventures designated as at fair value through		
profit or loss	63.1	63.5
Investments in associates and joint ventures accounted under equity method	33.2	40.8
Total investments in associates and joint ventures	96.3	104.3

In February 2016 Bank of Moscow, OJSC sold 49.0% of shares in associated entity "Perovskoe", OJSC to a third party for the total consideration of RUR 0.7 billion with no gain or loss recognized.

In August 2016 the Group acquired an investment in Viva Telecom (Luxembourg) S.A in the form of 20% less one share equity stake and a convertible loan for EUR 20.6 million (RUR 1.5 billion). The Group determined that it exercises significant influence over the investee as defined in IAS 28 *Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures*, because the Group has representation on its board of directors. As the investment was made as a part of the Group's

venture capital activities, as described in the accounting policy, the Group has on initial recognition classified its investment in equity and convertible loan as investment in associate designated as at fair value through profit or loss. The Group has also provided debt financing of EUR 240 million (RUR 17.0 billion) to the investee, which was classified as loans and advances to customers.

In September 2016 the Group reclassified investments in Estonian Credit Bank, JSC from investments in associates accounted under equity method into disposal group held for sale under IFRS 5 (Note 18).

SELECTED NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 SEPTEMBER 2016 (CONTINUED)

18. DISPOSAL GROUPS HELD FOR SALE

The Group has investments in the disposal groups held for sale, including subsidiaries acquired exclusively with a view to resale, accounted for in accordance with IFRS 5. The Management of the Group is committed to dispose of these investments in the near future, within one year from the initial classification as a disposal group.

		30 September 2016	
-		(unaudited)	31 December 2015
Assets of disposal groups held for sale:			
Premises	Non-current asset held for sale	1.9	n/a
Hotel complex Orehovo, JSC	100.0% owned subsidiary	1.7	1.7
Estonian Credit Bank, JSC	59.7% owned associate	0.9	n/a
Mariisky NPZ, CJSC	99.3% owned subsidiary	n/a	13.3
Other	100.0% owned subsidiary	0.3	0.8
Total assets of disposal groups held for sale		4.8	15.8
Liabilities of disposal groups held for sale:			
Hotel complex Orehovo, JSC	100.0% owned subsidiary	0.3	0.3
Mariisky NPZ, CJSC	99.3% owned subsidiary	n/a	12.4
Other	100.0% owned subsidiary	0.3	0.3
Total liabilities of disposal groups held for sale	•	0.6	13.0

As at 30 September 2016 the Group accounted for investments in Hotel complex Orehovo, JSC as a disposal group held for sale under IFRS 5 and considers that sale is highly probable.

As at 30 September 2016 the Group accounted for investments in Estonian Credit Bank, JSC as a disposal group held for sale under IFRS 5 and considers that sale is highly probable.

In June 2016, the Group sold its ownership interest of 99.3% in Mariisky NPZ, CJSC to a non-related third party for total consideration of RUR 4.2 billion which

represented a pre-existing loan relationship which was recognised in the Group's consolidated statement of financial position at its estimated fair value as part of the deconsolidation of the subsidiary.

The negative net assets of Mariisky NPZ, CJSC as at the date of disposal amounted to RUR 7.7 billion.

Gain from disposal amounted to RUR 11.9 billion and was recognised within profit after tax from subsidiaries acquired exclusively with a view to resale and was attributed to segment "Other" (Note 3).

19. DUE TO OTHER BANKS

	30 September 2016 (unaudited)	31 December 2015
Term loans and deposits	445.7	1,046.4
Correspondent accounts and overnight deposits of other banks	101.7	145.1
Sale and repurchase agreements with other banks	62.7	32.5
Total due to other banks	610.1	1,224.0

20. CUSTOMER DEPOSITS

	30 September 2016 (unaudited)	31 December 2015
Government bodies	(
Current/settlement deposits	53.6	102.4
Term deposits	1,268.9	443.2
Other legal entities		
Current/settlement deposits	939.2	905.9
Term deposits	2,810.9	2,926.1
Individuals		
Current/settlement deposits	519.8	465.7
Term deposits	2,403.8	2,417.7
Sale and repurchase agreements	4.7	6.0
Total customer deposits	8,000.9	7,267.0

As at 30 September 2016, the Group's 10 largest groups of interrelated customers had aggregated balances amounting to RUR 2,543.2 billion or 31.8% of total customer deposits (31 December 2015: RUR 2,071.3 billion or 28.5%).

As at 30 September 2016, deposits of RUR 69.3 billion (31 December 2015: RUR 53.4 billion) were held as collateral against irrevocable commitments under import letters of credit and guarantees (Note 30).

SELECTED NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 SEPTEMBER 2016 (CONTINUED)

21. OTHER BORROWED FUNDS

	30 September 2016 (unaudited)	31 December 2015
Funds from local central banks:	707.3	1,751.6
- Term deposits	518.8	946.6
- Sale and Repurchase Agreements	188.5	805.0
Syndicated loans	18.8	156.8
Other borrowings	245.0	213.1
Total other borrowed funds	971.1	2,121.5

As at 30 September 2016, funds from local central banks contain the amount of RUR 499.1 billion (31 December 2015: RUR 929.0 billion) secured by pledged loans to customers in the amount of RUR 601.1 billion (31 December 2015: RUR 1,070.9 billion).

In April 2016, the Group redeemed a syndicated loan of USD 2.0 billion with a floating rate of LIBOR plus 1.5% p.a. upon maturity. As at redemption date the carrying amount of the syndicated loan was RUR 132.9 billion.

As at 30 September 2016, the carrying amount of the DIA deposit amounted to RUR 81.1 billion (31 December 2015: RUR 73.7 billion) and was included in Other Borrowings. The contractual amount of the deposit was RUR 268.5 billion as at 30 September 2016 (31 December 2015: RUR 269.4 billion). The deposit was collateralized by loans and advances to customers with the carrying amount of RUR 47.1 billion and direct debit mandate on cash balance with CBR as at 30 September 2016 (31 December 2015: RUR 119.2 billion of loans and advances to customers).

20 Contember 2016

22. DEBT SECURITIES ISSUED

	(unaudited)	31 December 2015
Bonds	365.5	479.5
Promissory notes	53.3	126.4
Deposit certificates	6.6	17.6
Total debt securities issued	425.4	623.5

The bonds represent eurobonds issued mostly under EMTN and ECP programs and local bonds issued by VTB and other Group members with the carrying amounts at the end of the reporting periods as follows:

	Potos no	Maturity	30 September 2016 (unaudited)	31 December 2015
-	Rates, p.a.	Maturity	(unaudited)	31 December 2015
USD Eurobonds (EMTN)	6.00% to 6.88%	2017-2035	269.3	307.8
Local bonds	3.00% to 22.00%	2016-2046	45.7	98.9
CHF Eurobonds (EMTN)	2.90% to 3.15%	2016-2018	30.0	34.2
Other Eurobonds	2.25% to 7.50%	2016-2017	20.5	38.6
Total bonds			365.5	479.5

Promissory notes represent notes primarily issued in the local market as an alternative to customer/bank deposits. As at 30 September 2016 promissory notes issued included both discount and interest bearing promissory notes denominated mainly in RUR with maturity ranging from demand to December 2044 (31 December 2015: from demand to December 2044).

Unrealised asin /

23. OTHER RESERVES

Movements in other reserves were as follows:

	(loss) on financial assets available- for-sale and cash flow hedge	Land and premises revaluation reserve	Currency translation difference	Total
1 January 2015	(18.7)	17.2	44.3	42.8
Total comprehensive income for the period	4.8	_	1.9	6.7
Transfer of premises revaluation reserve upon disposal or depreciation 30 September 2015 (unaudited)	_ (13.9)	(0.9) 16.3	_ 46.2	(0.9) 48.6
1 January 2016	(5.3)	22.2	55.3	72.2
Total comprehensive (loss)/income for the period	7.0	_	(24.0)	(17.0)
Transfer of premises revaluation reserve upon				
disposal or depreciation	_	(0.8)	_	(8.0)
30 September 2016 (unaudited)	1.7	21.4	31.3	54.4

SELECTED NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 SEPTEMBER 2016 (CONTINUED)

24. DIVIDENDS, AMOUNTS PAID UNDER PERPETUAL LOAN PARTICIPATION NOTES AND OTHER DISTRIBUTIONS

In June 2016, Annual General Meeting of VTB shareholders declared dividends for ordinary shares in the total amount of RUR 15.2 billion for 2015 (RUR 0.00117 per ordinary share); for preference shares in the total amount of RUR 0.1 billion (RUR 0.0000042 per preference share) and for Type A preference shares in the total amount of RUR 17.8 billion (RUR 0.0058 per Type A preference share). Dividends declared were paid in July-August 2016.

In June 2015, Annual General Meeting of VTB shareholders declared dividends for ordinary shares in the total amount of RUR 15.2 billion for 2014 (RUR 0.00117 per ordinary share) and for preference shares in the total amount of RUR 2.8 billion (RUR 0.00013 per preference share). Dividends declared were paid in July-August 2015.

Under the revised terms of the Perpetual Loan Participation Notes, the Group's coupon payment for the next coupon period no longer becomes mandatory when the dividends on ordinary shares are declared or paid within six months prior to the coupon payment date, and accordingly, coupon amounts due under Perpetual Loan Participation Notes are recorded on their payment dates in June and December of each year, subject to VTB's decision to make such payments.

Other distributions represent a deemed profit distribution of RUR 11.0 billion to the majority shareholder of the Bank. Management determined that the dividends on the preference shares for 2015 were reduced by RUR 11.0 billion which represented, in substance, a government grant compensating the Bank for current period and prior period credit losses on certain corporate loans which were subject to a pre-existing arrangement between the Bank and several government agencies. The government grant was recognized as an offset to credit losses in the line item Provision charge for impairment of debt financial assets in the accompanying interim consolidated statement of income for the nine-month period ended 30 September 2016. The deemed distribution and the related government grant had no net effect on the retained earnings or total equity of the Bank at 30 September 2016.

SELECTED NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 SEPTEMBER 2016 (CONTINUED)

RISK

25.	OPERATING ENVIRONMENT OF THE GROUP	34
26.	FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS	35
27.	CAPITAL MANAGEMENT AND CAPITAL ADEQUACY	46

SELECTED NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 SEPTEMBER 2016 (CONTINUED)

25. OPERATING ENVIRONMENT OF THE GROUP

The Russian Federation

The majority of the Group's operations are conducted in the Russian Federation (Russia). The Russian Federation displays certain characteristics of an emerging market. Its economy is particularly sensitive to oil and gas prices. The legal, tax and regulatory frameworks continue to develop and are subject to frequent changes and varying interpretations. Since 2014 the Russian economy has been negatively impacted by a decline in oil prices and ongoing political tension in the region and international sanctions against certain Russian companies and individuals.

These tendencies may have a further significant impact on the Group's future operations and financial position, the effect of which is difficult to predict. The future economic and regulatory situation and its impact on the Group's operations may differ from management's current expectations.

Also, factors, including contraction of real incomes of households, reduced corporate liquidity and profitability and increased corporate and personal insolvencies, may affect the Group's borrowers' ability to repay the amounts due to the Group. In addition, adverse changes in economic conditions may result in deterioration in the value of collateral held against loans and other obligations. To the extent that information is available, the Group has reflected revised estimates of expected future cash flows in its impairment assessment.

During the nine-month period ended 30 September 2016, the following were the key changes in select macroeconomic indicators:

- the CBR exchange rate appreciated from RUR 72.8827 to RUR 63.1581 per USD;
- the CBR key interest rate decreased from 11.0% p.a. to 10.0% p.a.;
- the RTS stock exchange index increased from 757.0 to 990.9.

Ukraine

In 2014 and 2015, the economic and political situation in Ukraine deteriorated significantly. As a result, Ukraine has experienced a fall in gross domestic product, a significant negative balance of payments and a sharp reduction in foreign currency reserves. The National Bank of Ukraine imposed certain restrictions on foreign currency operations. Restrictions have also been introduced for certain cross-border settlements, including

payments of dividends. International rating agencies have downgraded sovereign debt ratings for Ukraine.

While the monetary restrictions are being phased out gradually and the gross domestic product trends stabilized recently, the aforementioned factors still impacted the operating environment in 2016 to a considerable degree.

As at 30 September 2016 and 31 December 2015, the Group's investments in Ukrainian sovereign and municipal securities as well as loans to Ukrainian government fully or majority owned enterprises amounted to less than 0.05% of the Group's total assets. The Group continues to monitor the situation in Ukraine and takes appropriate actions in order to minimize the effects of these risks. The risk assessment is reviewed constantly to reflect the current situation.

The combination of the above events has resulted in tighter credit conditions and deterioration of asset quality. Further significant negative developments in Ukraine could adversely impact the results and financial position of the Group and of the Group's Ukrainian subsidiaries in a manner not currently determinable.

Other jurisdictions

In addition to Russia, the Group conducts operations in Belarus, Kazakhstan, Azerbaijan, Armenia and Georgia, certain European countries (Austria, Germany, France, Great Britain and Serbia) and several other countries. Difficult economic and financial market situation in certain of these jurisdictions led to a decrease or negative growth of GDP, currency devaluation, reduced consumption, as well as a decline in investment activities.

Since the second half of 2014 the Group operates under limited sectorial sanctions imposed by several countries on the Group. The Group considers these sanctions in its activities, continuously monitors them and analyses the effect of the sanctions on the Group's financial position and its financial performance.

While management believes it is taking appropriate measures to support the sustainability of the Group's business in the current circumstances, unexpected further deterioration in the areas described above could negatively affect the Group's results and financial position in a manner not currently determinable.

SELECTED NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 SEPTEMBER 2016 (CONTINUED)

26. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- in the principal market for the asset or liability; or
- in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Group. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest. A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

Fair value measurements are analysed by level in the fair value hierarchy as follows: (i) Level 1 are measurements at quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities, (ii) Level 2 measurements are valuations techniques with all material inputs observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices), and (iii) Level 3 measurements are valuations not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs). Management applies judgment in categorising financial instruments using the fair value hierarchy. If a fair value measurement uses observable inputs that require significant adjustment based on unobservable inputs, that measurement is a Level 3 measurement. The significance of a valuation input is assessed against the fair value measurement of a financial instrument in its entirety.

26. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

The following table shows an analysis of assets and liabilities recorded at fair value by level of the fair value hierarchy as at 30 September 2016:

	Quoted prices in active markets Level 1	Significant observable inputs Level 2	Significant unobservable inputs Level 3	Total
Financial assets measured at fair value				
Non-derivative financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, including pledged under repurchase agreements Financial assets held for trading				
Debt securitiesEquity securitiesTrading credit products	90.2 4.8 –	60.6	8.1 - 3.8	158.9 4.8 3.8
Financial assets held for trading, pledged under repurchase agreements - Debt securities	25.1	3.4	0.1	28.6
- Equity securities	0.7	-	-	0.7
Financial assets designated as at fair value through profit or loss - Equity securities - Reverse sale and repurchase agreements to maturity	11.4	_ 20.6	11.0	22.4 20.6
- Reverse sale and repulchase agreements to maturity - Debt securities	_	20.0	0.7	0.7
Derivative financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Derivative financial assets at fair value through profit or loss held for trading	·			
- Interest rate contracts	_	134.4	21.6	156.0
 Contracts with securities Foreign exchange and precious metals contracts 	_	3.1 13.1	15.1	18.2 13.1
- Contracts with other basic variables	_	12.1	0.4	12.5
- Embedded derivatives on structured instruments	-	0.1	6.6	6.7
Investment financial assets available-for-sale, including pledged under repurchase agreements Investment financial assets available-for-sale	70.0	74.5	0.0	4544
Debt securitiesEquity securities	76.3 15.3	74.5	3.3 24.2	154.1 39.5
Investment financial assets available-for-sale, pledged under repurchase agreements		4.4		
- Debt securities	1.7	1.1	_	2.8
Investments in associates and joint ventures designated as at fair value through profit or loss Other financial assets	-	-	63.1	63.1
Amounts in course of settlement related to regular way transactions with financial instruments	_	0.3	_	0.3
Other financial assets accounted at fair value	_	2.3	_	2.3
Financial liabilities measured at fair value				
Derivative financial liabilities Derivative financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss held for trading				
- Interest rate contracts	_	138.5	_	138.5
- Foreign exchange and precious metals contracts	_	15.1	_	15.1
Contracts with other basic variables Contracts with securities	_	11.4 3.1	_	11.4 3.1
- Embedded derivatives on structured instruments	_	-	2.6	2.6
Derivative financial liabilities designated as hedging instruments - Derivatives held as cash flow hedges	_	0.8	_	0.8
- Derivatives held as fair flow hedges Other financial liabilities	_	0.5	_	0.5
Other financial liabilities Obligation to deliver securities Non-controlling interests in consolidated mutual funds	49.2	0.4	_ 2.6	49.6 2.6
Amounts in course of settlement related to regular way transactions with financial instruments Other financial liabilities accounted at fair value		0.3 0.5	_ 3.2	0.3 3.7

26. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

The following table shows an analysis of assets and liabilities recorded at fair value by level of the fair value hierarchy as at 31 December 2015:

	Quoted prices in active markets Level 1	Significant observable inputs Level 2	Significant unobservable inputs Level 3	Total
Financial assets measured at fair value				
Non-derivative financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, including pledged under repurchase agreements Financial assets held for trading				
 Debt securities Trading credit products Equity securities 	98.3 - 5.5	70.8 - -	15.4 6.5 —	184.5 6.5 5.5
Financial assets held for trading, pledged under repurchase	0.0			0.0
agreements - Debt securities - Equity securities	35.9 1.6	32.9	0.6	69.4 1.6
Financial assets designated as at fair value through profit or loss - Reverse sale and repurchase agreements to maturity	-	24.2	-	24.2
- Equity securities	10.3	_	6.1	16.4
Derivative financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Derivative financial assets at fair value through profit or loss held for trading				
- Interest rate contracts	_	187.8	38.4	226.2
 Contracts with securities Foreign exchange and precious metals contracts 	_	10.9 19.2	19.4 4.5	30.3 23.7
- Contracts with other basic variables	_	12.7	0.3	13.0
- Embedded derivatives on structured instruments	_	0.2	11.4	11.6
Investment financial assets available-for-sale, including pledged under repurchase agreements Investment financial assets available-for-sale				
- Debt securities	69.1	67.1	10.2	146.4
- Equity securities	17.8	_	25.9	43.7
Investment financial assets available-for-sale pledged under repurchase agreements				
- Debt securities	2.0	18.5	0.1	20.6
Investments in associates and joint ventures designated as at fair value through profit or loss	-	-	63.5	63.5
Other financial assets Amounts in course of settlement related to regular way transactions with financial instruments	_	0.1	_	0.1
Other financial assets accounted at fair value	_	0.1	_	0.1
Financial liabilities measured at fair value Derivative financial liabilities Derivative financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss held				
for trading				
- Interest rate contracts	_	221.4	_	221.4
- Foreign exchange and precious metals contracts	_	38.9	_	38.9
 Contracts with other basic variables Contracts with securities 	_	12.6 7.0	_	12.6 7.0
- Embedded derivatives on structured instruments	_	-	4.0	4.0
Derivative financial liabilities designated as hedging instruments - Derivatives held as cash flow hedges	_	0.2	_	0.2
Other financial liabilities				
Obligation to deliver securities	36.9	0.3	_	37.2
Non-controlling interests in consolidated mutual funds	_	_	2.7	2.7
Amounts in course of settlement related to regular way transactions with financial instruments		0.3	_	0.3
Other financial liabilities accounted at fair value	_	0.5	4.2	4.3

SELECTED NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 SEPTEMBER 2016 (CONTINUED)

26. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

For financial instruments that are recognised at fair value on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between Levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are mainly dependent on the change of input variables used to determine fair value, such as interest rates, credit spreads, and foreign exchange rates. A significant portion of the available-for-sale financial assets in Level 3 is invested in shares of non-listed companies which are valued based on non-market observable information. Changes in assumptions can lead to adjustments in the fair value of these investments.

Movement in Level 3 financial instruments measured at fair value

A reconciliation of movements in Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy by class of financial instruments for the nine-month period ended 30 September 2016 is as follows:

		ough profit or loss	Investment			Other	Other financial liabilities	
	Financial assets held for trading, including pledged under repurchase agreements	at fair value	financial assets available-for-sale, including pledged under repurchase agreements	Investments in associates and joint ventures at fair value through profit or loss	Trading derivative financial assets and liabilities (net)	Non-controlling interests in consolidated mutual funds	Other financial liabilities accounted at fair value	
Fair value at								
1 January 2016	22.5	6.1	36.2	63.5	70.0	(2.7)	(4.2)	
Gains/(losses)								
recognised in								
income statement	(2.9)	(0.1)	0.4	(1.9)	(22.9)	0.1	1.0	
- of which unrealised	/\				()			
gains or (losses)	(2.5)	(0.1)	1.0	(1.9)	(24.8)	0.1	1.0	
Losses recognized in								
other								
comprehensive			(0.5)		(0.5)			
income Purchase	- 8.5	5.0	(0.5) 6.2	1.5	(0.5) 0.2	_	_	
Sale		5.0		1.5	0.2	_	_	
Settlement	(6.4)	_	(1.7)	_	(F 7)	_	_	
Transfers into Level 3	(4.7) 7.8	0.7	(2.0) 2.2	_	(5.7)	_	_	
Transfers into Level 3	7.0	0.7	2.2	_	_	_	_	
Level 3	(12.8)		(0.9)					
Transfers into	(12.0)	_	(0.9)	_	_	_	_	
categories								
not measured at fair value			(40.4)					
Fair value at	_	_	(12.4)	_	_	_	_	
30 September 2016	1							
(unaudited)	12.0	11.7	27.5	63.1	41.1	(2.6)	(3.2)	
(unauuneu)	12.0	11.7	21.0	03.1	71.1	(2.0)	(3.2)	

A reconciliation of movements in Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy by class of financial instruments for the nine-month period ended 30 September 2015 is as follows:

	Non-derivative financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		Investment			Other financial liabilities		
	Financial assets held for trading, including pledged under repurchase agreements	at fair value	financial assets available-for-sale, including pledged under repurchase agreements	Investments in associates and joint ventures at fair value through profit or loss	Trading derivative financial assets and liabilities (net)	Non-controlling interests in consolidated mutual funds	Other financial liabilities accounted at fair value	
Fair value at								
1 January 2015	56.5	6.2	46.3	60.7	45.0	(2.6)	(3.3)	
Gains/(losses)								
recognised in income statement	4.2	(2.0)	5.7	1.7	27.7	(0.5)	(0.2)	
- of which unrealised	4.2	(2.0)	5.7	1.7	21.1	(0.3)	(0.2)	
gains or (losses)	2.8	(0.4)	_	1.7	23.8	(0.5)	(0.2)	
Losses recognised in		(51.)				()	(+:-/	
other comprehensive								
income	(0.3)	_	(8.1)	-	(0.7)	-	_	
Purchase	5.7	5.8	7.3	-	(1.6)	-	_	
Sale	(17.4)	(4.4)	(14.7)	_	_	-	-	
Settlement	(2.8)	-	(2.7)	-	(5.2)	-		
Transfers into Level 3 Transfers out of	18.9	_	0.8	_	_	_	_	
Level 3	(17.7)	_	(2.9)	_	_	_	_	
Transfer out of Level 3 into categories not measured at fair			(=13)					
value	(9.4)	_	_	-	-	-	_	
Fair value at	,							
30 September 2015								
(unaudited)	37.7	5.6	31.7	62.4	65.2	(3.1)	(3.6)	

SELECTED NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 SEPTEMBER 2016 (CONTINUED)

26. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

Transfers between levels

For the nine-month period ended 30 September 2016 (unaudited)	Reason for transfer (valuation at the reporting date)	financial assets fin held for trading, including pledged	Non-derivative nancial assets designated as at fair value through profit or loss	Investr financial as available-for- including pled under repurch agreem	ssets sale, dged hase	Total
From Level 1:						
- to Level 2	valuation models with market observable inputs	40.1	_		1.6	41.7
- to Level 3	valuation models with non-market- observable inputs	1.8	_		1.0	2.8
From Level 2:	·					
- to Level 1 - to Level 3	active market quotes valuation models with non-market-	33.9	_		5.2	39.1
	observable inputs	6.0	0.7		1.2	7.9
From Level 3:						
- to Level 1 - to Level 2	active market quotes valuation models with market	6.4	_		8.0	7.2
- to Level 2	observable inputs	6.4			0.1	6.5
Total	observable iriputs	94.6	0.7		9.9	105.2
For the nine-month period ended 30 September 2015 (unaudited)	Reason for transfer (valuation at the reporting date)	Non-derivative financial assets held for trading, including pledged under repurchase agreements	assets availa	ent financial able-for-sale, edged under agreements		Total
From Level 1:						
- to Level 2	valuation models with market observable inputs	36.5		12.6		49.1
- to Level 3	valuation models with non-market- observable inputs	0.6		0.3		0.9
From Level 2:						
- to Level 1	active market quotes	44.4		26.9		71.3
- to Level 3	valuation models with non-market- observable inputs	18.3		0.5		18.8
From Level 3:						
- to Level 1	active market quotes	12.7		1.6		14.3
- to Level 2	valuation models with market observable inputs	5.0		1.3		6.3
Total		117.5		43.2		160.7

26. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

Impact on fair value of Level 3 financial instruments of changes to key assumptions

The following table shows the quantitative information as at 30 September 2016 (unaudited) about significant unobservable inputs used in the fair value measurement categorized within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy:

	Fair value	Valuation techniques	Unobservable input description	Reasonable range (values used)
Non-derivative financial assets at f	air value	through profit or loss	•	,
Financial instruments held for trad		• .	rchase agreements	
Debt securities			_	
Finance companies and banks	2.3	Discounted Cash flow	Uncertainty factor	-8.3%-8.3% (0.0%)
Finance companies and banks	2.3	Other	n/a	-0.3 %-0.3 % (0.0 %) n/a
Finance Companies Servicing			.,,	.,,
Mortgage And Real Estate Debts	1.7	Other	n/a	n/a
Government bodies	0.7	Other	n/a	n/a
Other economic sectors	1.4	Other	n/a	n/a
Trading credit products				
Railway transportation	3.8	Discounted Cash flow	Uncertainty factor	-8.3%-8.3% (0.0%)
Financial assets designated as at f	air value	through profit or loss		
Equity securities Finance companies	3.1	Gordon and Comparable		
i mance companies	5.1	method	Cost of Equity	23.5%-25.5% (24.5%)
			Terminal growth	2.0%-6.0% (4.0%)
			Terminal ROE	12.7%-14.7% (13.7%)
Retail	5.0	Gordon and Comparable	Weighted average cost of	
		method	capital	12.7%-14.7% (13.7%)
			Weight of DCF and multiple valuations	0%-100% (50%-50%)
Other economic sectors	2.9		n/a	n/a
Debt securities				
Other economic sectors	0.7	Other	n/a	n/a
	0		.,,	.,,
Trading derivative financial				
instruments	45.4	5:	0 17 0	4 504 0 504 (5 504)
Equity derivatives Index derivatives	15.1 0.4	Discounted Cash flow Other	Credit Spread n/a	4.5%-6.5% (5.5%) n/a
Embedded derivatives on structured	0.4	Other	II/a	II/a
instruments	6.6	Discounted Cash flow	Credit spread	3.8%-5.8% (4.8%)
	(2.6)	Black model	Implied volatility	14.6%-26.1% (20.4%)
Interest rate derivatives	20.4	Discounted Cash flow	Credit spread	2.6%-4.6% (3.6%)
	1.2	Other	n/a	n/a
Investment financial assets availab	ole-for-sa	ile, including pledged und	er repurchase agreements	
Debt securities				, , , ,
Finance companies and banks	1.4	Discounted Cash flow	Uncertainty factor	-8.3%-8.3% (0.0%)
	0.2	Other	n/a	n/a
Other economic sectors	1.7	Other	n/a	n/a
Ett				
Equity securities Finance companies and banks	2.0	Discounted Cash flow	Discount rate that can be	
Thance companies and banks	2.0	Discounted Oash now	changed based on changes	
			in macroeconomic backdrop	9.5%-13.5% (11.8%)
			exit multiple	0.5-0.9 (0.7)
	5.2	Gordon and Comparable		
		method	Cost of Equity	23.5%-25.5% (24.5%)
			Terminal growth Terminal ROE	2.0%-6.0% (4.0%) 12.6%-14.6% (13.6%)
	1.0	Other	n/a	n/a
Manufacture				Tiya
Manufacturing	4.0	Comparative method	(defence/security systems)	67112(06)
			(defence/security systems) EV/EBITDA	6.7-11.3 (9.6)
			(microelectronics)	6.6-28.7 (10.9)
Non formació motole	0.0	Discounted Oach floor	,	2.2 _2 (.3.0)
Non-ferrous metals	9.9	Discounted Cash flow	Weighted average cost of	14.9%-14.0% (14.9%)
			capital Terminal growth	3.0%-4.0% (4.0%)
		•		` ,
Other economic sectors	2.1	Other	n/a	n/a

26. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

Impact on fair value of Level 3 financial instruments of changes to key assumptions (continued)

	Fair value	Valuation techniques	Unobservable input description	Reasonable range (values used)
Investments in associates and joint	venture	es designated as at fair val	lue through profit or loss	
Telecommunication	53.6	Discounted Cash flow	Weighted average cost of capital Terminal growth CAGR 2015-2027 of subscriber base CAGR 2015-2027 of ARPU CAPEX/Revenue	16.0%-17.0% (16.0%) 1.0%-3.0% (3.0%) 6.0%-6.4% (6.4%) 1.4%-1.6% (1.6%) 10.0%-15.0% (10.0%)
Air transport	6.4	Discounted Dividend flow	Base equity cost of capital Risk free rate RUB/EUR rate at the end of the period (1H 2016-2039) RUR Inflation (CPI) from 2019 Growth rate of international airlines traffic in 2017-2018	7.5%-8% (7.5%) 18.9% -9.9% (9.4%) 10.0%-15.0% (0.0%) depreciation 5.0%-5.5% (5.5%)
Telecommunication	1.5	Discounted Cash flow	WACC Weight of DCF and multiple	0.0%-0.0% (2.6%-8.8%) -9.1%-11.1% (10.1%)
Other economic sectors	1.5	Discounted Cash flow; EV/EBITDA multiple	valuations Change in Growth of Cards Sold (%) Change in PT Growth per Client (%) WACC Weight of DCF and multiple	0%-100% (50%-50%) -2.0% - 2.0% (0.0%) 1.0%-5.0% (3.0%) 12.6%-14.6% (13.6%) 0%-100% (50.0% - 50.0%)
	0.1	Other	n/a	n/a
Non-derivative financial liabilities m	easured	d at fair value		
Non-controlling interests in consolidated mutual funds	(2.6)	Net asset value	n/a	n/a
Other financial liabilities accounted at fair value	(3.2)	Discounted Dividend flow	Base equity cost of capital Risk free rate RUB/EUR rate at the end of the period (1H 2016-2039) RUR Inflation (CPI) from 2019 Growth rate of international airlines traffic in 2017-2018	7.5%-8.0% (7.5%) 18.9% -9.9% (9.4%) 10.0%-15.0% (0.0%) depreciation 5.0%-5.5% (5.5%) 0.0%-0.0% (2.6%-8.8%)

26. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

Impact on fair value of Level 3 financial instruments of changes to key assumptions (continued)

The following table shows the quantitative information as at 31 December 2015 about significant unobservable inputs used in the fair value measurement categorized within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy:

	Fair value	Valuation techniques	Unobservable input description	Reasonable range (values used)
Non-derivative financial assets at fa		•	description	uscaj
Financial instruments held for tradii Debt securities		• .	chase agreements	
Finance companies and banks	0.7	Discounted Cash flow	Counterparty Credit spread	1.5%-1.7% (1.6%)
	4.5 3.1	Discounted Cash flow Other	Uncertainty factor n/a	-8.3%-8.3% (0.0%) n/a
Finance Companies Servicing				
Mortgage And Real Estate Debts	1.7 2.0	Discounted Cash flow Other	Credit spread n/a	1.0%-3.0% (2.0%) n/a
Government bodies Other economic sectors	1.7 2.3	Other Other	n/a n/a	n/a n/a
Trading credit products Railway transportation	4.3	Discounted Cash flow	Uncertainty factor	-8.3%-8.3% (0.0%)
Other economic sectors	2.2	Other	n/a	n/a
Financial assets designated as at fa	ir value th	nrough profit or loss		
Finance companies	3.1	Gordon and Comparable method	Cost of Equity Terminal growth	23.5%-25.5% (24.5%) 2.0%-6.0% (4.0%)
Other economic sectors	3.0	Other	Terminal ROE n/a	12.7%-14.7% (13.7%) n/a
Trading derivative financial instruments				
Equity derivatives	19.4	Discounted Cash flow	Credit Spread	4.5%-6.5% (5.5%)
Index derivatives Embedded derivatives on structured	0.3	Other	n/a	n/a
instruments	11.4 (4.0)	Modified Black model Black model	Credit spread Implied volatility	2.5%-6.5% (4.5%) 14.0%-83.0% (48.5%)
Foreign exchange	4.2 0.3	Interest rate parity Other	Overnight BYR yield n/a	16.0%-46.9% (29.9%) n/a
Interest rate derivatives	36.8 1.6	Discounted Cash flow Other	Credit spread n/a	4.3%-6.3% (5.3%) n/a
Investment financial assets available Debt securities	e-for-sale	, including pledged und	er repurchase agreements	
Finance companies and banks	1.5 6.6	Discounted Cash flow Discounted Cash flow	Uncertainty factor USD yields of RB banks	-8.3%-8.3% (0.0%)
	0.2	Other	bonds n/a	3.5%-7.5% (6.5%) n/a
Other economic sectors	2.0	Other	n/a	n/a
Equity securities Finance companies and banks	2.2	Discounted Cash flow	Discount rate that can be changed based on changes in macroeconomic backdrop	9.5%-13.5% (11.5%)
	5.1	Gordon and Comparable method	exit multiple Cost of Equity	0.5-0.9 (0.7) 23.5%-25.5% (24.5%)
		mounea	Terminal growth Terminal ROE	2.0%-6.0% (4.0%) 12.7%-14.7% (13.7%)
	1.1	Other	n/a	n/a
Manufacturing	4.3	Comparative method	EV/EBITDA (defence/security systems)	5.6-19.2 (10.4)
			EV/EBITDA (microelectronics)	3.3-72.6 (10.8)
Non-ferrous metals	8.5	Discounted Cash flow	Weighted average cost of capital	15.0%-14.0% (15.0%)
			Terminal growth	3.0%-4.0% (4.0%)

26. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

Impact on fair value of Level 3 financial instruments of changes to key assumptions (continued)

	Fair value	Valuation techniques	Unobservable input description	Reasonable range (values used)
Investment financial assets available	e-for-sale	e, including pledged under	repurchase agreements (c	ontinued)
Equity securities (continued) Air transport	2.5	Market comparable companies	EV/pax, comparable airports	59.6-72.9 (66.3)
			Discount to comparable airports	15.0%-35.0% (25.0%)
Other economic sectors	2.2	Other	n/a	n/a
Investments in associates and joint	ventures	designated as at fair valu	e through profit or loss	
Telecommunications	53.6	Discounted Cash flow	Weighted average cost of capital Terminal growth CAGR 2015-2027 of subscriber base CAGR 2015-2027 of ARPU CAPEX/Revenue	16.0%-17.0% (16.0%) 1.0%-3.0% (3.0%) 6.0%-6.4% (6.4%) 1.4%-1.6% (1.6%) 10.0%-15.0% (10.0%)
Air transport	8.4	Discounted Dividend flow	Base equity cost of capital Risk free rate RUB/EUR rate at the end of the period (1H 2016- 2039) RUR Inflation (CPI) from 2019 Growth rate of international airlines traffic in 2017-2018	7.5%-8% (7.5%) 11.1% -11.6% (11.1%) 10.0%-15.0% (0.0%) depreciation 5.0%-6.5% (6.5%) 0.0%-0.0% (2.6%-8.8%)
Other economic sectors	1.5	Discounted Cash flow; EV/EBITDA multiple	Change in Growth of Cards Sold (%) Change in PT Growth per Client (%) WACC Weight of DCF and multiple valuations	-2.0% - 2.0% (0.0%) 1.0%-5.0% (3.0%) 12.4%-14.4% (13.4%) 0.0%-100.0% (50.0% - 50.0%)
Non-derivative financial liabilities m	easured a	at fair value		
Non-controlling interests in consolidated mutual funds	(2.7)	Net asset value	n/a	n/a
Other financial liabilities accounted at fair value	(4.2)	Discounted Dividend flow	Base equity cost of capital Risk free rate RUB/EUR rate at the end of the period (1H 2016- 2039) RUR Inflation (CPI) from 2019	7.5%-8.0% (7.5%) 11.1% -11.6% (11.1%) 10.0%-15.0% (0.0%) depreciation 5.0%-6.5% (6.5%)
			Growth rate of international airlines traffic in 2017-2018	0.0%-0.0% (2.6%-8.8%)

SELECTED NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 SEPTEMBER 2016 (CONTINUED)

26. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

Impact on fair value of Level 3 financial instruments of changes to key assumptions (continued)

For financial instruments which fair value is estimated using significant unobservable inputs, parameters and assumptions, the exact value of such inputs at the reporting date might be drawn from a range of reasonably possible alternatives. For each unobservable input to which the fair value is most sensitive, the Group calculates its impact on valuation by taking each individual input to the extreme point of its reasonably possible range, while keeping other inputs unchanged. The table below presents the range of fair value of the respective class of financial instruments calculated using the approach discussed above.

Should all the parameters be changed simultaneously to the extreme points of their reasonable ranges, the impact on the fair value would be more significant than disclosed in the table, however, the Group considers that it is unlikely that all parameters and assumptions will be simultaneously at their extreme points.

This disclosure is intended to illustrate the magnitude of the relative uncertainty in the fair value of financial instruments for which valuation is dependent on unobservable parameters, however, the disclosure is not indicative of future movements in fair value.

The following table shows the quantitative information about sensitivity of the fair value measurement categorized within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy to changes in significant unobservable inputs:

_	30 September	2016 (unaudited)	31 Dece	mber 2015
	Corning	Effect of reasonably possible alternative		Effect of reasonably possible alternative
	amount	assumptions	amount	assumptions
Non-derivative financial assets held for trading,				
including pledged under repurchase agreements	12.0	11.5-12.5	22.5	21.8-23.3
Derivative financial assets and liabilities at fair value				
through profit or loss held for trading	41.1	37.6-41.2	70.0	67.0-70.0
Financial assets designated as at fair value through				
profit or loss	11.7	10.6-13.2	6.1	5.9-6.3
Investment financial assets available-for-sale,				
including pledged under repurchase agreements	27.5	25.6-35.5	36.2	31.9-43.9
Investments in associates and joint ventures				
designated as at fair value through profit or loss	63.1	45.8-63.3	63.5	45.0-63.9
Non-controlling interests in consolidated mutual				
funds	(2.6)	(2.3)- (2.9)	(2.7)	(2.4)-(3.0)
Other financial liabilities accounted at fair value	(3.2)	(1.5)-(3.2)	(4.2)	(3.9)-(4.5)

Methods and assumptions for Level 2 financial instruments

The fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, available for sale and derivative financial instruments valued according to Level 2 models was estimated based on DCF (discounted cash flows) method using the assumption of future coupon payment, recent transactions prices and the quotes of non-active markets if based on the Group's analysis such quotes represent the best estimate of the fair value of the financial instrument as at the reporting date. Probability models were calibrated using market indicators (currency forward, ITRAX Index).

Valuation processes for level 3 fair value measurements

In order to value Level 3 equity investments, the Group utilises comparable trading multiples. Management determines comparable public companies (peers) based on industry, size, developmental stage and strategy. Management then calculates a trading multiple for each

comparable company identified. The multiple is calculated by dividing the enterprise value of the comparable company by its earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortisation (EBITDA). The trading multiple is then discounted for considerations such as illiquidity and differences between the comparable companies based on company-specific facts and circumstances.

Internal valuation of the fair value of joint-ventures and associates designated as at fair value is performed at the time of commencing the project. Internal valuations of the fair value are performed on the quarterly basis, which are reviewed by business owners of the portfolio on at least a quarterly basis to make decisions on the best timing to exit the investment according to the investment strategy.

The Level 3 debt instruments are valued at the net present value of estimated future cash flows. The Group also considers liquidity, credit and market risk factors, and adjusts the valuation model as deemed necessary.

SELECTED NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 SEPTEMBER 2016 (CONTINUED)

26. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

Fair value of financial assets and liabilities not carried at fair value

The following describes the methodologies and assumptions used to determine fair values for those financial instruments which are not already recorded at fair value in the financial statements.

Assets for which fair value approximates carrying value. For financial assets and financial liabilities that are liquid or having a short term maturity it is assumed that the carrying amounts approximate to

their fair value. This assumption is also applied to customer current/settlement deposits without a specific maturity.

Fixed and variable rate financial instruments. For quoted debt instruments the fair values are determined based on quoted market prices. The fair values of unquoted debt instruments are estimated by discounting future cash flows using rates currently available for debt on similar terms, credit risk and remaining maturities.

Set out below is a comparison by class of the carrying amounts and fair values of the Group's financial instruments that are not carried at fair value in the consolidated statement of financial position. The table does not include the fair values of non-financial assets and non-financial liabilities.

	30 September 2016 (unaudited)		31 December 2	2015
	Carrying amount	Fair value	Carrying amount	Fair value
Financial assets for which fair values are disclosed				
Cash and short-term funds	507.8	507.8	570.7	570.7
Mandatory cash balances with central banks	92.8	92.8	70.8	70.8
Due from other banks, including pledged under				
repurchase agreements	916.5	932.3	1,358.2	1,359.4
- Russia	507.6	521.6	431.8	433.7
- OECD	106.3	107.2	196.1	195.0
- Other countries	302.6	303.5	730.3	730.7
Loans and advances to customers, including pledged				
under repurchase agreements	8,708.1	8,812.8	9,437.5	9,406.9
- Loans to legal entities	6,800.3	6,868.5	7,670.7	7,617.8
- Loans to individuals	1,907.8	1,944.3	1,766.8	1,789.1
Investment securities held-to-maturity, including				
pledged under repurchase agreements	147.3	157.8	142.6	146.2
Financial assets within assets of disposal groups held				
for sale	0.9	0.9	7.1	7.1
Other financial assets	52.4	52.4	95.1	95.1
Financial liabilities for which fair values are disclosed				
Due to other banks	610.1	621.2	1,224.0	1,233.9
Customer deposits	8.000.9	7.977.4	7,267.0	7,243.8
- Deposits of legal entities	5.077.3	5,068.2	4,383.6	4,370.1
- Deposits of individuals	2,923.6	2,909.2	2,883.4	2,873.7
Other borrowed funds	971.1	1,016.3	2,121.5	2,154.8
Debt securities issued	425.4	442.7	623.5	633.4
Subordinated debt	241.9	248.4	262.8	257.9
Financial liabilities within liabilities of disposal groups				
held for sale	_	_	12.4	12.4
Other financial liabilities	39.7	39.7	26.6	26.6

27. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT AND CAPITAL ADEQUACY

The Group's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain future development of its business.

Capital adequacy ratio in accordance with statutory requirements

The CBR requires Russian banks to maintain a minimum total capital adequacy ratio of 8% of risk-weighted assets, determined in accordance with CBR's requirements. In other countries the Group members comply with the regulatory capital requirements of the local central banks or other supervisory authorities.

As at 30 September 2016 and 31 December 2015 the Bank's capital adequacy ratio in accordance with CBR requirements exceeded the minimum level.

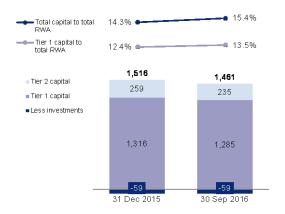
Capital adequacy ratio in accordance with the Basel Accord guidelines

The Group's international risk based capital adequacy ratio is computed in accordance with the Basel Accord guidelines issued in 1988, with subsequent amendments including the amendment to incorporate market risks.

These ratios exceeded the minimum ratio of 8.0% recommended by the Basel Accord as disclosed below:

	30 September 2016	
	(unaudited)	31 December 2015
Tier 1 capital		
Share capital	659.5	659.5
Share premium	433.8	433.8
Treasury shares	(2.3)	(2.3)
Perpetual loan participation notes excluding bought back	141.5	163.4
Retained earnings	131.0	127.6
Unrealized gain/(loss) on financial assets available-for-sale and cash flow hedge	1.7	(5.3)
Currency translation difference	31.3	55.3
Non-controlling interests	4.2	(0.1)
Deducted: Goodwill	(115.7)	(116.1)
Total Tier 1 capital	1,285.0	1,315.8
Tier 2 capital		
Land and premises revaluation reserve	21.4	22.2
Subordinated debt	213.4	237.1
Total Tier 2 capital	234.8	259.3
Total capital before deductions	1,519.8	1,575.1
Deducted: equity investments in financial institutions and subordinated debt		
provided	(58.9)	(59.2)
Total capital after deductions	1,460.9	1,515.9
Risk-weighted assets		
Credit risk	8,953.9	10,074.3
Market risks	537.6	555.8
Total risk-weighted assets	9,491.5	10,630.1
Tier 1 capital ratio to total risk-weighted assets	13.5%	12.4%
Total capital ratio to total risk-weighted assets	15.4%	14.3%

Group capital, calculated in accordance with the Basel Accord



SELECTED NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 SEPTEMBER 2016 (CONTINUED)

28. BUSINESS COMBINATIONS AND DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES

In June 2016, the Group disposed of its shares in OJSC "Chaika" for the total consideration of RUR 2.0 billion. The gain from disposal of subsidiary amounted to RUR 0.7 billion.

In June 2016, the Group lost control over a number of subsidiaries due to the bankruptcy proceedings and deconsolidated them. The total gain from deconsolidation of these subsidiaries amounted to RUR 3.0 billion.

In August 2016 the Group obtained 90% ownership in three companies developing residential property projects in Moscow. The Group paid consideration of RUR 11.6 billion in cash and accrued RUR 1.2 billion as contingent consideration in accordance with the terms of transaction provided that the acquired projects achieve certain profitability and return targets in future.

The Group used the acquisition-date estimated provisional fair value of the net assets and contingent consideration for the purposes of the business combination accounting as at 30 September 2016.

The fair values of the acquired identified assets and liabilities as of the acquisition date were as follows:

	RUR billion
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	0.7
Property held for sale	21.2
Non-banking assets	1.7
Deferred income tax asset	0.3
Other assets	0.7
Total assets	24.6
Liabilities	
Borrowings	1.4
Non-banking liabilities	6.3
Deferred income tax liabilities	2.7
Total liabilities	10.4
Fair value of identifiable net assets	14.2
Tot al consideration	12.8
- cash consideration	11.6
- contingent consideration	1.2
Non-controlling interest	1.4
Less: fair value of identifiable net assets	14.2
Goodwill	_

In October 2016 the Group also acquired land plots in the Moscow region from an unrelated third-party. This transaction and the aforementioned acquisition of the three development companies were negotiated contemporaneously as part of the settlement of preexisting business arrangements between the Group and the beneficiary of the sellers in these transactions for a total cash consideration of RUR 18.0 billion paid by the Group. The Group intends to complete, with assistance of an independent professional valuer, the determination of the fair value of the net assets of the acquired development companies, as well as determination of the fair value of the land plots by 31 December 2016.

29. NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS

In January 2016 the Group's subsidiary "Bank VTB 24", PJSC and Russian Post, a government controlled entity, entered into a binding agreement to create a "Post Bank" on the basis of "Leto Bank", PJSC. As a part of the transaction "Bank VTB 24", PJSC sold 49.99% of shares in "Leto Bank", PJSC to a subsidiary of Russian Post for the total consideration of RUR 5.5 billion. Since the Group retained control

over "Leto Bank", PJSC the difference between the non-controlling interest recorded and the fair value of the consideration received is recorded directly in equity as a reduction of retained earnings. Post Bank started its operations during the first quarter of 2016 and provides a range of banking services through post offices. In March 2016 "Leto Bank", PJSC was renamed into "Post Bank", PJSC.

SELECTED NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 SEPTEMBER 2016 (CONTINUED)

30. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

Legal proceedings

From time to time and in the normal course of business, claims against the Group are received. As at the reporting date the Group had several unresolved legal claims. Management assessed probable outflow of resources and the respective provision has been made.

The movements in provisions for legal claims were as follows:

1 January 2015	_
Provision during the period	_
30 September 2015 (unaudited)	_
1 January 2016	0.4
Provision during the period	0.4
Write-offs	(0.4)
Effect of translation	0.1
30 September 2016 (unaudited)	0.5

Tax contingencies

Major part of the Group's business activity is carried out in the Russian Federation. Russian tax, currency and customs legislation as currently in effect is vaguely drafted and is subject to varying interpretations, selective and inconsistent application and changes, which can occur frequently, at short notice and may apply retrospectively. Management's interpretation of such legislation as applied to the transactions and activity of the Group may be challenged by the relevant state authorities.

The Russian transfer pricing legislation as currently in effect allows the Russian tax authorities to apply transfer pricing adjustments and impose additional profits tax and VAT liabilities in respect of all "controlled" transactions if the transaction price differs from the market level of prices unless the Group is able to demonstrate the use of market prices with respect to the "controlled" transactions supported by appropriate transfer pricing documentation and proper reporting to the Russian tax authorities. During the nine-month period ended 30 September 2016 the Group determined its tax liabilities arising from "controlled" transactions using actual transaction prices.

Apart from the Russian Federation, the Group also operates in a number of foreign jurisdictions. The Group includes companies incorporated outside of Russia that are taxed pursuant to the provisions of the tax legislation of the jurisdictions of incorporation of the respective companies. Tax liabilities of the Group are determined on the basis that non-Russian companies of the Group do not have a permanent establishment in Russia, do not qualify as Russian tax residents and hence are not subject to Russian profits tax except for Russian tax withheld at source (i.e. dividend, interest, certain capital gains, etc.).

Russian tax laws that were in effect before 1 January 2015 did not contain detailed rules on taxation of foreign

companies. It is possible that with the evolution of these rules and changes in the approach of the Russian tax authorities and courts as to their interpretation and application, the non-taxable status of some or all of the foreign companies of the Group in Russia may be challenged, in which case the foreign companies may be taxed according to the rules similar to the rules applicable to the Russian entities.

Effective 1 January 2015 the concepts of "tax residency" for foreign legal entities, "beneficial ownership" and rules for taxation of undistributed profit of controlled foreign companies in Russia were introduced into the Russian tax legislation. The introduction of these concepts generally leads to an increase in the administrative (including tax) burden for the Russian entities that have subsidiary structures incorporated outside of Russia.

Interpretation of the above provisions of the Russian tax legislation in conjunction with the recent trends in law enforcement practice in taxation suggest that the tax authorities and courts are taking more assertive positions in their interpretation of the legislation and assessments and, as a result, it is possible that transactions and activities that have not been challenged in the past may be challenged in the future. As such, significant additional taxes, penalties and late payment interest may be assessed by the relevant authorities.

Fiscal periods remain open and subject to review by the tax authorities for a period of three calendar years immediately preceding the year in which the decision to conduct a tax review is taken. Under certain circumstances tax reviews may cover longer periods.

As at 30 September 2016, management believes that its interpretation of the relevant legislation is appropriate and that the Group's tax, currency and customs positions should be sustained vis-a-vis tax authorities and courts.

SELECTED NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 SEPTEMBER 2016 (CONTINUED)

30. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS (CONTINUED)

Credit related commitments

The primary purpose of these instruments is to ensure that funds are available to a customer as required. Guarantees that represent irrevocable assurances that the Group will make payments in the event that a customer cannot meet its obligations to third parties carry the same credit risk as loans. Documentary and commercial letters of credit, which are written undertakings by the Group on behalf of a customer authorizing a third party to draw drafts on the Group up to a stipulated amount under specific terms and conditions, are collateralized by cash deposits and therefore carry less risk than direct borrowings.

Commitments to extend credit represent unused portions of authorizations to extend credit in the form of loans, guarantees or letters of credit. With respect to credit risk on commitments to extend credit, the Group is

Outstanding credit related commitments are as follows:

potentially exposed to loss in an amount equal to the total unused commitments.

However, the likely amount of loss is less than the total unused commitments since most commitments to extend credit are contingent upon customers maintaining specific credit standards and/or the Bank confirming its willingness to extend a loan.

The Group monitors the term to maturity of credit related commitments because longer-term commitments generally have a greater degree of credit risk than shorter-term commitments.

The total outstanding contractual amount of irrevocable undrawn credit lines, letters of credit and guarantees does not necessarily represent future cash requirements, as these financial instruments may expire or terminate without being funded.

20 Contember 2016

Less: provision for credit related commitments Net credit related commitments	(60.6) 783.2	(14.3) 1,098.1	
Commitments to extend credit	4.2	4.8	
Undrawn credit lines	17.8	25.4	
Letters of credit	69.0	111.6	
Guarantees issued	752.8	970.6	
	(unadatod)	01 D0001111001 2010	
	30 September 2016 (unaudited)	31 December 2015	

The Bank has received export letters of credit for further advising to its customers. The total amount of received letters of credit as at 30 September 2016 was RUR 244.7 billion (31 December 2015: RUR 283.3 billion).

Commitments under import letters of credit and guarantees are collateralized by customer deposits of RUR 69.3 billion (31 December 2015: RUR 53.4 billion) (Note 20).

As at 30 September 2016, the largest counterparty guarantees issued for the benefit of the related foreign entity were RUR 71.3 billion, or 9.5% of the guarantees issued. (31 December 2015: RUR 81.4 billion or 8.4% of the guarantees issued).

As at 30 September 2016, the 10 largest groups of interrelated customers accounted for RUR 320.2 billion or 42.5% of the guarantees issued (31 December 2015: RUR 386.8 billion or 39.9% of the guarantees issued).

The movements in provisions for credit related commitments were as follows:

1 January 2015	21.3
Provision during the period	6.3
Write-offs due to execution	(3.5)
Effect of translation	0.6
30 September 2015 (unaudited)	24.7
1 January 2016	14.3
Provision during the period	49.7
Write-offs due to execution	(1.7)
Effect of translation	(1.7)
30 September 2016 (unaudited)	60.6

Provisions for credit-related commitments are recorded within other liabilities.

One of the Group's subsidiaries is involved in a legal case related to its performance guarantee of RUR 5.7 billion as at 30 September 2016 (31 December 2015: RUR 5.7 billion) issued to a third party which is a government-controlled entity. In March 2016, the Moscow District Arbitration Court issued a final ruling in favor of the third party. Group management believes the ultimate loss, if any, under the guarantee will be significantly lower than the notional amount of the guarantee and will depend, among other matters, on the outcome of a continuing legal case between the third party beneficiary of the

guarantee and its supplier. Accordingly, management established a reserve of RUR 4.4 billion as at 30 September 2016 (31 December 2015: nil) based on its current best estimate of the loss under the guarantee.

Purchase commitments

As at 30 September 2016 the Group had RUR 82.1 billion of outstanding commitments for the purchase of precious metals (31 December 2015: RUR 61.5 billion). As the price of these contracts is linked to the fair value of precious metals at the date of delivery, no gain or loss is recognized on these contracts.

SELECTED NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 SEPTEMBER 2016 (CONTINUED)

31. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In November 2016 the Group acquired 31.65% of Irrico Ltd. increasing its ownership interest from 34.15% to 65.8%. The Group has concluded that this investment met the criteria of a disposal group held for sale in accordance with IFRS 5 "Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations", and accounted for this investment as a subsidiary held for sale.

32. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial or operational decisions as defined by IAS 24, *Related Party Disclosures*. In considering each possible related

party relationship, attention is directed to the substance of the relationship, not merely the legal form. A government-related entity is an entity that is controlled, jointly controlled or significantly influenced by a government.

Transactions and balances with related parties comprise transactions and balances with Russian government-related entities and associates and joint ventures and are stated in the tables below:

Statements of financial position

Statements of infancial position	20 Contombor (2016 (unaudited)	31 December 2015		
-	30 September 2	Associates and	Associates and		
	Government-	joint ventures	Government-	joint ventures	
	related entities	and other	related entities	and other	
	related entitles	and other	related entitles	and other	
Assets					
Cash and short-term funds	255.6	0.7	202.6	0.2	
Mandatory cash balances with central banks	81.4	_	56.5	_	
Non-derivative financial assets at fair value through profit or					
loss, including pledged under repurchase agreements	83.6	_	104.2	_	
Derivative financial assets	86.7	0.1	100.6	_	
Due from other banks, including pledged under repurchase					
agreements	395.7	246.6	389.5	683.3	
Loans and advances to customers, including pledged under					
repurchase agreements	2,297.4	215.2	2,353.9	176.6	
Allowance for loan impairment	(22.2)	(4.6)	(26.6)	(7.8)	
Investment financial assets, including pledged under					
repurchase agreements	207.6	_	192.3	_	
Other assets	7.5	0.2	58.2	_	
Liabilities					
Due to other banks	192.7	171.8	238.2	524.8	
Customer deposits	2,925.0	47.9	2,177.3	55.2	
Derivatives financial liabilities	32.0	0.1	36.3	_	
Other borrowed funds	790.7	0.1	1,815.8	0.1	
Subordinated debt	108.4	_	104.9	_	
Other liabilities	28.2	43.3	11.7	4.5	
Credit Related Commitments					
Guarantees issued	288.3	99.8	376.5	178.1	
Import letters of credit	2.2	_	1.7	_	
Undrawn credit lines	0.2	0.1	0.3	0.1	

Income statements

		For the nine-month period ended 30 September (unaudited)		
	2016	2015		
Interest income				
Loans and advances to customers	185.4	161.0		
Securities	18.8	15.0		
Due from other banks	22.9	30.0		
Interest expense				
Customer deposits	(146.9)	(133.7)		
Due to other banks and other borrowed funds	(85.7)	(190.1)		
Subordinated debt	(9.2)	(9.6)		
Provision charge for impairment of debt financial assets	(1.2)	(1.7)		
(Provision charge)/reversal of provision for credit related commitments	(44.2)	1.6		

SELECTED NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 SEPTEMBER 2016 (CONTINUED)

32. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

Income statements (continued)

Following further centralisation of decision-making and control functions at Group level, including the transfer of the majority of Bank of Moscow assets and liabilities to VTB Bank in May 2016 (Note 1), in the second quarter 2016, the Group revised the composition of key management personnel, as defined by IAS 24, *Related Party Disclosures*. Following the revised composition, key management personnel includes certain senior members (executive body) of the Group Management Committee, Heads of Global Business Lines, all members of the Management Board of VTB Bank, as

well as all members of the Supervisory Council of VTB Bank, and their aggregate remuneration for the ninemonth period ended 30 September 2016 amounted to RUR 1.6 billion (nine-month period ended 30 September 2015: RUR 1.0 billion). Compensation of key management personnel consists primarily of short-term employee benefits, including pension contributions. Loans to the key management personnel as at 30 September 2016 amounted to RUR 0.3 billion (31 December 2015: RUR 0.2 billion).

33. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS

Shares Plan. As at 30 September 2016 the total value of the award granted under the Shares Plan was RUR 1.3 billion (31 December 2015: RUR 1.1 billion) represented by 19.3 billion shares of VTB (31 December 2015: 18.4 billion).

GDRs Plan. As at 30 September 2016 the total value of the award granted under the GDRs Plan was RUR 1.4 billion (31 December 2015: RUR 1.8 billion)

represented by 10.3 million GDRs of VTB (31 December 2015: 9.6 million). Each GDR contains 2,000 VTB shares.

For the three-month and nine-month periods ended 30 September 2016 the Group recognised in Staff costs the amount of RUR 0.4 billion and RUR 0.7 billion, respectively, (for the three-month and nine-month periods ended 30 September 2015: RUR 0.2 billion and RUR 0.6 billion, respectively) as expenses related to the above equity-settled share-based payment transactions.

34. BASIC AND DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the period, excluding the average number of ordinary shares purchased by the Group and held as treasury shares.

The Group has no dilutive potential ordinary shares; therefore, the diluted earnings per share are equal to basic earnings per share.

	For the three- ended 30 Septem		For the nine-month period ended 30 September (unaudited)		
	2016	2015	2016	2015	
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue	12,923,826,920,626	12,922,098,245,157	12,920,198,852,211	12,866,179,836,185	
Net profit/(loss) attributable to shareholders of the parent Amounts due and paid on perpetual loan	19.3	7.6	37.0	(4.2)	
participation notes, net of tax Total net profit/(loss) attributable to	-	0.8	(5.7)	(9.7)	
shareholders of the parent	19.3	8.4	31.3	(13.9)	
Basic and diluted earnings per share (expressed in Russian roubles per share)	0.00149	0.00065	0.00242	(0.00108)	
Profit/(loss) after tax from subsidiaries acquired exclusively with a view to resale Basic and diluted earnings per share based on profit after tax from subsidiaries acquired	-	0.1	7.7	(1.6)	
exclusively with a view to resale (expressed in Russian roubles per share)	0.00000	0.00001	0.00060	(0.00012)	
Total net profit/(loss) attributable to shareholders of the parent net of profit after tax from subsidiaries acquired exclusively with a view to resale Basic and diluted earnings per share before profit after tax from subsidiaries acquired	19.3	8.3	23.6	(12.3)	
exclusively with a view to resale (expressed in Russian roubles per share)	0.00149	0.00064	0.00182	(0.00096)	

SELECTED NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 SEPTEMBER 2016 (CONTINUED)

35. ADOPTION OF NEW OR REVISED STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS

The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the interim condensed consolidated financial statements are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the Group's annual financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015, except for the adoption of new standards and interpretations as at 1 January 2016 noted below:

IFRS 14 Regulatory Deferral Accounts (issued in January 2014 and effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016). IFRS 14 permits first-time adopters to continue to recognise amounts related to rate regulation in accordance with their previous GAAP requirements when they adopt IFRS. However, to enhance comparability with entities that already apply IFRS and do not recognise such amounts, the standard requires that the effect of rate regulation must be presented separately from other items. An entity that already presents IFRS financial statements is not eligible to apply the standard.

Amendments to IAS 16 and IAS 38 Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortisation (issued on 12 May 2014 and effective for the periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016). The amendments have clarified that the use of revenue-based methods to calculate the depreciation of an asset is not appropriate because revenue generated by an activity that includes the use of an asset generally reflects factors other than the consumption of the economic benefits embodied in the asset. The amendments have clarified that revenue is generally presumed to be an inappropriate basis for measuring the consumption of the economic benefits embodied in an intangible asset. This presumption, however, can be rebutted in certain limited circumstances. These amendments do not have any impact to the Group given that the Group has not used a revenue-based method to depreciate its noncurrent assets.

Amendments to IAS 16 and IAS 41 Bearer Plants (issued on 30 June 2014 and effective for annual periods beginning 1 January 2016). The amendments change the financial reporting for bearer plants. In accordance with these amendments bearer plants should be accounted for in the same way as property, plant and equipment in IAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment. These amendments had no impact on the Group's financial position since the Group does not own or control bearer plants.

Amendments to IAS 27 Equity Method in Separate Financial Statements (issued on 12 August 2014 and effective for annual periods beginning 1 January 2016). The amendments will allow entities to use the equity method to account for investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates in their separate financial statements. The amendments are not applicable for consolidated financial statements of the Group.

Amendments to IFRS 11 Joint Arrangements (issued on 6 May 2014 and effective for the periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016). The amendments add new guidance on how to account for the acquisition of an interest in a joint operation that constitutes a business. The amendments specify the appropriate accounting treatment for such acquisitions. These amendments do

not have any impact on the Group as there has been no interest acquired in a joint operation during the period.

Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2014 (issued on 25 September 2014 and effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016). The amendments impact 4 standards. IFRS 5 was amended to clarify that change in the manner of disposal (reclassification from "held for sale" to "held for distribution" or vice versa) does not constitute a change to a plan of sale or distribution, and does not have to be accounted for as such. The amendment to IFRS 7 adds guidance to help management determine whether the terms of an arrangement to service a financial asset which has been transferred constitute continuing involvement, for the purposes of disclosures required by IFRS 7. The amendment also clarifies that the offsetting disclosures of IFRS 7 are not specifically required for all interim periods. unless required by IAS 34. The amendment to IAS 19 clarifies that for post-employment benefit obligations, the decisions regarding discount rate, existence of deep market in high-quality corporate bonds, or which government bonds to use as a basis, should be based on the currency that the liabilities are denominated in, and not the country where they arise. IAS 34 will require a cross reference from the interim financial statements to the location of "information disclosed elsewhere in the interim financial report". These amendments had no impact on the Group's financial position.

Amendments to IAS 1 Disclosure Initiative (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016, with early adoption permitted). The amendments to IAS 1 clarify, rather than significantly change, existing IAS 1 requirements. The amendments clarify:

- The materiality requirements in IAS 1
- That specific line items in the statement(s) of profit or loss and OCI and the statement of financial position may be disaggregated
- That entities have flexibility as to the order in which they present the notes to financial statements
- That the share of OCI of associates and joint ventures accounted for using the equity method must be presented in aggregate as a single line item, and classified between those items that will or will not be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss

Furthermore, the amendments clarify the requirements that apply when additional subtotals are presented in the statement of financial position and the statement(s) of profit or loss and OCI. These amendments do not have any impact on the Group.

Amendments to IFRS 10, IFRS 12 and IAS 28 Investment Entities: Applying the Consolidation Exception (applied retrospectively and are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016, with early adoption permitted). The amendments address issues that have arisen in applying the investment entities exception under IFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements. The amendments to IFRS 10 clarify that the exemption from presenting consolidated financial statements applies to a parent entity that is a subsidiary of an investment entity, when the investment entity measures all of its subsidiaries at fair value.

SELECTED NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 30 SEPTEMBER 2016 (CONTINUED)

35. ADOPTION OF NEW OR REVISED STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS (CONTINUED)

Furthermore, the amendments to IFRS 10 clarify that only a subsidiary of an investment entity that is not an investment entity itself and that provides support services to the investment entity is consolidated. All other subsidiaries of an investment entity are measured at fair value. The amendments to IAS 28 *Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures* allow the investor, when applying the equity method, to retain the fair value

measurement applied by the investment entity associate or joint venture to its interests in subsidiaries.

These amendments do not have any impact on the Group as the Group does not apply the consolidation exception.

36. CHANGES IN PRESENTATION

Payments to Deposit Insurance System and Other operating expense

Starting 2015 the Group presents payments to deposit insurance system directly related to interest-bearing liabilities as a separate line of the net interest income. Starting 2015, the Group decided to present certain expenses directly related to non-interest gains in the consolidated income statement consistently with the presentation of the other operating income having separated them from the staff and administrative expenses.

Accordingly the presentation of the comparative figures has been adjusted to be consistent with the new presentation. The effect of changes on the interim consolidated income statement for the three-month and ninemonth periods ended 30 September 2015 (unaudited) is as follows:

	As previously reported		As previously reported Reclassification		As reclassified	
	For the	For the	For the	For the	For the	For the
	three-month	nine-month	three-month	nine-month	three-month	nine-month
	period	period	period	period	period	period
	ended	ended	ended	ended	ended	ended
	30 Sep	tember 2015	30 Sep	tember 2015	30 Sep	tember 2015
Payments to deposit insurance system	_	_	(2.5)	(6.5)	(2.5)	(6.5)
Other operating expense	(1.2)	(3.6)	(1.8)	(5.0)	(3.0)	(8.6)
Staff costs and administrative expenses	(59.9)	(172.9)	4.3	11.5	(55.6)	(161.4)

The effect of corresponding reclassifications on disclosure of the interim consolidated statement of cash flows for the nine-month period ended 30 September 2015 (unaudited) is as follows:

	As previously reported	Reclassification	As reclassified
Cash flows from operating activities			
Payments to deposit insurance system	_	(6.5)	(6.5)
Other operating expenses paid	(2.0)	(1.2)	(3.2)
Staff costs, administrative expenses paid	(162.4)	7.7	(154.7)

The effect of reclassification of the comparative information in Staff Costs and Administrative Expenses note (Note 8) for the three-month and nine-month periods ended 30 September 2015 (unaudited) was as follows:

	As previously reported		Reclassification		As reclassified	
	For the	For the	For the	For the	For the	For the
	three-month	nine-month	three-month	nine-month	three-month	nine-month
	period	period	period	period	period	period
	ended	ended	ended	ended	ended	ended
	30 Sep	tember 2015	30 Sep	tember 2015	30 Sep	tember 2015
Depreciation and other expenses related to						
premises and equipment	7.0	19.4	(1.3)	(3.5)	5.7	15.9
Taxes other than on income	2.2	5.3	(0.2)	(0.7)	2.0	4.6
Insurance costs	0.4	0.8	(0.2)	(0.5)	0.2	0.3
Amortization of core deposit and customer loan						
intangible	1.5	4.1	(0.1)	(0.3)	1.4	3.8
Payments to deposit insurance system	2.5	6.5	(2.5)	(6.5)	_	_