JSC OPIN and Subsidiaries

Independent Auditors' Report

Consolidated Financial Statements

for the year ended 31 December 2007

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2007

INDEX	Page
STATEMENT OF MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE PREPARATION AND APPROVAL OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2007	1
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT	2-3
CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2007:	
Consolidated balance sheet as of 31 December 2007	4
Consolidated income statement for year ended 31 December 2007	5
Consolidated statement of changes in equity for the year ended 31 December 2007	6
Consolidated statement of cash flows for the year ended 31 December 2007	7-8
Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2007	9-49

STATEMENT OF MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE PREPARATION AND APPROVAL OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2007

The following statement, which should be read in conjunction with the independent auditors' responsibilities stated in the independent auditors' report set out on page 2, is made with a view to distinguishing the respective responsibilities of management and those of the independent auditors in relation to the consolidated financial statements of Joint Stock Company Open Investments ("JSC OPIN") and its subsidiaries (the "Group").

Management is responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that present fairly the financial position of the Group as of 31 December 2007 and the consolidated results of its operations, cash flows and changes in equity for the year then ended, in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS").

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for:

- Selecting suitable accounting principles and applying them consistently;
- Making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- Stating whether IFRS have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the consolidated financial statements; and
- Preparing the consolidated financial statements on a going concern basis, unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Group will continue in business for the foreseeable future.

Management is also responsible for:

- Designing, implementing and maintaining an effective and sound system of internal controls, throughout the Group;
- Maintaining proper accounting records that disclose, with reasonable accuracy at any time, the consolidated financial position of the Group, and which enable them to ensure that the consolidated financial statements of the Group comply with IFRS;
- Maintaining statutory accounting records in compliance with the legislation and accounting standards of the Russian Federation and other jurisdictions in which the Group operates;
- Taking such steps as are reasonably available to them to safeguard the assets of the Group; and
- Detecting and preventing fraud and other irregularities.

On behalf of Group's management, the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2007 were authorized for issue on 28 March 2008 by:

Sergey V. Bachin

General Director of JSC OPIN

Moscow 28 March 2008

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Deloitte.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Shareholders and the Board of Directors of JSC OPIN:

Report on the consolidated financial statements

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of JSC OPIN and subsidiaries (the "Group"), which comprise the consolidated balance sheet as of 31 December 2007, and the related consolidated statements of income, changes in equity and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes.

Management's responsibility for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards. This responsibility includes: designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

Audit. Tax. Consulting. Financial Advisory.

Member of Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as of 31 December 2007, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

Doloitte & Touche

28 March 2008 Moscow



CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS OF 31 DECEMBER 2007

	Notes	31 December 2007 '000 USD	31 December 2006 '000 USD
ASSETS			
NON-CURRENT ASSETS:			
Goodwill	4	633	633
Intangible assets	5	565	122
Property, plant and equipment	6	122,906	93,967
Capital advances	7	863,832	463,237
Investment property	8	102,656	141,049
Investment property under development Value added tax recoverable	9	1,350,810	525,903
Deferred tax assets	19	50,657	24,692
Deterred tax assets	19	14,313	<u>6,836</u> 1,256,439
CURRENT ASSETS:		2,506,372	1,230,439
Inventories	10	482,732	35,017
Advances paid	10	18,752	8,344
Value added tax recoverable		2,638	3,701
Receivables from customers under construction contracts	35	31,500	11,006
Trade accounts receivable		2,508	1,134
Other receivables and prepaid expenses	11,35	6,367	2,878
Loans to third parties	12	20,473	23,560
Cash and cash equivalents	13,35	427,092	313,400
		992,062	399,040
TOTAL ASSETS		3,498,434	1,655,479
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
EQUITY:			
Share capital	14	494,316	338,035
Additional paid-in-capital	15	1,472,101	713,172
Revaluation reserve	16	612,605	113,232
Retained earnings		191,028	97,282
		2,770,050	1,261,721
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES:			
Deferred income tax liabilities	19	351,340	112,212
Long-term finance lease payable	20	12,341	10,539
Long-term loans	21,35	92,193	45,590
		455,874	168,341
CURRENT LIABILITIES:	22	102.000	154 727
Short-term loans and accrued interest	22	103,882	154,737
Short-term finance lease payable Trade and other accounts payable	20 23	409	285
Tax liability, other than income tax	25	37,222 760	12,045 694
Current income tax liability		6,611	279
Advances received from customers for inventories	35	123,626	57,377
	55	272,510	225,417
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		3,498,434	1,655,479
	:	· · · · · ·	·

CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT FOR YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2007

	Notes	Year ended 31 December 2007 '000 USD	Year ended 31 December 2006 '000 USD
REVENUE Devenue un den construction contracto	24 25	05 270	45 400
Revenue under construction contracts Land sold	24, 35 35	95,370 39,566	45,490 11,282
Hotel revenue	35	24,121	20,027
Rental income from investment property		3,737	3,355
Revenue on rendering other services	35	1,862	5,435
Revenue on rendering other services	55	164,656	85,589
COST OF SALES		104,050	05,507
Cost of construction contracts	25	(58,442)	(25,035)
Cost of land sold		(29,338)	(9,445)
Cost of hotel services	26	(13,427)	(12,209)
Cost of rental services	27	(622)	(569)
Cost of other services	28	(890)	(4,328)
		(102,719)	(51,586)
GROSS PROFIT		61,937	34,003
Selling, general and administrative expenses	29, 35	(36,937)	(19,418)
Expense under share based payment program	15	(3,140)	(5,015)
Interest income	30, 35	27,921	14,257
Interest expense	31, 35	(10,691)	(11,534)
Gain on change in fair value of investment property	8	38,069	43,482
Loss on extinguishment of debt	0	(640)	
Net gain on foreign currency operations		17,099	15,334
Other income		2,904	1,829
Other expenses		(382)	(1,750)
PROFIT BEFORE INCOME TAX		96,140	71,188
INCOME TAX	19	(9,378)	(13,278)
NET PROFIT		86,762	57,910
Attributable to:			
Shareholders of the parent company		86,762	58,108
Minority interest	17		(198)
	- /	86,762	57,910
		,	
EARNINGS PER SHARE:			
Basic, for profit attributable to shareholders of the parent company,	22		10.07
US Dollars	32	7.70	10.07
Diluted, for profit attributable to shareholders of the parent	22	7 57	0.01
company, US Dollars	32	7.56	9.81

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CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2007

GSD 000,	Share capital	Additional paid-in-capital	Revaluation reserve	Retained earnings	Equity attributable to the shareholders of the parent company	Minority interest	Total equity
Balance as of 31 December 2005	119,797	19,024	69,368	36,147	244,336	5,901	250,237
Net profit Revaluation surplus (Note 16, Note 17) Release of revaluation surplus on disposed assets (Note 16) Issue of shares Purchase of treasury shares Expense under share based payment program (Note 18) Change in investment in subsidiary	- - 232,889 (14,651)	- - 731,823 (42,690) 5,015	61,350 (3,027) - - (14,459)	58,108 - 3,027 - -	58,108 61,350 61,350 964,712 (57,341) 5,015 (14,459)	(198) 6,562 - - (12,265)	57,910 67,912 - 964,712 (57,341) 5,015 (26,724)
Balance as of 31 December 2006	338,035	713,172	113,232	97,282	1,261,721		1,261,721
Net profit Revaluation surplus (Note 16) Release of revaluation surplus on disposed assets (Note 16) Issue of shares (Note 14, Note 15) Decrease in deferred tax liability due to change in tax base of assets (Note 19) Sale of treasury shares (Note 14, Note 15) Expense under share based payment program (Note 18)	- - 151,446 4,835 -	- - - 1,783 3,140	504,852 (5,479) -	86,762 - 5,479 - 1,505 -	86,762 504,852 - 905,452 6,618 3,140		86,762 504,852 - 905,452 1,505 6,618 3,140
Balance as of 31 December 2007	494,316	1,472,101	612,605	191,028	2,770,050		2,770,050

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2007

	Notes	Year ended 31 December 2007 000'USD	Year ended 31 December 2006 000'USD
OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
Profit before income tax		96,140	71,188
Adjustments for:		50,110	/1,100
Depreciation and amortization expense		3,136	2,412
Gain on property, plant and equipment disposal		(19)	(6)
Gain on investment property disposal		(2,712)	(1,550)
Interest income		(27,921)	(14,257)
Interest expense		10,691	11,534
Expense under share based payment program		3,140	5,015
Gain on change in fair value of investment property		(38,069)	(43,482)
Operating cash flow before movements in working capital		44,386	30,854
Decrease in land held for sale		29,338	9,445
Increase in residential buildings under development		(102,788)	-
Increase in other inventories		(390)	(243)
(Increase) / decrease in receivables from customers under		(20 , 40 , 4)	10.154
construction contracts		(20,494)	10,154
Decrease in other receivables and prepaid expenses		403	3,459
Increase in trade accounts receivable		(1,369)	(18)
Increase in value added tax recoverable		(24,884)	(14,306)
Increase in advances paid		(10,408)	(619)
Increase in long-term accounts payable		-	2,932
Increase in trade and other accounts payable Increase in advances received from customers for residential		2,719	2,484
		55,719	16,826
buildings under development Increase in advances received from customers for land plots		10,530	4,525
*		34	(253)
Increase/(decrease) in tax liability			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Cash (used in) / provided by operations		(17,204) (11,645)	65,240 (12,699)
Interest paid			
Income tax paid		(15,188)	(7,920)
Net cash (used in) / provided by operating activities		(44,037)	44,621
INVESTING ACTIVITIES:			
Decrease of accounts payable on acquisition of subsidiaries		-	(11,057)
Acquisition of subsidiaries, net of cash acquired	34	(1,466)	(109,409)
Loans issued		(772)	(30,095)
Loans repaid		6,466	5,070
Interest received		16,320	7,910
Proceeds from sale of investment property		7,403	3,350
Purchase of investment property		(1,039)	(1,222)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment		156	21
Purchase of property, plant and equipment and other non-current			
assets		(686,747)	(432,349)
Purchase of land and property under development		(87,742)	(99,731)
Net cash used in investing activities		(747,421)	(667,512)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2007

	Notes	Year ended 31 December 2007 000'USD	Year ended 31 December 2006 000'USD
FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Proceeds from issuance of shares Release of cash reserved at banks under currency control regulation Reduction of finance lease liability Purchase of treasury shares Loans received Repayment of loans Net cash from financing activities		912,070 (348) 150,000 (155,290) 906,432	961,270 3,005 (83) (57,341) 75,000 (102,266) 879,585
EFFECT OF FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES ON CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	-	(1,282)	1,278
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		113,692	257,972
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, beginning of the period	13	313,400	55,428
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, end of the period	13	427,092	313,400

Interest expense capitalized by the Group during the year ended 31 December 2007 amounted to USD 10,046 thousand. Capitalized interest in the amount of USD 537 thousand was unpaid as of 31 December 2007.

Interest expense capitalized by the Group during the year ended 31 December 2006 amounted to USD 13,350 thousand. Capitalized interest in the amount of USD 1,658 thousand was unpaid as of 31 December 2006.

During the year ended 31 December 2007 the Group increased the cost of property, plant and equipment acquired under finance lease by USD 1,321 thousand due to changes in the lease payments.

Property, plant and equipment acquired under finance lease during the year ended 31 December 2006 amounted to USD 10,696 thousand.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2007

1. NATURE OF THE BUSINESS

JSC OPIN (the "Company") is a Moscow-based real estate development, management and investment company. It was incorporated in Moscow, Russian Federation, on 4 September 2002 as an Open Joint Stock Company under the laws of the Russian Federation. The Company's business strategy focuses on developing, managing and disposing of investment grade Class A and Class B office buildings, residential housing, and commercial real estate. The principal operating office of the Company is located in 23 Novoslobodskaya str., Moscow, 127055, Russian Federation.

The Company is the parent company of a group of entities consolidated within these financial statements (the "Group").

The principal activities and countries of incorporation of the entities of the Group as of 31 December 2007 and 2006 are as follows:

Operating entity	Project	Principal activity	% held as of 31 December 2007	% held as of 31 December 2006	Country of incorpo- ration
Growth Technologies (Russia) Limited	Group's projects	Providing consulting services in connection with investment in real estate market; Co-investing in real estate projects	100%	100%	Cyprus
Pavlovo LLC	Pavlovo	Investing in, developing, managing and disposing Pavlovo project assets	100%	100%	Russia
Pavlovo Podvorye LLC	Pavlovo Podvorye	Investing in, developing, managing and disposing Pavlovo Podvorye project assets	100%	100%	Russia
Stroy Invest Group LLC	Pavlovo II	Investing in, developing, managing and disposing Pavlovo II project assets	100%	100%	Russia
Sakharova Business Plaza LLC	Domnikov Class A Business Centre	Land lease holding company. Investing in, developing, managing and disposing Sakharov Business Plaza project assets	100%	100%	Russia
Bank Tower LLC	Domnikov Class A Business Centre	Investor and future owner of a part of Sakharov Business Plaza	100%	100%	Russia
Sakharov Office Park LLC	Domnikov Class A Business Centre	Investor and future owner of a part of Sakharov Business Plaza	100%	100%	Russia

Operating entity	Project	Principal activity	% held as of 31 December 2007	% held as of 31 December 2006	Country of incorpo- ration
Investproject Group LLC	Class A Office Center	Investing in, developing, managing and disposing of a Class A Office Center's assets	100%	100%	Russia
Yacht-club "Pestovsky" LLC	Pestovo	Investing in, developing, managing and disposing of Pestovo project assets	100%	100%	Russia
Estate Management LLC	Group's project	Development, sale and property management of projects assets	100%	100%	Russia
Invest Group LLC	Group's projects	Investing in, developing, managing and disposing of future projects assets	100%	100%	Russia
OI Management Company LLC	Group's projects	Investing in, developing, managing and disposing of future projects assets	100%	100%	Russia
ExpoDom LLC	Group's real property	Providing property management and maintenance services	100%	100%	Russia
IR Development Ltd	l Group's development projects	Providing technical supervision and construction management services	100%	100%	Russia
Pestovo LLC	Pestovo	Investing in, developing, managing and disposing of Pestovo project assets	100%	100%	Russia
Open Investments - Saint Petersburg LLC	Group's projects in Saint- Petersburg	Investing in, developing, managing and disposing of future Saint-Petersburg projects' assets	100%	100%	Russia
Zhilaya i Commercheskaya Nedvizhimost LLC	Group's project	Investing in, developing, managing and disposing of future project assets	100%	100%	Russia
JSC Hotel Novoslobodskaya	Novotel Moscow Center Hotel	Providing hotel services	100%	100%	Russia
Stroy Group LLC	Pavlovo II	Investing in, developing, managing and disposing Pavlovo II project assets	100%	100%	Russia
Proekt Capital LLC	Group's project	Investing in, developing, managing and disposing projects assets	100%	100%	Russia
Stroy Servis Group LLC	Group's project	Investing in, developing, managing and disposing projects assets	-	100%	Russia
Martemianovo LLC	Martemianovo	Investing in, developing, managing and disposing Martemianovo project assets	100%	100%	Russia
			100/0	10070	

Operating entity	Project	Principal activity	% held as of 31 December 2007	% held as of 31 December 2006	Country of incorpo- ration
Amalia LLC OPIN Plaza LLC	Pavlovo II OPIN Plaza	Investing in, developing, managing and disposing Pavlovo II project assets Investing in, developing, managing and disposing	100%	100%	Russia
		of a Class A Office Center's assets	100%	100%	Russia
Krasnaya Gorka LLC	Samara	Investing in, developing, managing and disposing Samara project assets	-	100%	Russia
Belyi Parus LLC	Sochi Hotel and Residential Complex	Investing in, developing, managing and disposing Sochi Hotel and Residential Complex assets	100%	100%	Russia
Invest Nedvizhimost LLC	Group's project	Investing in, developing, managing and disposing projects assets	100%	100%	Russia
Lukino LLC	Lukino	Investing in, developing, managing and disposing Lukino project assets	100%	100%	Russia
Proekt Story LLC	Group's project	Investing in, developing, managing and disposing projects assets	100%	100%	Russia
CP Martemianovo LLC	Martemianovo	 Investing in, developing, managing and disposing Martemianovo project assets 	100%	100%	Russia
Stroy Park LLC	Group's project	Investing in, developing, managing and disposing of future project assets	100%	100%	Russia
Onigomati Investment Limited	Group's project	Realisation of the employee share based payments program	100%	100%	Cyprus
Eko-Center LLC	Gorki-10	Investing in, developing, managing and disposing Gorki-10 project assets	100%	100%	Russia
Lukino-Invest LLC	Lukino	Investing in, developing, managing and disposing Lukino project assets	100%	100%	Russia
Novorizhskiy LLC	Lukino	Investing in, developing, managing and disposing Lukino project assets	100%	100%	Russia
Capital Industry LLC	Group's project	Investing in, developing, managing and disposing projects assets	100%	100%	Russia
Eko-Polis LLC	Group's project	Investing in, developing, managing and disposing projects assets	100%	100%	Russia

Operating entity	Project	Principal activity	% held as of 31 December 2007	% held as of 31 December 2006	Country of incorpo- ration
	· · · ·	â	2007	2000	141011
Instroy LLC	Pavlovo II	Investing in, developing, managing and disposing Pavlovo II project assets	100%	100%	Russia
Istok LLC	Large Pestovo	Investing in, developing, managing and disposing Large Pestovo project assets	100%	100%	Russia
ExpoDom – Podmoskovye LLC	Group's real property	Providing property management and maintenance services	100%	100%	Russia
Zemelnyi Capital LLC	Group's project	Investing in, developing, managing and disposing of future project assets	100%	100%	Russia
Express LLC	Group's project	Investing in, developing, managing and disposing of future project assets	100%	100%	Russia
Regional development LLC	Group's project in Tver region	Investing in, developing, managing and disposing of future project Group's assets in Tver region	100%	-	Russia
Capital Service LLC	C Group's project in Tver region	Investing in, developing, managing and disposing of future project Group's assets in Tver region	100%	-	Russia
Invest Polis LLC	Group's project in Tver region	Investing in, developing, managing and disposing of future project Group's assets in Tver region	100%	_	Russia
Extern LLC	Sochi Hotel and Residential Complex	Investing in, developing, managing and disposing Sochi Hotel and Residential Complex assets	100%	_	Russia
Agro Service LLC	Group's project in Tver region	Investing in, developing, managing and disposing of future project Group's assets in Tver region	100%	_	Russia
Agro Group LLC	Group's project in Tver region	Investing in, developing, managing and disposing of future project Group's assets in Tver region	100%	-	Russia
Invest Service LLC	Group's project in Tver region	Investing in, developing, managing and disposing of future project Group's assets in Tver region	100%	_	Russia
Agrosistema LLC	Large Pestovo	Investing in, developing, managing and disposing Large Pestovo project			
		assets	100%	-	Russia

Operating entity	Project	Principal activity	% held as of 31 December 2007	% held as of 31 December 2006	Country of incorpo- ration
Selskie zori LLC	Large Pestovo	Investing in, developing, managing and disposing Large Pestovo project assets	100%	-	Russia
Stroy Progress LLC	Large Pestovo	Investing in, developing, managing and disposing Large Pestovo project assets	100%	_	Russia
OPIN-Konakovo LLC	Group's project	Developing and managing of project assets in Tver region	100%	-	Russia
OPIN-Uglich LLC	Group's project	Developing and managing of project assets in Yaroslavl region	100%	-	Russia
OPIN-Koprino LLC	Group's project	Developing and managing of project assets in Yaroslavl region	100%	-	Russia
OPIN-Development LLC	Group's project	Developing and managing of project assets in Moscow region	100%	-	Russia
OPIN CAPITAL INC.	Group's project	Investing in, developing, managing and disposing of future project assets	100%	-	Canada
OPIN Yug LLC	Group's project	Developing and managing of project assets in Sochi region	100%	-	Russia
Timonino LLC	Group's project	Investing in, developing, managing and disposing of future project assets	100%	-	Russia
Start Polis LLC	Group's project	Investing in, developing, managing and disposing of future project assets	100%	-	Russia
TM Group LLC	Group's project	Investing in, developing, managing and disposing of future project assets	100%	-	Russia
Pavlovskaya school ANO	Group's project	Provision of education services	100%	-	Russia

In addition the Group owns 100% of the shares of Closed Unit Investment Fund Novy Dom ("New House"), which were consolidated in the financial statements of the Group.

As 31 December 2007 and 2006 the shareholders' structure of the Company was as follows:

Shareholder	31 December 2007	31 December 2006
Motherlane Properties Limited	37.97%	57.84%
KM Invest JSC	19.87%	-
Treasury stock	0.98%	2.73%
Others	41.18%	39.43%
Total	100.00%	100.00%

Ultimate owners of the Group are Mr. Vladimir O. Potanin and Mr. Mikhail D. Prokhorov. Each of them indirectly holds 28.92% shares of the Company as of 31 December 2007.

2. PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of compliance – The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS").

Basis of preparation - The consolidated financial statements of the Group are prepared on the historical cost basis, except for:

- Fair value of subsidiaries acquired in accordance with IFRS No. 3 "Business Combinations";
- Valuation of investment property under development in accordance with IAS No. 16 "Property, Plant and Equipment" ("IAS 16");
- Valuation of investment property in accordance with IAS No. 40 "Investment property" ("IAS 40");
- Valuation of financial instruments in accordance with IAS No. 39 "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement".

Russian statutory accounting principles and procedures differ substantially from those generally accepted under IFRS. Accordingly, these consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared from the Russian statutory accounting records for the entities of the Group domiciled in the Russian Federation, reflect adjustments necessary for such financial statements to be presented in accordance with IFRS. These adjustments include certain reclassifications to reflect the economic substance of underlying transactions including reclassifications of certain assets and liabilities, income and expenses to appropriate financial statement captions.

These consolidated financial statements are presented in thousands of United States Dollars ("USD"), except for earnings per share amounts and elsewhere where indicated.

Functional and presentation currencies – The consolidated financial statements are presented and measured in USD for the following reasons:

- The majority of the Group's transactions were denominated or completed in USD;
- Owing to the nature of the Group's business, most of management's economic and operational decisions were based on USD;
- Management believed that USD reporting better reflected the economic substance of the underlying events and circumstances relevant to the Group.

During 2007, USD to Russian Ruble ("RUR") rate has significantly decreased, and most of the Group's contractors, including customers, switched to settlements in RUR.

The presentation currency of the Group is USD as management considers it is convenient for users of the consolidated financial statements.

Foreign currencies – All entities of the Group, except for Growth Technologies (Russia) Limited, Onigomati Investment Limited and OPIN CAPITAL INC. maintain their accounting records in Russian Rubles ("RUR") in accordance with the accounting and reporting regulations of the Russian Federation. Growth Technologies (Russia) Limited, Onigomati Investment Limited and OPIN CAPITAL INC. maintain their accounting records in USD and in accordance with IFRS.

In measuring financial statements of the entities domiciled in the Russian Federation in USD for incorporation into the consolidated financial statements, the Group follows a measurement policy in accordance with IAS No. 21 "The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates":

- Foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities are measured using the closing rate;
- Non-monetary assets and liabilities in a foreign currency are measured using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction;
- Income and expense items are measured using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction;
- All resulting exchange differences are recorded as gains or losses on foreign currency operations in the consolidated income statement.

The relevant exchange rate of the Central Bank of the Russian Federation used in measuring the financial statements of the entities domiciled in the Russian Federation in US Dollars was USD 1 = 24.5462 RUR as of 31 December 2007 and USD 1 = 26.3311 RUR as of 31 December 2006.

The measurement of RUR denominated assets and liabilities in USD as of 31 December 2007 and 2006 does not indicate that the Group could realize, or settle in USD, the measured value of these assets and liabilities as well as to distribute the disclosed amount of equity to shareholders.

 $Use \ of \ estimates \ and \ assumptions$ – The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, revenues and expenses and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. Due to the inherent uncertainty in making those estimates, actual results reported in future periods could differ from such estimates.

Key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the balance sheet date, that have a significant risk of causing material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year include:

	31 December 2007 '000 USD
Investment property (Note 8)	102,656
Land under development (Note 9)	1,215,046

Investment property and land under development are measured at revalued amounts. The date of the latest appraisal was 31 December 2007.

Critical judgment in applying the Group's accounting policies – In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, which are described in Note 3, management has made the following judgment that has the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements (apart from those involving estimations, which are dealt with above):

Revenue recognition: Note 25 describes the expenditures incurred by the Group with respect to construction contracts concluded with the Group's customers for the construction of houses on land owned by the Group. Title to those houses and the land has not been transferred to the Group's customers as of the date of these consolidated financial statements. Following negotiation of the terms of these construction contacts, a schedule of work was agreed, which will involve additional Group expenditure until 2009. In light of the specifics attributable to construction contracts, management was required to consider whether it was appropriate to recognize revenue from these transactions of USD 70,461 thousand in the current period, in line with the Group's general policy of recognizing revenue from construction contracts.

In making its judgment, management considered the detailed criteria for the recognition of revenue from construction contracts set out in IAS No. 11 "Construction Contracts" and, in particular, whether the Group had transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the houses and the land. Following a detailed review of the Group's construction contracts, the directors are satisfied that recognition of the revenue in the current year is appropriate, in conjunction with recognition of attributable construction costs.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Principles of consolidation – The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled by the Company (its subsidiaries). Control is achieved where the Company has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an investee entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities. The ownership interest of the Company in the subsidiaries as of 31 December 2007 and 2006 is presented in Note 1.

On acquisition, the assets and liabilities and contingent liabilities of a subsidiary are measured at their fair values at the date of acquisition. Any excess of the cost of acquisition over the fair values of the identifiable net assets acquired is recognized as goodwill. Any deficiency of the cost of acquisition below the fair values of the identifiable net assets acquired (i.e. discount on acquisition) is credited to the consolidated income statement in the period of acquisition. The interest of minority shareholders is stated at the minority's proportion of the fair values of the assets and liabilities recognized. Subsequently, any losses applicable to the minority interest in excess of the minority interest are allocated against the interest of the parent.

The results of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated income statement from the effective date of acquisition or up to the effective date of disposal, as appropriate.

Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring the accounting policies used into line with those used by the Group.

All intra-group transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated on consolidation.

Goodwill – Goodwill arising on consolidation represents the excess of the cost of acquisition over the Group's interest in the fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of a subsidiary at the date of acquisition.

Goodwill is recognized as an asset and reviewed for impairment annually. Any impairment is recognized immediately in the consolidated income statement and is not subsequently reversed.

On disposal of a subsidiary the attributable amount of goodwill is included in the determination of the profit or loss on disposal.

Intangible assets – Intangible assets are measured initially at purchase cost and are amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives, which is on a range of 2-5 years.

Property, plant and equipment – Property, plant and equipment is carried at historical cost, except for owner-occupied property transferred from investment property, less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment loss. Capitalized cost includes major expenditures for improvements and replacements that extend the useful lives of the assets or increase their revenue generating capacity. Repairs and maintenance expenditures that do not meet the foregoing criteria for capitalization are charged to the consolidated income statement as incurred.

Construction in progress comprises costs directly related to the construction of property, plant and equipment including an appropriate allocation of directly attributable variable overheads that are incurred in construction. Depreciation of these assets, on the same basis as for other property assets, commences when the assets are put into operation.

Depreciation of property, plant and equipment is designed to write off assets over their useful economic lives and is calculated on a straight line basis at the following annual prescribed rates:

Buildings	2.5%
Fittings and fixtures	6.7-10%
Machinery and equipment	5-20%
Transport	20%
Furniture and office equipment	14-33%

The carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each balance sheet date to assess whether they are recorded in excess of their recoverable amounts, and where carrying values exceed this estimated recoverable amount, assets are written down to their recoverable amount. An impairment is recognized in the respective period and is included in operating expenses. After the recognition of an impairment loss the depreciation charge for property, plant and equipment is adjusted in future periods to allocate the assets' revised carrying value, less its residual value (if any), on a systematic basis over its remaining useful life.

The gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an asset is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognized in the consolidated income statement.

Leasehold improvements are amortized over the life of the related leased asset. Expenses related to repairs and renewals are charged when incurred and included in operating expenses unless they qualify for capitalization.

Impairment loss – If the recoverable amount of an asset is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable value. The difference, being an impairment loss, is recognized as an expense in the consolidated income statement for the year in which it arises.

Capital advances – Capital advances represent amounts paid to vendors for capital construction, acquisition of property, plant and equipment, land plots and investment property. They are carried at cost.

Investment property – Investment property is a property (land or building – or part of a building – or both) held by the Group to earn rentals or for capital appreciation or both, as well as property held for a currently undetermined future use. Investment property is originally recorded at cost. Subsequent expenditure relating to an investment property is added to the carrying amount of the investment property when it is probable that future economic benefits, in excess of the originally assessed standard of performance of the existing investment property, will flow to the enterprise. All other subsequent expenditures are recognized as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

The Group elected to use the fair value model allowed by IAS 40 to measure investment property subsequent to initial recognition. Therefore investment property is stated at fair value.

For a transfer from investment property carried at fair value to owner-occupied property or property held for sale in the ordinary course of business, the property's fair value at the date of transfer is considered as deemed cost for subsequent accounting in accordance with IAS 16 and IAS 2.

Investment property under development – Investment property under development includes land under development and property under development, treated as follows.

Land under development represents land, which is in the process of development by the Group for future use as investment property, and also land under physical transformation (radical improvement) or change in legal status (including change of category of authorized use) with undetermined future use. Management elected to follow the alternative treatment allowed by IAS 16 and, subsequent to initial recognition, such land is carried at a revalued amount determined by independent appraisal, being its fair value at the date of the revaluation. Management plans to perform revaluation of land under development with sufficient regularity such that the carrying amount does not differ materially from what which would be determined using fair value at the reporting date.

When an asset's carrying amount is increased as a result of a revaluation, the increase is credited directly to equity as revaluation reserve. However, the increase is recognized in the consolidated income statement to the extent that it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognized in profit or loss. If an asset's carrying amount is decreased as a result of a revaluation, the decrease shall be recognized directly in the consolidated income statement. However, the decrease shall be revaluation reserve to the extent of any credit balance existing in the revaluation reserve in respect of that asset.

If, after or in course of the development process, management's intentions related to a certain land parcel is changed such parcel is transferred to the land held for sale category or to the property, plant and equipment and its carrying amount at the date of transfer is considered as its cost as of that date.

Property under development represents buildings that are being constructed for future use as investment property. Property under development is accounted for at cost in accordance with IAS 16. When the construction is completed such buildings are transferred to investment property.

If, after or in course of the development process, management's intentions related to a certain property is changed, such properties are transferred to residential buildings under development or property, plant and equipment and its carrying amount at the date of transfer is considered as its cost as of that date.

Taxation – Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the consolidated income statement because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in accordance with the laws of the Russian Federation and Cyprus.

Deferred taxes, if any, are provided on items recognized in different periods for financial reporting purposes and income tax purposes, using the balance sheet liability method at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled. Deferred tax liabilities, if any, which result from temporary differences, are provided for in full. Deferred tax assets are recorded to the extent that there is a reasonable expectation that these assets will be realized.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset when:

- The Group has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities;
- The deferred tax assets and the deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority.

Current and deferred tax are recognized as an expense or income in profit or loss, except when they relate to items credited or debited directly to equity, in which case the tax is also recognized directly in equity, or where they arise from the initial accounting for a business combination. In the case of a business combination, the tax effect is taken into account in calculating goodwill or in determining the excess of the acquirer's interest in the net fair value of the acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over the cost of the business combination.

Inventories – Inventories comprise land held for sale, residential buildings under development and other inventory, accounted as follows.

Land held for sale represents land parcels (containing houses constructed under contracts, accounted as residential buildings under development, and with the intention of being sold once the construction is completed), and also other land parcels with the intention of being sold in the ordinary course of business. Land held for sale is stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value in accordance with IAS No. 2 "Inventories" ("IAS 2").

Residential buildings under development represent apartments in low-rise buildings, town houses and other property in the process of construction and development with the intention of being sold in the ordinary course of business. Residential buildings under development are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value in accordance with IAS 2.

Other inventories are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value.

Trade and other accounts receivable – Trade and other accounts receivable are stated at their net realizable value after deducting impairment provisions (if any).

Loans to third parties – Loans originated by the Group are financial assets that are created by the Group by providing money to a borrower or by participating in a loan facility, other than those that are originated with the intent to be sold immediately or in the short term, which are classified as held-for-trading. Originated loans are carried at amortized cost, less any provision for impairment losses.

Loans originated by the Group at rates below market are discounted to fair value using the effective interest method.

Cash and cash equivalents – Cash include petty cash, cash held on current bank accounts and short-term deposits with banks. Cash equivalents include short-term investments that are readily convertible to known amount of cash and which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.

Share capital and additional paid-in-capital - Share capital is recognized at cost. Share capital contributions made in the form of assets other than cash are stated at their fair value at the date of contribution. Treasury stock is recorded at cost. Gains and losses on sales of treasury stock are charged or credited to share premium.

External costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares, other than in a business combination, are deducted from equity net of any related income taxes.

Dividends on ordinary shares are recognized in shareholders' equity as a reduction in the period in which they are declared. Dividends that are declared after the balance sheet date are treated as a subsequent event under IAS No. 10 "Events after the Balance Sheet Date" and disclosed accordingly.

Share-based payments – The Group issues equity-settled share-based payments to certain employees. Equity-settled share-based payments are measured at the fair value of the equity instrument at the date of grant (being the fair value of the share less the purchase price). The fair value of the share is determined based on the market prices. The fair value determined at the grant date of the equity-settled share-based payments is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, based on the Group's estimate of shares that will eventually vest.

Leasing – Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Group as lessor – Rental income from operating leases is recognized on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Group as lessee – Assets held under finance leases are initially recognized as assets of the Group at their fair value at the inception of the lease or, if lower, at the present value of the minimum lease payments. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the consolidated balance sheet as a finance lease payable.

Lease payments are apportioned between finance charges and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Finance charges are charged directly to profit or loss, unless they are directly attributable to qualifying assets, in which case they are capitalized in accordance with the Group's general policy on borrowing costs. Contingent rentals are recognized as expenses in the periods in which they are incurred.

Operating lease payments are recognized as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Contingent rentals arising under operating leases are recognized as an expense in the period in which they are incurred. In the event that lease incentives are received to enter into operating leases, such incentives are recognized as a liability. The aggregate benefit of incentives is recognized as a reduction of rental expense on a straight-line basis.

Borrowings – All loans are initially recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct transaction costs. Subsequently loans and borrowings are measured at amortized cost, which is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on settlement.

Borrowing costs – Management elected to follow the alternative treatment allowed by IAS No.23 "Borrowing Costs". Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. All other borrowing costs are recognized as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

Trade and other accounts payable - Liabilities for trade and other accounts payable are stated at cost.

Provisions – Provisions are recognized when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the obligation can be made.

Revenue recognition – Revenue is recognized when it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the enterprise and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably. Sales are recognized net of value added tax.

Hotel and associated revenues are recognized when the rooms are occupied and the services are performed.

Revenue from the sales of land is recognized when legal title passes to the buyer.

Revenue from the sales of town houses and apartments in low-rise buildings is recognized when the construction is completed and the property is transferred to the buyer upon signing the act of acceptance.

The Group concludes contracts with its clients for construction of houses and communal infrastructure on land owned by the Group. A construction contract is a contract specifically negotiated for the construction of an asset or a combination of assets that are closely interrelated or interdependent in terms of their design, technology and function or their ultimate purpose or use. The Group concludes fixed price contracts in which the contractor agrees to a fixed contract price, or a fixed rate per unit of output, which in some cases is subject to cost escalation clauses.

Contract revenue comprises the initial amount of revenue agreed in the construction contract and variations in contract work, claims and incentive payments to the extent that it is probable that they will result in revenue; and they are capable of being reliably measured.

Contract costs comprise costs that relate directly to the specific construction contract; costs that are attributable to contract activity in general and can be allocated to the contract; and other costs as are specifically chargeable to the customer under the terms of the construction contract.

When the outcome of a construction contract can be estimated reliably, contract revenue and associated contract costs are recognized as revenue and expenses, respectively, by reference to the stage of completion of the contract activity at the balance sheet date, measured as the proportion that contract costs incurred for work performed to date bear to the estimated total contract costs. An expected loss on the construction contract is recognized as an expense immediately.

Interest income and expense – Interest income and expense are recognized on an accrual basis using the effective interest rate method. Loan origination fees, if significant, are deferred (together with related direct costs) and recognized as an adjustment to the loan's effective yield.

Retirement and other benefit obligations – The Group does not have any pension arrangements separate from the State pension system of the Russian Federation, which requires current contributions by the employer calculated as a percentage of current gross salary payments; such expense is charged in the period the related salaries are earned. In addition, the Group has no post-retirement benefits or significant other compensated benefits requiring accrual.

Contingencies – Contingent liabilities are not recognized in the consolidated financial statements unless it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made. A contingent asset is not recognized in the consolidated financial statements but disclosed when an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

Recognition and measurement of financial instruments – The Group recognizes financial assets and liabilities on its consolidated balance sheet when it becomes a party to the contractual obligation of the instrument. Regular way purchase and sale of financial assets and liabilities are recognized using settlement date accounting. Regular way purchases of financial instruments that will be subsequently measured at fair value between trade date and settlement date are accounted for in the same way as for acquired instruments.

Financial assets and liabilities are initially recognized at fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset or financial liability not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to acquisition or issue of the financial asset or financial liability. The accounting policies for subsequent re-measurement of these items are disclosed in the respective accounting policies set out below.

Offset of financial assets and liabilities – Financial assets and liabilities are offset and reported net on the consolidated balance sheet when the Group has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts and the Group intends either to settle on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. In accounting for a transfer of a financial asset that does not qualify for derecognizing, the Group does not offset the transferred asset and the associated liability.

Business and geographic segments – For management purposes the Group is organized into five major business segments: land holdings, residential property, commercial property development, commercial property and hotel operations. The operations of all segments are based in the Russian Federation.

Inter-segment transactions: segment revenue, segment expenses and segment performance include transfers between business segments. Such transfers are accounted for at competitive market prices charged to unaffiliated customers for similar services. Those transfers are eliminated in consolidation.

Reclassifications – The following reclassifications have been made to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2006 to conform to the presentation for the year ended 31 December 2007 as management considers that the current period presentation provides a better view of the consolidated financial statements:

Nature of reclassification	Amount '000 USD	Balance sheet/income statement caption as per the previous report	Balance sheet/income statement caption as per current report
Renaming of the balance sheet item	525,903	Land under construction, including land improvements	Investment property under development
Aggregation of the balance sheet items under "inventories" caption	34,419	Land held for sale	Inventories
Aggregation of the balance sheet items under "inventories" caption	598	Other inventories	Inventories
Aggregation of the balance sheet items under "advances received from customers for inventories" caption	50,399	Payable to customers under construction contracts	Advances received from customers for inventories
Aggregation of the balance sheet items under "advances received from customers for inventories" caption	6,978	Advances received from customers for land plots	Advances received from customers for inventories

Adaption of new and revised standards

The Group has applied IFRS No. 7 "Financial Instruments: Disclosures" as from 1 January 2007. The application of this new standard has only resulted in additional disclosures regarding the Group's financial instruments.

IFRIC Interpretations

IFRIC No. 9 "Reassessment of embedded derivatives, IFRIC No. 10 "Interim Financial Reporting and Impairment", and IFRIC No. 11 "Group and treasury share transactions". The first adoption of these new interpretations does not have a material effect on the consolidated financial statements in the current or comparative period.

Adoption of new and revised standards effective after the reporting date – The Group has carried out an assessment of the effect of new and revised standards on its consolidated financial position and results of operations reported under IFRS which became effective for annual periods beginning after 1 January 2008.

In accordance with the provisions of IFRS No. 8 "Operating segments" ("IFRS 8") effective from 1 January 2009 the Group should present additional information regarding operating segments in its

consolidated financial statements. The Group has assessed the influence of requirements under IFRS 8 and has developed a plan to introduce systems to provide the appropriate level of disclosures.

In accordance with the provisions of Revised IAS No. 1 "Presentation of Financial Statements" effective from 1 January 2009 the Group should present additional information regarding comprehensive income and non-mandatory changes of the titles of the financial statements. The Group has assessed the influence of requirements under IAS 1 and has developed a plan to introduce systems to provide the appropriate level of disclosures.

At the date of authorization of these consolidated financial statements, the following Standards and Interpretations were in issue but not yet effective:

Standards and Interpretations	Effective date		
Revised IAS No. 23 "Borrowing costs"	Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2009		
IFRIC No. 12 "Service Concession Arrangements"	Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2008		
IFRIC No. 13 "Consumer loyalty programmes"	Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2008		
IFRIC No. 14 "The Limit on a Defined Benefit Asset, Minimum Funding Requirements and their Interaction"	Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2008		

The Group anticipates that the adoption of these Standards and Interpretations in future periods will have no material financial impact on the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

4. GOODWILL

At 31 December 2005	633
Change for the period	-
At 31 December 2006	633
Change for the period	-
At 31 December 2007	633

5. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Intangible assets as of 31 December 2007 and 2006 consisted of the following:

'000 USD	Computer software	Trademarks, licences and logotypes	Total
Cost			
At 31 December 2006	102	58	160
Additions	942	46	988
At 31 December 2007	1,044	104	1,148
Accumulated amortization			
At 31 December 2006	33	5	38
Charge for the period	541	4	545
At 31 December 2007	574	9	583
Carrying amount			
At 31 December 2006	69	53	122
At 31 December 2007	470	95	565

6. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Property, plant and equipment as of 31 December 2007, 2006 and 2005 consisted of the following:

'000 USD	Land and buildings	Fittings and fixtures	Transport, machinery and equipment	Furniture and office equipment	Construc- tion in progress	Total
Cost						
At 31 December 2005	48,140	4,624	1,869	986	12,076	67,695
Additions	10,951	102	261	362	14,484	26,160
Transfer from investment property						
(Note 8)	4,684	-	-	-	-	4,684
Transfer from land under construction, including land					40	10
improvements (Note 9)	-	-	-	-	48	48
Putting into operation	430	-	-	-	(430)	-
Transfers	(592)	-	592	-	-	-
Disposals	-	-	(21)	(29)		(50)
At 31 December 2006	63,613	4,726	2,701	1,319	26,178	98,537
Additions	1,396	82	716	1,122	28,975	32,291
Disposals	-	(3)	(152)	(39)	-	(194)
Transfer to investment property						(250)
(Note 8)	(258)	-	-	-	-	(258)
Transfer from land under	20					20
development (Note 9)	20	-	-	-	-	20
Transfer to residential buildings		(1(0)			(255)	(421)
under development (Note 10)		(166)			(255)	(421)
At 31 December 2007	64,771	4,639	3,265	2,402	54,898	129,975
Accumulated depreciation						
At 31 December 2005	1,161	209	658	202	-	2,230
Charge for the period	1,357	293	503	222	-	2,375
Disposals	-	-	(6)	(29)	-	(35)
At 31 December 2006	2,518	502	1,155	395	_	4,570
Charge for the period	1,646	214	379	352	-	2,591
Transfer to residential buildings under development (Note 10)	- -	(36)	-	_	_	(36)
Disposals	_	()	(42)	(14)	-	(56)
At 31 December 2007	4,164	680	1,492	733		7,069
Net Book Value						
At 31 December 2006	61,095	4,224	1,546	924	26,178	93,967
At 31 December 2007	60,607	3,959	1,773	1,669	54,898	122,906

Construction in progress principally includes construction of the A. I. Raikin Retail and Entertainment Center and the infrastructure of the Pavlovo and Pavlovo II Cottage Communities.

As of 31 December 2007 a building with a net book value of USD 34,232 thousand had been pledged as collateral under the loan received from JSCB Savings bank of the Russian Federation (Note 21).

During the year ended 31 December 2007 the Group capitalized interest of USD 195 thousand in construction in progress.

During the year ended 31 December 2006 the Group capitalized interest of USD 314 thousand in construction in progress.

7. CAPITAL ADVANCES

Capital advances as of 31 December 2007 and 2006 consisted of the following:

	31 December 2007 '000 USD	31 December 2006 '000 USD
Advance payment for the acquisition of land plots	759,693	382,044
Other capital advances	104,139	81,193
Total	863,832	463,237

Advances paid for the acquisition of land plots are for the purpose of the following programs implementation.

Pestovo land acquisition – In September 2006 the Board of Directors approved the Group's participation in the Bolshoye Pestovo project, which includes the acquisition of up to approximately 1,000 hectares of land in the Moscow region near Pestovo reservoir. The Group already acquired subsidiaries for USD 77 million holding approximately 352 hectares of land. For the remaining land, advances were paid amounting USD 124 million as of 31 December 2007.

New land acquisition program – In December 2006 the Board of Directors approved the Group's participation in a new land acquisition program. Total approved spending for land acquisition in the Moscow, Tver and Yaroslavl regions approximates USD 716 million. The Group acquired subsidiaries for USD 59.6 million (Note 34) holding approximately 3,244 hectares of land. For the remaining land, advances were paid amounting USD 631 million as of 31 December 2007.

During the year ended 31 December 2007 the Group capitalized interest of USD 4,656 thousand in advances paid for capital expenses.

During the year ended 31 December 2006 the Group capitalized interest of USD 4,304 thousand in advances paid for capital expenses.

'000 USD	Buildings	Land plots	Land plots with buildings	Total
At 31 December 2005	19,671	11,000	18,600	49,271
Acquisition of subsidiaries (Note 35)	-	40,336	-	40,336
Additions	-	614	608	1,222
Transfer from land under construction, including land improvements (Note 9)	_	_	13,222	13,222
Transfer to property, plant and			10,222	,
equipment (Note 6)	(4,684)	-	-	(4,684)
Disposals	-	-	(1,800)	(1,800)
Change in fair value	7,563	21,049	14,870	43,482
At 31 December 2006	22,550	72,999	45,500	141,049
Additions	-	60	979	1,039
Change in fair value	15,753	100	22,216	38,069
Transfer from property, plant and				
equipment (Note 6)	258	-	-	258
Transfer from land under				
development (Note 9)	-	-	91	91
Transfer to land held for sale				
(Note 10)	-	(61,860)	(11,300)	(73,160)
Disposal	-	-	(4,690)	(4,690)
At 31 December 2007	38,561	11,299	52,796	102,656

8. INVESTMENT PROPERTY

The fair value of Group's investment property has been arrived at on the basis of valuation carried out by independent appraisers. The valuation, which conforms to International Valuation Standards, was arrived at primarily by applying the income capitalization method.

As of 31 December 2007 land plots with buildings with a book value of USD 18,000 thousand had been pledged as collateral under the loan received from JSCB ROSBANK (Note 21).

9. INVESTMENT PROPERTY UNDER DEVELOPMENT

Investment property under development as of 31 December 2007 and 2006 consisted of the following:

	31 December 2007 '000 USD	31 December 2006 '000 USD
Land under development with undetermined future use	731,361	176,608
Land under development for commercial purpose use	483,685	227,745
Property under development	135,764	121,550
Total	1,350,810	525,903

As of 31 December 2007 and 2006 land under development with undetermined future use consisted of:

	31 December 2007 '000 USD	31 December 2006 '000 USD
At the beginning of the year	176,608	123,443
Revaluation surplus (Note 16)	248,662	30,376
Additions	8,615	3,400
Acquisition of subsidiaries (Note 34)	365,007	19,389
Transfer to land held for sale (Note 10)	(67,531)	-
At the end of the year	731,361	176,608

As of 31 December 2007 and 2006 land under development for commercial purpose use consisted of:

	31 December 2007 '000 USD	31 December 2006 '000 USD
At the beginning of the year	227,745	128,086
Revaluation surplus (Note 16)	416,987	58,927
Additions	11,325	10,677
Acquisition of subsidiaries (Note 34)	-	42,352
Transfer to investment property (Note 8)	(91)	(3,091)
Transfer to fixed assets (Note 6)	(20)	-
Transfer to land held for sale (Note 10)	(172,261)	(9,206)
At the end of the year	483,685	227,745

Land is recorded at revalued amount in the basis of valuation carried out by independent appraisers. The valuation, which conforms to International Valuation Standards, was arrived at primarily by applying the income capitalization method.

During the year ended 31 December 2007 the Group capitalized interest in land under development with undetermined future use and in land under development for commercial purposes of USD 3,465 thousand and USD 117 thousand, accordingly.

During the year ended 31 December 2006 the Group capitalized interest in land under development with undetermined future use and in land under development for commercial purposes of USD 6,966 thousand and USD 137 thousand, accordingly.

As of 31 December 2007 and 2006 property under development consisted of:

	31 December 2007 '000 USD	31 December 2006 '000 USD
At the beginning of the year	121,550	42,788
Additions	74,864	107,163
Acquisition of subsidiaries (Note 34)	273	1,316
Transfer to cost of construction contracts	-	(19,538)
Transfer to investment property (Note 8)	-	(10,131)
Transfer to fixed assets (Note 6)	-	(48)
Transfer to residential buildings under development (Note 10)	(60,923)	-
At the end of the year	135,764	121,550

During the year ended 31 December 2007 the Group capitalized interest in property under development of USD 1,613 thousand.

During the year ended 31 December 2006 the Group capitalized interest in property under development of USD 1,629 thousand.

10. INVENTORIES

Inventories, at cost, as of 31 December 2007 and 2006 consisted of the following:

	31 December 2007 '000 USD	31 December 2006 '000 USD
Land held for sale in the ordinary course of business	94,645	-
Land held for development and sale	223,388	34,419
Residential buildings under development	163,711	-
Other inventories	988	598
Total	482,732	35,017

Land held for sale in the ordinary course of business as of 31 December 2007 and 2006 consisted of the following:

	31 December 2007 '000 USD	31 December 2006 '000 USD
At the beginning of the year	-	-
Transfer from land under development (Note 9)	32,807	-
Transfer from investment property (Note 8)	73,160	-
Transfer to cost of land sold	(11,322)	-
At the end of the year	94,645	-

Land held for development and sale as of 31 December 2007 and 2006 consisted of the following:

	31 December 2007 '000 USD	31 December 2006 '000 USD
At the beginning of the year	34,419	34,658
Transfer from land under development (Note 9)	206,985	9,206
Transfer to cost of land sold	(18,016)	(9,445)
At the end of the year	223,388	34,419

Residential buildings under development as of 31 December 2007 and 2006 consisted of the following:

	31 December 2007 '000 USD	31 December 2006 '000 USD
At the beginning of the year	-	-
Additions	160,845	-
Transfer from property, plant and equipment (Note 6)	385	-
Transfer from property under development (Note 9)	60,923	-
Transfer to cost of construction contracts (Note 25)	(58,442)	-
At the end of the year	163,711	-

11. OTHER RECEIVABLES AND PREPAID EXPENSES

Other receivables and prepaid expenses as of 31 December 2007 and 2006 consisted of the following:

	31 December 2007 '000 USD	31 December 2006 '000 USD
Prepaid expenses	457	606
Prepaid current income tax	767	822
Other receivables	4,964	1,130
Other taxes prepaid	179	320
Total	6,367	2,878

12. LOANS TO THIRD PARTIES

Unsecured loans issued as of 31 December 2007 and 2006 consisted of:

	Interest rate	Currency	31 December 2007 '000 USD	31 December 2006 '000 USD
Nekomercheskoe Partnyorstvo				
"Blagoustroystvo Kottedzhnogo				
posyolka "Pestovo"	7.0%-7.5%	RUR	18,545	18,869
Blauenlaumer Technologies				
Limited	7.1%	USD	-	3,016
Agroreserve LLC	7.3%	RUR	1,928	1,675
Total			20,473	23,560

13. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents as of 31 December 2007 and 2006 consisted of the following:

	31 December 2007 '000 USD	31 December 2006 '000 USD
Short-term bank deposits	409,538	295,086
Cash in banks, in RUR	16,991	17,763
Cash in banks, in other currencies	553	537
Petty cash	10	14
Total	427,092	313,400

14. SHARE CAPITAL

	31 December 2007	31 December 2006	31 December 2005
Authorized Ordinary shares at par value of RUR 1,000 each	13,587,969	9,750,976	4,875,488
Including:			
Treasury shares Ordinary shares at par value of RUR 1,000 each	133,000	266,000	<u> </u>

	'000 USD
Issued and fully paid	
31 December 2005: 3,590,000 ordinary shares at par value of RUR 1,000 each	119,797
Issue of shares: 6,160,976 ordinary shares at par value of RUR 1,000 each	227,905
Purchase of treasury shares: 399,000 ordinary shares	(14,651)
Sale of treasury shares under share based payment program:	
133,000 ordinary shares	4,984
31 December 2006: 9,484,976 ordinary shares at par value of RUR 1,000 each	338,035
Issue of shares: 3,836,993 ordinary shares at par value of RUR 1,000 each	151,446
Sale of treasury shares under share based payment program:	
133,000 ordinary shares at par value of RUR 1,000 each	4,835
31 December 2007: 13,454,969 ordinary shares at par value of RUR 1,000 each	494,316

The extraordinary general meeting of shareholders held on 14 November 2005 approved a capital increase, whereby up to 1,285,488 new ordinary shares each with a nominal value of RUR 1,000 would be issued through an open subscription. The offering price was equal to the Ruble equivalent of USD 70 per share at the exchange rate of the Central Bank of the Russian Federation as of the date of placement. Shareholders were granted pre-emptive rights of purchase, pro rata to their existing shareholdings. On 26 January 2006 the Company registered a prospectus for the additional issue of shares with the Federal Financial Markets Services ("FFMS"). On 24 March 2006 the Company summarized the results of the pre-emptive rights participation and placed 1,251,424 ordinary shares to existing shareholders. The remaining 34,064 shares were placed through an open subscription. The proceeds from the additional issue of shares were USD 90 million. The issue was registered with the FFMS on 27 April 2006.

On 3 May 2007 the Company completed the distribution of 1,798,063 additional shares with a nominal value of RUR 1,000 each and submitted a notice on the results of the additional release of securities to the FFMS. Shareholders in the Company were given a pre-emptive right of purchase, pro rata to their existing shareholdings. The offering price was not exceeding the Ruble equivalent of USD 180.75 per share at the exchange rate of the Central Bank of the Russian Federation at the date on which the Board of Directors decided on the share price. The proceeds from the additional issue of shares were USD 325,731 thousand.

On 10 October 2007 the Company completed the distribution of 2,038,930 additional ordinary shares with a nominal value of RUR 1,000 each. Shareholders in the Company were given a pre-emptive right of purchase, pro rata to their existing shareholdings. The offering price was of RUR 7,238.95 per share. The proceeds from the additional issue of shares were USD 591,206 thousand.

Treasury shares represent the cost of shares held by the Group to satisfy the Group's share based payment program (Note 18).

15. ADDITIONAL PAID-IN-CAPITAL

Additional paid-in-capital as of 31 December 2007 and 2006 consisted of the following:

'000 USD	Share premium	Under- writing fees	Legal and consulting services	Share based payment	Total
At 31 December 2005	22,876	(3,349)	(503)	-	19,024
Issue of new shares (net of income tax of USD 4,215 thousand) Acquisition of treasury shares	743,559 (42,690)	(11,837)	(1,509)	-	730,213 (42,690)
Sale of treasury shares under share based payment program Recognition of expense under share based payment program	1,610	-	-	-	1,610
(note 18) At 31 December 2006	725,355	(15,186)	(2,012)	5,015	5,015 713,172
At 51 December 2000	125,555	(15,180)	(2,012)	5,015	/13,172
Issue of new shares Sale of treasury shares under share	765,507	(9,979)	(1,522)	-	754,006
option plan Recognition of expense under share based payment program	-	-	-	1,783	1,783
(Note 18)	-	-	-	3,140	3,140
At 31 December 2007	1,490,862	(25,165)	(3,534)	9,938	1,472,101

16. REVALUATION RESERVE

	Year ended 31 December 2007 '000 USD	Year ended 31 December 2006 '000 USD
At the beginning of the year	113,232	69,368
Revaluation surplus on land (Note 9)	665,649	82,741
Deferred tax liabilities arising on revaluation of land (Note 19)	(160,797)	(21,391)
Release of revaluation reserve on disposed assets	(7,209)	(3,983)
Release of deferred tax liability on revaluation reserve of disposed		
assets	1,730	956
Decrease in revaluation reserve due to change in investment in	,	
subsidiary	-	(14,459)
At the end of the year	612,605	113,232

17. MINORITY INTEREST

	Year ended 31 December 2007 '000 USD	Year ended 31 December 2006 '000 USD
At the beginning of the year	-	5,901
Minority interest in net loss from subsidiary for the year	-	(198)
Minority interest in subsidiary's revaluation surplus for the year	-	6,562
(Decrease) / increase in minority interest due to change in investment in		
subsidiary	-	(12,265)
At the end of the year	-	-

18. SHARE BASED PAYMENT PROGRAM

The Group has established share based payment program. The Group grants an annual opportunity to certain employees to purchase the Company's ordinary shares at a fixed price equal to USD 49.75 per share exercisable on the condition that the employee remains in the Group's employ for at least one year after the exercise date. Fair value at grant date was USD 75.93 per share. The number of share that can be purchased by employees during 2007-2008 amounts to 133,000 per year.

	31 December 2007 Shares
	Shares
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	266,000
Outstanding at the end of the year	133,000
Exercisable at the end of the year	-

The Group recognized a total share based payment cost of USD 3,140 thousand and USD 5,015 thousand for the year ended 31 December 2007 (Note 15) and 2006, respectively. The weighted average remaining contractual life is 0.75 years.

19. INCOME TAXES

The Group provides for taxes based on the statutory tax accounts maintained and prepared in accordance with Russian statutory tax regulations which may differ from IFRS. The statutory tax rate effective in the Russian Federation, the legal jurisdiction of the majority of the Group's entities, was 24% in 2007 and 2006. The federal tax rate for dividend income in the Russian Federation was 15% if received from foreign subsidiaries and 9% if received from Russian legal entities.

The Group is subject to certain permanent tax differences due to the fact that certain expenses are not deductible and certain income is not taxable under local tax regulations.

Deferred taxes reflect the net tax effects of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for tax purposes. Temporary differences as of 31 December 2007 and 2006 relate mostly to different methods of income and expense recognition as well as to the recorded values of certain assets.

Temporary differences as of 31 December 2007 and 2006 comprised:

	31 December 2007 '000 USD	31 December 2006 '000 USD
Deductible differences:		
Loss carry forward	20,271	12,383
Property, plant and equipment	13,394	7,839
Other payables and accrued expenses	1,721	19,320
Receivables and prepaid expenses	1,318	1,543
Effect of foreign currency remeasurement of other assets	101,519	21,180
Total deductible differences	138,223	62,265
Taxable differences:		
Land under development and land held for sale	1,389,966	359,983
Payable to customers under construction contracts	33,049	21,834
Receivables and prepaid expenses	39,209	7,959
Investment property	79,437	113,620
Property, plant and equipment	842	554
Effect of foreign currency remeasurement of other assets	-	12
Total taxable differences	1,542,503	503,962
Net taxable differences	(1,404,280)	(441,697)
Deferred income tax liability (at tax rate)	(351,340)	(112,212)
Deferred income tax asset (at tax rate)	14,313	6,836
Net deferred income tax liability	(337,027)	(105,376)

The relationship between the income tax expense and the Group's accounting profit for the year ended 31 December 2007 and 2006 is explained as follows:

	Year ended 31 December 2007 '000 USD	Year ended 31 December 2006 '000 USD
Profit before income taxes	96,140	71,188
Statutory tax rate	24%	24%
Theoretical income tax at the statutory tax rate Tax on dividends from Russian subsidiary Tax on income from sale of interest in Russian subsidiary to Cyprus	23,074	17,085 171
subsidiary	-	1,050
Tax effect of other permanent differences	(13,696)	(5,028)
Income tax expense	9,378	13,278
Income tax expense		
Deferred income tax (credit)/expense	(11,559)	5,963
Current income tax expense	20,937	7,315
Total	9,378	13,278
Current income tax expense		
Current income tax benefit charged to equity	-	(477)
Current income tax charged to consolidated income statement	20,937	7,315
Total	20,937	6,838

Deferred income tax liabilities	Year ended 31 December 2007 '000 USD	Year ended 31 December 2006 '000 USD
At the beginning of the year	112,212	59,276
Increase in the deferred income tax liability charged to consolidated	,	,
income statement	(4,082)	7,753
Increase in deferred income tax liability charged to equity (Note 16)	160,797	21,391
Disposal of subsidiaries	(1,504)	-
Acquisition of subsidiaries (Note 34)	83,917	23,792
At the end of the year	351,340	112,212
Deferred income tax assets	Year ended 31 December 2007 '000 USD	Year ended 31 December 2006 '000 USD
At the beginning of the year	6,836	586
Acquisition of subsidiaries	-	722
Increase in deferred income tax assets charged directly to equity	-	3,738
Increase in deferred income tax assets credited to consolidated income		
statement	7,477	1,790
At the end of the year	14,313	6,836

20. FINANCE LEASE PAYABLE

In July 2006 the Group signed an agreement with the City of Moscow represented by the Department of State and Municipal Property for the lease of the remaining 20% of the Novotel Hotel premises for 15 years. The effective interest rate is 13% per annum.

	Minimum lease payments		Present value of minimum lease payments	
	31 December 2007 '000 USD	31 December 2006 '000 USD	31 December 2007 '000 USD	31 December 2006 '000 USD
No later than one year	1,973	1,678	409	285
Later than one year and not later				
than five years	7,892	6,713	2,243	1,583
Later than five years	15,882	15,523	10,098	8,956
	25,747	23,914	12,750	10,824
Less future finance charges	(12,997)	(13,090)	-	-
Present value of minimum lease	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
payments	12,750	10,824	12,750	10,824
Included in the consolidated financial statements as:				
Long-term finance lease payable			12,341	10,539
Short-term finance lease payable			409	285
Total			12,750	10,824

The change in the present value of minimum lease payments in the accounting period is a result of the revision by the lender of the finance lease agreement terms.

21. LONG-TERM LOANS

Long-term loans as of 31 December 2007 and 2006 consisted of the following:

	Currency	Interest Rate	31 December 2007 '000 USD	31 December 2006 '000 USD
JSCB ROSBANK	USD	11%	22,460	25,000
JSCB Savings bank of the Russia	an			
Federation	USD	11%	17,750	20,750
ING Bank N.V.	USD	9.75%	50,000	-
AOZT SPKh "Menzhinets"	RUR	0.5%	-	794
Agrorezerv LLC	RUR	9.0%	1,983	-
Prepaid credit account maintenan	nce			
fees	USD			(954)
Total			92,193	45,590

As of 31 December 2007 land plots with buildings with a book value of USD 18,000 thousand had been pledged as collateral under the loan from JSCB ROSBANK (Note 8).

As of 31 December 2007 the shares of JSC Hotel Novoslobodskaya and a building with a net book value of USD 34,232 thousand had been pledged as collateral under the loan received from JSCB Savings bank of the Russian Federation (Note 6).

JSC OPIN subsidiaries act as guarantors under the loan received from ING Bank N.V.

The loan from AOZT SPKh "Menzhinets" was discounted to fair value at 14% using the effective interest method.

Long-term loans as of 31 December 2007 and 2006 are repayable as follows:

	31 December 2007 '000 USD	31 December 2006 '000 USD
Within one year	103,000	152,750
In the second year	67,750	2,046
In the third to fifth years inclusive	22,460	43,544
Later than five years	1,983	-
Less: current portion of long-term loans (Note 22)	(103,000)	(152,750)
Total	92,193	45,590

22. SHORT-TERM LOANS AND ACCRUED INTEREST

Short-term loans and accrued interest as of 31 December 2007 and 2006 consisted of the following:

-	Interest rate	31 December 2007 '000 USD	31 December 2006 '000 USD
Current portion of long-term loan from JSCB			
Savings bank of the Russian Federation (Note 21)	11%	3,000	2,750
ING Bank N.V.	9.125%	-	150,000
ING Bank N.V.	libor+2%	100,000	-
Accrued interest on long-term and short-term loans		882	2,055
Prepaid interest on loans		-	(68)
Total		103,882	154,737

23. TRADE AND OTHER ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

Trade and other accounts payable as of 31 December 2007 and 2006 consisted of the following:

	31 December 2007 '000 USD	31 December 2006 '000 USD
Trade payables to suppliers and service providers	6,067	7,268
Accounts payable to employees	8,048	3,727
Advances received	1,493	924
Other accounts payable and accrued expenses	21,614	126
Total	37,222	12,045

24. REVENUE UNDER CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS

Revenue under construction contracts for the year ended 31 December 2007 and 2006 consisted of the following:

	Year ended 31 December 2007 '000 USD	Year ended 31 December 2006 '000 USD
Revenue under contracts for construction of houses Revenue under contracts for construction of infrastructure and other	70,461	39,897
assets	24,909	5,593
Total	95,370	45,490

25. COST OF CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS

Cost of construction contracts for the year ended 31 December 2007 and 2006 consisted of the following:

	Year ended 31 December 2007 '000 USD	Year ended 31 December 2006 '000 USD
Cost of contracts for construction of houses (Note 10) Cost of contracts for construction of infrastructure and other assets	33,723	19,538
(Note 10)	24,719	5,497
Total	58,442	25,035

26. COST OF HOTEL SERVICES

Cost of hotel services for the year ended 31 December 2007 and 2006 consisted of the following:

	Year ended 31 December 2007 '000 USD	Year ended 31 December 2006 '000 USD
Payroll	3,062	3,165
Management fees	2,519	1,997
Materials	1,801	1,455
Depreciation	1,444	1,427
Property tax	910	857
Payroll taxes	645	607
Commissions	495	354
Bank fees for processing credit cards	405	328
Laundry expenses	398	281
Repairs and maintenance	296	260
Insurance	201	235
Security expenses	193	115
Communication and TV expenses	148	139
Consulting services	99	130
Decoration expenses	54	52
Other	757	807
Total	13,427	12,209

27. COST OF RENTAL SERVICES

Cost of rental services for the year ended 31 December 2007 and 2006 consisted of the following:

	Year ended 31 December 2007 '000 USD	Year ended 31 December 2006 '000 USD
Property tax	211	232
Repairs and maintenance	104	84
Public utilities	104	100
Rent expense	69	70
Other	134	83
Total	622	569

28. COST OF OTHER SERVICES

Cost of other services for the year ended 31 December 2007 and 2006 consisted of the following:

	Year ended 31 December 2007 '000 USD	Year ended 31 December 2006 '000 USD
Payroll	332	194
Repairs and maintenance	117	75
Security expenses	116	50
Rent expense	76	53
Property tax	37	-
Depreciation	15	11
Professional services	-	3,078
Bank charges	-	289
Other	197	578
Total	890	4,328

29. SELLING, GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

Selling, general and administrative expenses for year ended 31 December 2007 and 2006 consisted of the following:

	Year ended 31 December 2007 '000 USD	Year ended 31 December 2006 '000 USD
Payroll	17,637	8,404
Advertising	3,215	1,287
Audit and other consulting services	2,028	871
Depreciation and amortization	1,677	974
Brokerage fees	1,506	1,517
Other operating taxes	1,381	773
Payroll taxes	1,265	781
Security expenses	891	419
Repairs and maintenance	633	409
Property tax	608	381
Insurance	468	292
Bank charges	395	312
Landscaping	395	726
Public utilities	389	91
Travel expenses	317	243
Communications expenses	289	159
Representation expenses	273	81
Rent expense	170	142
Management fees	100	25
Other expenses	3,300	1,531
Total	36,937	19,418

30. INTEREST INCOME

Interest income for the year ended 31 December 2007 and 2006 consisted of the following:

	Year ended 31 December 2007 '000 USD	Year ended 31 December 2006 '000 USD
Interest on bank deposits	15,804	7,801
Interest on loans issued	1,613	983
Other interest income	10,504	5,473
Total	27,921	14,257

31. INTEREST EXPENSE

Interest expense for the year ended 31 December 2007 and 2006 consisted of the following:

	Year ended 31 December 2007 '000 USD	Year ended 31 December 2006 '000 USD
Interest on bank loans	17,953	22,801
Interest on financial lease	1,546	686
Cost of maintenance of credit accounts	953	1,395
Interest on other loans	275	2
Total borrowing costs	20,727	24,884
Less: amounts included in the cost of qualifying assets (Notes 6, 7 and		
9)	(10,036)	(13,350)
Total	10,691	11,534

32. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculation of the basic and diluted earnings per share is based on the following data:

		Basic			Diluted	
	Weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period	Net profit for the period attributable to shareholders of the parent company ('000 USD)	Earnings per share (in USD)	Weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period	Net profit for the period attributable to shareholders of the parent company ('000 USD)	Earnings per share (in USD)
Year ended	11 270 566	86 763	7.70	11 401 516	96 762	7.56
31 December 2007 Year ended	11,270,566	86,762	7.70	11,481,516	86,762	7.30
31 December 2006	5,773,172	58,108	10.07	5,920,383	58,108	9.81

33. DISPOSAL OF SUBSIDIARIES

In June 2007 the Group sold its subsidiaries Stroy Servis Group LLC and Krasnaya Gorka LLC to a third party for the total consideration of USD 19 million. The transaction was treated as sale of land based on its substance.

Summary of disposal of subsidiaries:

	<u> </u>
Land sold (consideration received)	19,048
Cost of land sold (net assets disposed)	(11,300)
Gain on disposal	7,748

34. ACQUISITION OF SUBSIDIARIES

In January 2007 the Group acquired a 100% interest in Capital Service LLC and Invest Polis LLC together with their 100% subsidiary Regional development LLC for USD 85 million, which was paid in cash.

In February 2007 the Group acquired a 100% interest in Extern LLC for USD 12 million, which was paid in cash.

In June 2007 the Group acquired a 100% interest in Selskie zori LLC and Stroy Progress LLC together with their 100% subsidiary Agrosistema LLC for the total consideration of USD 62.9 million, paid in cash.

In June 2007 the Group acquired a 100% interest in Agro Group LLC and Agro Service LLC together with their 100% subsidiary Invest Service LLC for the total consideration of USD 59.6 million, paid in cash.

In December 2007 the Group acquired a 100% interest in TM Group LLC and Start Polis LLC together with their 100% subsidiary Timonino LLC for the total consideration of USD 48 million which was paid in cash.

Had these business combinations been effective at 1 January 2007, neither the revenue, nor the profit of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2007 would have changed significantly. The revenue and the profit of the acquired subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2007 since their dates of acquisition to the reporting date was not significant.

At the dates of the acquisitions:

	'000 USD
Net assets acquired:	
Capital advances	62
Land under development (Note 9)	365,007
Property under development (Note 9)	273
Value added tax recoverable	18
Trade accounts receivable	5
Other receivables and prepaid expenses	3,429
Loans issued	37
Cash and cash equivalents	288
Deferred tax liability (Note 19)	(83,917)
Long-term loans	(1,583)
Short-term loans and accrued interest	(268)
Trade and other accounts payable	(15,719)
Tax liabilities, other than income tax liabilities	(32)
Current income tax liability	(248)
Total	267,352
Fair value of net assets attributable to 100% ownership interest	267,352
Goodwill	
Consideration sizes	
Consideration given: Satisfied by cash	(65)
Capital advances	(65) (265,598)
Accounts payable for the acquisition of subsidiaries	(1,689)
Total	
10(a)	(267,352)
Net cash inflow arising on acquisition:	
Cash consideration	(65)
Cash and cash equivalents acquired	288
Cash received, net of cash paid on acquisition of subsidiaries	223

35. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

Related parties or transactions with related parties, as defined by IAS 24 "Related party disclosures", represent:

- (a) enterprises that directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, control, or are controlled by, or are under common control with, the Group (includes holding companies, subsidiaries and fellow subsidiaries);
- (b) associates enterprises in which the Group has significant influence and which are neither a subsidiary nor a joint venture of the investor;
- (c) individuals owning, directly or indirectly, an interest in the voting power of the Group that gives them significant influence over the Group;
- (d) key management personnel, that is, those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Group, including directors and officers of the Group (also non-executive directors and close members of the families of such individuals);
- (e) enterprises in which a substantial interest in the voting power is owned, directly or indirectly, by any person described in (c) or (d) or over which such a person is able to exercise significant influence. This includes enterprises owned by directors or major shareholders of the Group and enterprises that have a member of key management in common with the Group;
- (f) parties with joint control over the Group;
- (g) joint ventures in which the Group is a venture; and
- (h) post-employment benefit plans for the benefit of employees of the Group, or of any entity that is a related party to the Group.

In considering each possible related party relationship, attention is directed to the substance of the relationship, and not merely the legal form. The Group had the following transactions outstanding with related parties as of 31 December 2007 and 2006:

	31 Decen	nber 2007	31 December 2006		
'000 USD	Related party transactions	Total category as per financial statements caption	Related party transactions	Total category as per financial statements caption	
Prepaid interest on loans (entities with joint control or significant influence over the entity) Receivables from customers under	-	-	68	68	
construction contracts (key management personnel of the entity or its parent)	_	31,500	89	11,006	
Other receivables and prepaid expenses (entities with joint control or significant influence					
over the entity) Long-term loans (entities with joint control or significant	1,545	6,367	172	2,878	
influence over the entity) Accrued interest (entities with joint	22,460	92,193	25,000	45,590	
control or significant influence over the entity)	-	882	-	2,055	
Advances received from customers for inventories (key management personnel of the entity or its					
parent) Accounts payable to employees	32,618	123,626	1,505	57,377	
(key management personnel of the entity)Cash and cash equivalents (entities with joint control or significant	5,963	8,048	946	3,727	
with joint control or significant influence over the entity	110,386	427,092	175,026	313,400	

Included in the consolidated income statement for the year ended 31 December 2007 and 2006 are the following amounts which arose due to transactions with related parties:

	31 Decen	nber 2007	31 December 2006		
'000 USD	Related party transactions	Total category as per financial statements caption	Related party transactions	Total category as per financial statements caption	
Revenue under construction contracts Thereof entities with joint control or significant influence over	3,503	95,370	1,442	45,490	
the entity Thereof key management	60	-	1,401	-	
personnel of the entity or its parent Revenue from land sold	3,443	-	41	-	
(key management personnel of the entity or its parent)Revenue on rendering other services (entities with joint control or significant influence over	1,023	39,566	1,866	11,282	
the entity) Commission on received bank guarantee (entities with joint control or significant influence	-	1,862	423	5,435	
over the entity) Bank charges (entities with joint control or significant influence	-	-	289	289	
over the entity) Interest income (entities with joint control or significant influence	179	395	238	312	
over the entity) Interest expense (entities with joint control or significant influence	4,894	27,921	6,672	14,257	
over the entity) Cost of hotel services (entities with joint control or significant	266	10,691	338	11,534	
influence over the entity) Management fees (entities with	267	13,427	221	12,209	
joint control or significant influence over the entity)	100	100	25	25	
Key management personnel					
compensation: Payroll and related taxes	12,227	22,941	4,740	13,151	
Insurance	43	669	143	527	
	12,270	23,610	4,883	13,678	

During the year ended 31 December 2007 the Group accrued an interest of USD 2,522 thousand on a loan received from a related party, of which USD 267 thousand is recorded as interest expense and USD 2,255 is capitalized in the cost of long-term assets. During the year ended 31 December 2007 the Group paid interest to a related party of USD 1,896 thousand.

During the year ended 31 December 2006 the Group received a loan from a related party amounting to USD 25,000 thousand. During the year ended 31 December 2006 the Group repaid a loan from a related party amounting to USD 50,000 thousand.

During the year ended 31 December 2006 the Group accrued loan interest of USD 5,515 thousand of which USD 338 thousand is recorded as interest expense and USD 5,177 is capitalized in the cost of long-term assets. During year ended 31 December 2006 the Group paid interest to a related party of USD 4,692 thousand.

During the year ended 31 December 2006 the Group paid commission of USD 204 thousand on a bank guarantee received.

36. BUSINESS SEGMENTS

Financial information relating to the Group's consolidated segments is as follows for the year ended 31 December 2007 and 2006:

'000 USD	Land holdings	Residential property	Commercial property development	Commercial property	Hotel operations	Others	Eliminations	Group total Year ended 31 December 2007 '000 USD
REVENUE								
External sales	20,275	114,172	236	3,734	24,121	2,118	-	164,656
Inter-segment sales		28		755	9	19	(811)	
Total revenue	20,275	114,200	236	4,489	24,130	2,137	(811)	164,656
RESULT								
Segment profit before								
income tax	8,640	26,622	5	36,514	11,139	45		82,965
Unallocated expenses, net								13,175
Profit before income tax								96,140
Segment capital additions	733,834	80,560	75,988	597	1,434	829	-	893,242
Unallocated capital								,
additions								742
Capital additions								893,984
Segment depreciation								
expense Unallocated depreciation		488	-		1,444	66		1,998
expense								593
Depreciation expense								2,591
	Land	Residential	Commercial property	Commercial	Hotel			Group total Year ended 31 December 2006
'000 USD	Land holdings	Residential property		Commercial property	Hotel operations	Others	Eliminations	Year ended 31 December
'000 USD REVENUE			property			Others	Eliminations	Year ended 31 December 2006
REVENUE External sales			property			Others 6,809	<u>Eliminations</u>	Year ended 31 December 2006
REVENUE External sales Inter-segment sales		property 55,398	property	property 3,355 626	operations 20,027 43	6,809 25	(694)	Year ended 31 December 2006 '000 USD 85,589
REVENUE External sales		property 55,398	property	property 3,355	operations 20,027	6,809		Year ended 31 December 2006 '000 USD
REVENUE External sales Inter-segment sales Total revenue	holdings - -	property 55,398	property <u>development</u> - -	property 3,355 626	operations 20,027 43	6,809 25	(694)	Year ended 31 December 2006 '000 USD 85,589
REVENUE External sales Inter-segment sales Total revenue RESULT	holdings - -	property 55,398	property <u>development</u> - -	property 3,355 626	operations 20,027 43	6,809 25	(694)	Year ended 31 December 2006 '000 USD 85,589
REVENUE External sales Inter-segment sales Total revenue RESULT Segment profit before income tax	holdings - -	property 55,398	property <u>development</u> - -	property 3,355 626	operations 20,027 43	6,809 25	(694)	Year ended 31 December 2006 '000 USD 85,589
REVENUE External sales Inter-segment sales Total revenue RESULT Segment profit before income tax Unallocated expenses, net	holdings - -	property 55,398 - 55,398	property <u>development</u> - -	property 3,355 626 3,981	operations 20,027 43 20,070	6,809 25 6,834	(694)	Year ended 31 December 2006 '000 USD 85,589
REVENUE External sales Inter-segment sales Total revenue RESULT Segment profit before income tax	holdings - -	property 55,398 - 55,398	property <u>development</u> - -	property 3,355 626 3,981	operations 20,027 43 20,070	6,809 25 6,834	(694)	Year ended 31 December 2006 '000 USD 85,589
REVENUE External sales Inter-segment sales Total revenue RESULT Segment profit before income tax Unallocated expenses, net Profit before income tax	<u>holdings</u>	property 55,398 - 55,398 55,398 56,430	property development - - - -	property 3,355 626 3,981	operations 20,027 43 20,070 7,182	6,809 25 6,834	(694)	Year ended 31 December 2006 '000 USD 85,589 85,589 85,589 76,804 (5,616) 71,188
REVENUE External sales Inter-segment sales Total revenue RESULT Segment profit before income tax Unallocated expenses, net	holdings - -	property 55,398 - 55,398	property <u>development</u> - -	property 3,355 626 3,981	operations 20,027 43 20,070	6,809 25 6,834	(694)	Year ended 31 December 2006 '000 USD 85,589 85,589 85,589 76,804 (5,616)
REVENUE External sales Inter-segment sales Total revenue RESULT Segment profit before income tax Unallocated expenses, net Profit before income tax Segment capital additions Unallocated capital additions	<u>holdings</u>	property 55,398 - 55,398 55,398 56,430	property development - - - -	property 3,355 626 3,981	operations 20,027 43 20,070 7,182	6,809 25 6,834	(694)	Year ended 31 December 2006 '000 USD 85,589 85,589 85,589 76,804 (5,616) 71,188
REVENUE External sales Inter-segment sales Total revenue RESULT Segment profit before income tax Unallocated expenses, net Profit before income tax Segment capital additions Unallocated capital additions Capital additions	<u>holdings</u>	property 55,398 - 55,398 55,398 56,430	property development - - - -	property 3,355 626 3,981	operations 20,027 43 20,070 7,182	6,809 25 6,834	(694)	Year ended 31 December 2006 '000 USD 85,589 85,589 76,804 (5,616) 71,188 675,831
REVENUE External sales Inter-segment sales Total revenue RESULT Segment profit before income tax Unallocated expenses, net Profit before income tax Segment capital additions Unallocated capital additions Capital additions Segment depreciation	<u>holdings</u>	property 55,398 - 55,398 56,430 193,381	property development - - - -	property 3,355 626 3,981	operations 20,027 43 20,070 7,182 10,780	6,809 25 6,834	(694)	Year ended 31 December 2006 '000 USD 85,589 85,589 76,804 (5,616) 71,188 675,831 235 676,066
REVENUE External sales Inter-segment sales Total revenue RESULT Segment profit before income tax Unallocated expenses, net Profit before income tax Segment capital additions Unallocated capital additions Capital additions Segment depreciation expense	<u>holdings</u>	property 55,398 - 55,398 55,398 56,430	property development - - - -	property 3,355 626 3,981	operations 20,027 43 20,070 7,182	6,809 25 6,834	(694)	Year ended 31 December 2006 '000 USD 85,589 85,589 76,804 (5,616) 71,188 675,831 235
REVENUE External sales Inter-segment sales Total revenue RESULT Segment profit before income tax Unallocated expenses, net Profit before income tax Segment capital additions Unallocated capital additions Capital additions Segment depreciation expense Unallocated depreciation	<u>holdings</u>	property 55,398 - 55,398 56,430 193,381	property development - - - -	property 3,355 626 3,981	operations 20,027 43 20,070 7,182 10,780	6,809 25 6,834	(694)	Year ended 31 December 2006 '000 USD 85,589 85,589 76,804 (5,616) 71,188 675,831 235 676,066 1,880
REVENUE External sales Inter-segment sales Total revenue RESULT Segment profit before income tax Unallocated expenses, net Profit before income tax Segment capital additions Unallocated capital additions Capital additions Segment depreciation expense	<u>holdings</u>	property 55,398 - 55,398 56,430 193,381	property development - - - -	property 3,355 626 3,981	operations 20,027 43 20,070 7,182 10,780	6,809 25 6,834	(694)	Year ended 31 December 2006 '000 USD 85,589 85,589 76,804 (5,616) 71,188 675,831 235 676,066

Financial information relating to the Group's consolidated segments is as follows as of 31 December 2007 and 2006:

'000 USD	Land holdings	Residential property	Commercial property development	Commercial property	Hotel operations	Others	Group total 31 December 2007 '000 USD
OTHER INFORMATION							
Segment assets	1,340,853	863,371	693,912	87,202	60,859	342	3,046,539
Unallocated assets							452,105
Eliminations							(210)
Total assets							3,498,434
Segment liabilities	133,832	246,463	119,694	16,898	24,455	7,098	548,440
Unallocated liabilities							180,154
Eliminations							(210)
Total liabilities							728,384

'000 USD	Land holdings	Residential property	Commercial property development	Commercial property	Hotel operations	Others	Group total 31 December 2006 '000 USD
OTHER INFORMATION			100.055		50 100	101	
Segment assets Unallocated assets	457,573	564,027	183,975	37,419	52,438	481	1,295,913
Eliminations							359,692 (126)
Total assets							1,655,479
Segment liabilities	15,743	270,243	63,579	8,871	24,886	1,628	384,950
Unallocated liabilities							8,934
Eliminations							(126)
Total liabilities							393,758

37. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Capital commitments – As of 31 December 2007 commitments of the Group for capital expenditures outstanding under concluded contracts approximated USD 244 million. The Group has early termination rights for all concluded capital construction contracts.

Operating leases – The Group's future minimum rental payments under non-cancellable operating leases in effect as of 31 December 2007 and 2006 are presented in the table below.

	31 December 2007 '000 USD	31 December 2006 '000 USD
Not later than 1 year	332	364
Later than 1 year but not later than 5 years	716	667
Later than 5 years	3,584	3,430
Total operating lease	4,632	4,461

Legal proceedings – From time to time and in the normal course of business, claims against the Group are received from customers and counterparties. Management is of the opinion that no material unaccrued losses will be incurred and accordingly no provision has been made in these consolidated financial statements.

Taxes – Due to the presence in Russian commercial legislation, and tax legislation in particular, of provisions allowing more than one interpretation, and also due to the practice developed by the tax authorities of making arbitrary judgment of business activities, if a particular treatment, based on management's judgment of the Group's business activities, was to be challenged by the tax authorities, the Group may by assessed additional taxes, penalties and interest and these could be significant. While the Group believes it has complied with all applicable regulations and requirements, these regulations and requirements are not always clearly written, are continually updated, are often ambiguous and may be retrospective in effect, and it is often difficult to predict future interpretations by regulatory authorities, and the outcomes of such interpretations. The management of the Group considers that the probability of any material sanctions being undertaken by local authorities against the Group is remote, and believes that no material fines or penalties will become payable. Tax years remain open to review by the tax authorities for three years.

Pensions and retirement plans – Employees receive pension benefits from the Russian Federation in accordance with the laws and regulations of the country. As of 31 December 2007 and 2006, the Group was not liable for any supplementary pensions, post-retirement health care, insurance benefits, or retirement indemnities to its current or former employees.

Operating environment – The Group's principal business activities are within the Russian Federation. Laws and regulations affecting business environment in the Russian Federation are subject to rapid changes and the Group's assets and operations could be at risk due to negative changes in the political and business environment.

38. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The general meeting of the Company's shareholders held on 25 January 2008 approved a capital increase, whereby up to 1,692,252 new ordinary shares each with a nominal value of 1,000 RUR would be issued through an open subscription. Shareholders are granted pre-emptive rights of purchase, pro rata to their existing shareholdings. The price of ordinary share for existing shareholders and new investors will not exceed the Ruble equivalent of USD 290 per new share at the exchange rate of the Central Bank of Russian the Federation determined on the date when the resolution of the Board of Directors on the placement price is adopted. On 29 February 2008 the Company registered a prospectus for the additional issue of shares with the FFMS. The FFMS have sanctioned circulation on additional 423,063 shares outside Russia.

In February 2008 the Group acquired, through its wholly-owned subsidiary Growth Technologies (Russia) Limited ("Growth Technologies"), all of the outstanding Class A Subordinate Voting Shares ("SVS") of Viceroy Homes Limited – the Canadian producer of fabricated homes for an aggregate purchase price of approximately CAD 33.7 million.

The SVS acquired by Growth Technologies represent approximately a 61% equity interest in Viceroy Homes Limited. In connection with the arrangement, JSC OPIN and Growth Technologies have acquired a call option from the holders of all other outstanding Class B Multiple Voting Shares of Viceroy Homes Limited with the intention to acquire them by the end of 2008.

In February 2008 the Group established under Russian jurisdiction the 100% interest subsidiaries Bukhta Koprino LLC and Microraion LLC, which are planned to be the entities for development of Group's projects in Yaroslavl region.

In February 2008 the Group established under Russian jurisdiction a 100% interest subsidiary Viceroy Homes Distribution LLC, which is planned to be the trading company for the houses produced by Viceroy Homes Limited.

Closed Unit Investment Fund Novy Dom was liquidated effective 1 January 2008. Liquidation of the fund has no effect on the Group's future activities.

In February 2008 Deutsche Bank based on the request of the Group established in Ireland the entity OPIN Securities Limited, which is the special purpose vehicle for a potential bonds issue in 2008.

On 7 March 2008 JSC OPIN placed Credit Linked Notes (CLN) for an amount of USD 99.9 million on an unsecured basis at the rate of interest 10.45% per annum for a term of 5 years under the ING Bank N.V. London Global Issuance Program.

39. RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES

Management of risk is an essential element of the Group's operations. The main risks inherent to the Group's operations are those related to operating risk, credit risk exposures, market movements in interest rates and foreign exchange rates. A description of the Group's risk management policies in relation to those risks follows.

Credit risk – The Group is exposed to credit risk which is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. The Group does not hedge its credit risk.

The Group structures the levels of credit risk it undertakes by placing limits on the amount of risk accepted in relation to one counterparty/customer, or groups of customers. Prior to entering into material contracts the Group undertakes due diligence procedures, which includes checking the financial condition and creditworthiness of the counterparty, its experience, expertise and reputation in the subject area of co-operation. The Group also obtains a legal opinion from its in-house or from independent legal counsel regarding the validity and enforceability of contracts and other material documentation in connection with the subject transaction. The Group's aggregate credit exposure to a particular counterparty/customer, or groups of customers once established by the Group's Investment Committee are subject to quarterly review and approval by the Investment Committee.

The Group's counterparties/customers are mainly contractors, buyers/sellers of property, tenants and banks. For each group the Group has developed additional procedures to mitigate credit risk.

Contractors: The Group seeks additional credit risk mitigation instruments, including safety deposits, completion and performance guarantees, issued by top-rated banks, and the use of professional advisors, providing quality control and technical supervision.

Buyers/Sellers of Property: Financial guarantees (bank guarantees, letters of credit or similar bank instruments) or advance performance of counterparty's obligations is usually required from each potential buyer/seller.

Tenants: The Group carries out due diligence procedures. Contracts with tenants include a safety deposit in the amount of lease payments for 1-6 months, which management believes provides sufficient amount to cover the costs and realize planned profit during any re-marketing period.

Banks and financial institutions: the Group undertakes due diligence procedure on banks and financial institutions, which are service providers for the Group, to ensure their creditworthiness. The Investment Committee establishes limits for aggregate credit exposure to banks and financial institutions. Such limits are subject to quarterly review. The Group maintains accounts with several banks to ensure the flexibility of its risk management policy implementation.

Maturity of financial instruments

	In the first	In the	In the third to the fifth	After the	Contractual	Carrying amount Year ended 31 December
'000 USD	year	second year	year	fifth year	amount	2007
Financial assets						
Cash at bank and in hand	17,554	-	-	-	17,554	17,554
Time deposits	409,538	-	-	-	409,538	409,538
Trade and other receivables	38,973	-	-	-	38,973	38,973
Loans issued	20,473	-	-	-	20,473	20,473
Total financial assets	486,538			-	486,538	486,538
Financial liabilities						
Trade and other payables	27,681	-	-	-	27,681	27,681
Loans	103,882	67,750	22,460	1,983	196,075	196,075
Total financial liabilities	131,563	67,750	22,460	1,983	223,756	223,756
Net financial position	354,975	(67,750)	(22,460)	(1,983)	262,782	262,782
'000 USD	In the first year	In the second year	In the third to the fifth year	After the fifth year	Contractual amount	Carrying amount Year ended 31 December 2006
Financial assets						
Cash at bank and in hand	18,314				18,314	18,314
Time deposits	295,086	-	-	-	295,086	295,086
Trade and other receivables	13,270	_	_		13,270	13,270
Loans issued	23,560	_	_	_	23,560	23,560
Total financial assets	350,230			-	350,230	350,230
Financial liabilities						
Trade and other payables	7,394	_	_	_	7,394	7,394
Loans	154,737	2.046	43,544		200,327	200,327
Total financial liabilities	162,131	2,046	43,544	-	200,327	200,527
Net financial position	188,099	(2,046)	(43,544)		142,509	142,509

The Group's management reviews the capital structure on a semi-annual basis. As part of this review, the management considers the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital.

Gearing ratio

0	31 December 2007 '000 USD	31 December 2006 '000 USD
Long and short term borrowings Cash and cash equivalents Net debt	196,075 (427,092) (231,017)	200,327 (313,400) (113,073)
Equity	2,770,050	1,261,721
Net debt to equity ratio	(8%)	(9%)

Currency risk – Currency risk is defined as the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates.

The Group minimizes, to the extent possible any disproportion between the currencies of its major income and expense items, and between its assets and liabilities.

Prior to 2007 the Group maintained the US dollar as the currency for most of its contracts with service providers, tenants, buyers and sellers of property, and debt instruments outstanding. By the end of 2007 most of the Group's contractors switched the terms of agreements to the Russian Rubles. This led to change in the functional currency of the Group from USD to RUR since 1 January 2008.

The Group does not hedge its currency risk.

Financial instruments by currency

'000 USD	USD	RUR	EUR	Total Year ended 31 December 2007
Financial assets				
Cash at bank and in hand	440	17,001	113	17,554
Time deposits	1,661	407,877	-	409,538
Trade and other receivables	16,469	22,504	-	38,973
Loans issued	-	20,473	-	20,473
Total financial assets	18,570	467,855	113	486,538
Financial liabilities				
Trade and other payables	3,260	24,421	-	27,681
Loans	194,092	1,983	-	196,075
Total financial liabilities	197,352	26,404	-	223,756
Net financial position	(178,782)	441,451	113	262,782

'000 USD	USD	RUR	EUR	Total Year ended 31 December 2006
Financial assets				
Cash at bank and in hand	516	17,777	21	18,314
Time deposits	-	295,086	-	295,086
Trade and other receivables	10,805	2,465	-	13,270
Loans issued	3,016	20,544	-	23,560
Total financial assets	14,337	335,872	21	350,230
Financial liabilities				
Trade and other payables	5,487	1,906	1	7,394
Loans	199,533	794	-	200,327
Total financial liabilities	205,020	2,700	1	207,721
Net financial position	(190,683)	333,172	20	142,509

Interest rate risk – Interest rate risk arises from the possibility that changes in interest rates will affect the value of the financial instruments.

All the Group's debt instruments outstanding as of 31 December 2007 are fixed rate. The Group plans to continue borrowing at a fixed rate in the future. For any future borrowing at variable interest rate the Group will consider the possibility of hedging its interest risk.

Funding (cash flow) risk – Funding (cash flow) risk is the risk that the Group will not be able to settle all liabilities as they fall due. The Group's liquidity position is carefully monitored and managed. The Group has established budgeting and cash flow planning procedures to ensure it has adequate cash available to meet its payment obligations in due course.

The Management controls these types of risks by means of maturity analysis, determining the Group's strategy for the next financial period. Current liquidity is managed by the Treasury Department, which deals in the financial markets for current liquidity support and cash flow management.

The Group recognizes the capital intensive nature and modest liquidity of real estate. Therefore, the Group uses its best efforts to fund a significant portion of future cash needs through long-term borrowings and to maintain a high proportion of equity financing. The Group also tries to partially finance the development of its residential projects by receiving advance payments under construction contracts.

Included in note below is a listing of additional undrawn facilities that the Group has at its disposal to further reduce liquidity risk. The tables have been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay. The table includes both interest and principal cash flows.

'000 USD	Weighted average effective interest rate	Less than one month	One to three months	Three months to one year	One to five years	After the fifth year	Carrying amount Year ended 31 December 2007
Financial liabilities							
Trade and other payables	-	4,279	9,075	14,327	-	-	27,681
Finance lease liability	13.0	33	65	311	2,243	10,098	12,750
Loans	10.3	882	-	103,000	90,210	1,983	196,075
Total financial liabilities		5,194	9,140	117,638	92,543	12,081	236,506
'000 USD	Weighted average effective interest rate	Less than one month	One to three months	Three months to one year	One to five years	After the fifth year	Carrying amount Year ended 31 December 2006
'000 USD Financial liabilities	average effective interest		three	months to			amount Year ended 31 December
	average effective interest		three	months to			amount Year ended 31 December
Financial liabilities	average effective interest	one month	three months	months to			amount Year ended 31 December 2006
Financial liabilities Trade and other payables	average effective interest rate	one month 5,862	three months	months to one year	years	fifth year	amount Year ended 31 December 2006 7,394

40. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial assets and liabilities

	31 December 2007 '000 USD	31 December 2006 '000 USD
Liquid assets	447,565	336,960
Trade and other receivables	38,973	13,270
Total financial assets	486,538	350,230
Trade and other payables	27,681	7,394
Financial liabilities – current	103,882	154,737
Financial liabilities – non current	92,193	45,590
Total financial liabilities	223,756	207,721
Net financial position	262,782	142,509

By category

	31 December 2007 '000 USD	31 December 2006 '000 USD
Loans and receivables	59,446	36,830
Available-for-sale assets	427,092	313,400
Total financial assets	486,538	350,230
Financial liabilities at amortized cost	223,756	207,721
Total financial liabilities	223,756	207,721
Net financial position	262,782	142,509

Management considers that the fair value of financial instruments held by the Group did not materially differ from their carrying amounts.